

Organization & Project Overview

Island Moving Company (IMC) is an internationally recognized, non-profit, professional, contemporary ballet company whose mission is to build the cultural, educational and economic vitality of Newport County, RI through dance creation, performance and education.

For 38 years, Island Moving Company (IMC) has been a creative catalyst and educational resource for residents of Newport County, and accessible to all Rhode Islanders. IMC's mainstage and site-specific productions serve as an important cultural asset for residents and a vital attraction for our tourism and community partners. Additionally, IMC provides deeply integrated arts-learning curriculum to Newport County schools, and also provides exposure to classical and contemporary forms of dance education, music and performance to over 5,000 of the county's students annually.

IMC's creative output and educational impact have been well documented in the community. We are committed to Newport County and are working toward a permanent home in Newport; a Regional Center for Dance & Education that can accommodate IMC's growing needs and meet the area's growing demand. Our new home will be located at 435 Broadway, in the heart of the community we serve.

Programs Overview

Bringing people together for shared experiences, and the healing and transformative power of great live dance and world-class dance education experiences is core to IMC's work. IMC has a history of creating responsive programing that offers our community access to live professional dance, but also to sources that are relevant to their well-being as well as ways to connect to each other.

The Newport Academy of Ballet (NAB) was founded by Miki Ohlsen forty-two years ago. NAB has been providing dance education of the highest quality to children and adults from all over Rhode Island. The academy was purchased by IMC in 2017 as part of the strategic plan to develop a permanent home and bring the school under the auspices of the professional, non-profit dance company.

With the Academy's strong emphasis on classical ballet, the school has provided countless hours of joy to those dancing for the sheer love of it and has trained many dancers who have gone on to professional careers. The school is committed to giving each student the best dance experience possible. Currently, NAB hosts forty-two (42) classes per week and operates from 9:00am until 8:00pm Mon-Fri and from 9:00am -2:00pm on Saturdays.

The need for IMC to Create a Regional Center for Dance & Education.

The former Triplett School on Broadway in Newport was identified as an ideal property that meets all of IMC's key criteria for furthering our mission and vision, settles IMC in the heart of the community we serve and represent, and relies on a financing structure that is within the means and resources of the Company. Furthermore, it will allow IMC to grow revenue streams that are limited by our current facilities.

IMC has entered into a three-agent arrangement – public, private, and non-profit; another example of IMC's culture of collaboration – to redevelop the Triplett School property. The facility has sat vacant since 2013. IMC and the City have agreed to a purchase price of \$900,000, and to the participation of a third, for-profit partner: real estate developer Teri Degnan.

The City Planning Board has approved a provisional master plan whereby IMC will transfer one-half of the property to Degnan for 45 percent of the total sale costs, who will develop four single family homes for sale, and IMC will erect a purpose-built structure on the remaining land.

IMC's project proposes to take an underutilized property on Broadway and develop a permanent home for the company – A Center for Dance and Education - that will also serve to improve the conditions of, and create access to the current land fronting Broadway, for the creation of public green space & amenities desired by residents and neighbors.

Community development goals of the project are to:

- **Improve** an underutilized property that currently is not maintained nor optimized to serve as a community asset
- **Create** a public green space/Pocket Park fronting Broadway with appropriate landscaping and amenities to offer refuge for neighbors' enjoyment/contemplation, linkage with community walking and bike paths, and provides additional plantings, adding to the beautification of the streetscape and contributing to improved livability of the neighborhood
- **Return vibrancy** to the Broadway Neighborhood by providing a new community gathering spot for neighbors, pet lovers, and visitors alike

State of the Art Facilities:

IMC's new home will:

- Achieve financial sustainability for IMC by generating more earned revenue
- Add cultural arts value in our community
- Attract and retain high-quality artistic staff and dancers for the company
- Create greater equity & community participation in the art and practice of dance
- Enable professional dancers and students to train in a state-of- the-art space
- Generate positive economic impact for the community & City of Newport
- Increase Newport's visibility as a cultural destination
- Meet growing demand by accommodating more students and classes
- **Provide increased access** to programs for underserved populations & neighbors
- Serve local arts groups needs for affordable rehearsal & performance rental space

The new facility will address a host of current limitations, including insufficient HVAC and parking, poor dressing facilities, and inadequate meeting, storage and studio spaces. It will allow IMC to provide amenities including concessions, ample restrooms and comfortable common areas for audience and parents of Academy parents. It will also have much-needed onsite storage, parking and will be universally accessible. **Current hours & days of operations will remain for the foreseeable future.** Public performances produced by IMC in the flex/theatre space are currently envisioned to include a total of 20 performances annually divided across 5 weekends-(2 in spring/2 in fall/1-in summer). IMC anticipates rentals of the space to account for @ 15 additional performances annually from groups such as Newport Children's Theatre & Newport Strings. **All evening performances would be concluded by 10:00pm**

Vision!

IMC's Center for Dance & Education will: provide.



IMC's Center for Dance & Education will also house the administrative, educational and production arms of the company. A breakout out of uses/spaces by function incudes:

Administrative Functions:

- Executive Office spaces for Artistic & Executive Directors
- Board & Conference meeting spaces
- Office spaces for Associate Artistic Director & Company Manager
- Administrative workspaces for Advancement, Finance, Marketing & Production teams
- Offices for School Director & Registrar
- Staff kitchen & breakroom
- Patron, ticketing, & FOH offices
- Reception & lobby spaces
- Public restrooms
- Administrative storage

Education Functions:

- Dance class & rehearsal studios (2 convert to Flex Theatre Space)
- Practice studio & rooms
- Multi-purpose/flex studio
- Video/Audio studio & storage
- School reception
- Student dressing rooms
- Student restrooms
- Company dressing, shower & restroom facilities
- Public restrooms
- Educational equipment storage

Production Functions:

- Flex Theatre Space
- Lobby & Ticketing window
- Production office & Control Booth
- Lighting & AV/Storage
- Dancers' chorus room
- Design & Wardrobe studio/offices
- Costume Storage
- Costume Laundry & repair
- Café/Concessions space & storage
- Public restrooms
- Lobby, gallery & pre-function space

The proposed facility has a footprint of approximately 8,600 square feet, and, including a second story and a partially finished basement, contains approximately 14,000 total square feet.



Conceptual Rendering looking from the southwest Broadway corner

APPLICATION FOR DIMENSIONAL VARIANCE AND A SPECIAL USE PERMIT

CITY OF NEWPORT, RI ZONING BOARD OF REVIEW

DATE: July 22, 2019

Board members:

The undersigned hereby petitions the Zoning Board of Review for a variance and a Special Use Permit in the application of the provisions or regulations of the Zoning Ordinance affecting the following described premises in the manner and on the grounds hereinafter set forth.

Location of premises

Street & No.: 435 Broadway/Princeton Street/Ledyard Street

Tax Assessor's Plat 6 Lot 11

Petitioner Information				
Applicant: Island Moving Company ("IMC")	Address c/o Turner C. Scott 122 Touro Street Newport, RI 02840			
Owner: City of Newport	Address same as applicant			

Lessee: N/A

Address same as applicant

Property Characteristics

Dimensions of lot-frontage varies **depth** varies see **area** ~79376 **sq. ft.** see site plans site plans

Zoning District in which premises is located R-10

How long have you owned above premises? At various times, most recently since 1991

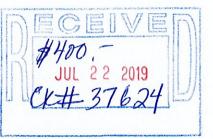
Are there buildings on the premises at present? Yes

Total square footage of the footprint of existing buildings: ~ 18,284 sq. ft. (23%)

Total square footage of the footprint of proposed buildings:

Lot 11 (41,939 s.f.)	\sim 8,444 sq. ft. School of
	Limited Instruction (20%)

Lot 11A (10,250 s.f.)	< 20%
Lot 11B (9,058 s.f.)	< 20%
Lot 11C (9,124 s.f.)	< 20%
Lot 11D (9,003 s.f.)	< 20%



Present use of premises: Defunct office building and defunct school building.

Proposed use of premises: Demolition of existing structures, in accordance with Planning Board approval received June 3, 2019, and subdivision of existing lot, in accordance with Planning Board approval received July 1, 2019, into five separate parcels; one school for limited instruction and four single-family residential lots. See attached subdivision plan.

All of the following information and questions must be filled in and answered completely.

	Existing	Required/Allowed	Proposed*
Lot Size (sq. ft.)	79,376	10,000	41,939 (Lot 11)
			10,250 (Lot 11A) 9,056 (Lot 11B) 9,124 (Lot 11C) 9,003 (Lot 11D)
Lot Coverage (%)	23%	20%	20% (Lot 11)
			< 20% (Lot 11A) < 20% (Lot 11B) < 20% (Lot 11C) < 20% (Lot 11D)
Dwelling Units	0	2	0 (Lot 11)
			1(Lot 11A) 1(Lot 11B) 1(Lot 11C) 1(Lot 11D)
Parking	>2	35	>35 (Lot 11)
		2 2 2 2 2	2 (Lot 11A) 2 (Lot 11B) 2 (Lot 11C) 2 (Lot 11D)
Front Setback	>15'	15'	97' (Lot 11)
			>15' (Lot 11A) >15' (Lot 11B) >15' (Lot 11C) >15' (Lot 11D)

Zoning Characteristics Matrix

Side Setbacks	<10 (North) >10 (South)	10'	10' (North)(Lot 11) 5' (South) (Lot 11)** >10' (Lot 11A) >10' (Lot 11B) >10' (Lot 11C) >10' (Lot 11D)
Rear Setback	>20	20'	65.6' (Lot 11) > 20' (Lot 11A) > 20' (Lot 11B) > 20' (Lot 11C) > 20' (Lot 11D)
Height	<30'	30'	<30' (All structures)

*Proposed calculations based on new subdivided lots

** 17.100.200A

What special conditions and circumstances exist which are peculiar to the land, structure or building involved and which are not applicable to other lands, structures or buildings in the same district?

The property as it currently exists at 435 Broadway is a conforming lot of record with more than 79,000 sq. ft. in the R-10 zone. The property fronts on Broadway, Princeton Street, and Ledyard Street, providing access and egress to support the approved subdivision and proposed improvements and uses outlined in this application.

The size and shape of the subject lot provides the requisite space for the proposed use and development with only minimum variances and relief necessary. The surrounding district is characterized by many multi-family residences on substandard lots, while the subject property and proposed subdivided lots will provide more square footage per parcel than is typical in this neighborhood.

Following the subdivision, Lot 11 will contain 41,939 sq. feet, maintain access to and from Broadway, and be the new site of IMC's school and dance studio. The shape and size of the lot offers sufficient space for the proposed improvements and required parking. While the City requires 35 parking spaces for the proposed School of Limited Instruction, the applicant's priority is to exceed the minimum requirement and support additional parking. In order to achieve parking lot navigability, fire code compliance, and safe student pick-up/drop-off, the proposed use for Lot 11 requires a reduced parking setback, from 10' to 5'. While the lot size and proposed coverage leave room for 35 parking spaces without a variance, the objective is to surpass the minimum parking requirements to alleviate any possible congestion. The proposed dance school and studio space, as well as the lot upon which they will sit, can easily meet the minimum requirements under the zoning ordinance. In an effort to maximize the proposed use benefits and eliminate any potential neighborhood disruption, the applicant seeks to modestly reduce the parking setback along the southern boundary and include more parking and increased parking lot maneuverability.

The four proposed residential lots, identified as Lots 11A, 11B, 11C, and 11D, will each contain more than 9,000 sq. ft. per parcel. Lot 11A will conform to the required lot size with 10, 250 sq. ft. Lots 11A, 11B, and 11C will have access to and from Princeton Street by way of a private lane. This lane, requiring a minor curb cut on Princeton Street, will result in the loss of only one on-street parking space in the neighborhood. These three lots will each acquire 14.66' of frontage on Princeton Street. Lot 11D will be accessible by Ledyard Street to the south, with egress onto Brooks Street Extension. This fourth residential lot will feature 41.07 feet of frontage. Each subdivided residential lot requires a minimum variance for frontage and Lots 11B, 11C, and 11D require a minimum variance for lot size; however, in all other respects these four lots will conform to the zoning code. In contrast to the surrounding neighborhood, Lots 11A, 11B, 11C, and 11D will have an average lot size of 9,367 sq. ft. The average size of abutting properties is 6,129 sq. ft.

The scheme of the improvements and new structures has been thoughtfully considered to be sympathetic to, coordinated with, and in architectural harmony with the surrounding neighborhood. The applicant seeks to provide cohesive, reinvigorated, and complimentary uses of the existing lot, which is in serious disrepair. The existing Lot 11 features the type of accessibility, square footage, and configuration to support the proposed uses and improvements. And, more specifically, the proposed subdivision will yield parcels that are either in conformance or as close to conformance with the zoning code as possible. Other properties in the surrounding R-10 district fail to conform in many areas to zoning requirements and minimums. 435 Broadway is unique in this district in size, shape, and accessibility, which makes it the ideal candidate parcel for the proposed dance studio space and single-family residences.

What provisions of the Comprehensive Land Use Plan are applicable to this project?

Land Use Element Goal LU-1 Economic Development Goal ED-1 Housing Element Goals H-1 and H-3 Community Service & Facilities Goal CFS-4 Open Space and Recreation Goal OSR-1 Transportation and Circulation Goal T-1 Historical and Cultural Resource Goal HC-3

What provisions or regulations of the Zoning Ordinance are applicable?

17.20.020 B	Use Regulations
17.20.030 A	Dimensional Requirements - Minimum Lot Area
17.20.030 B	Dimensional Requirements - Minimum Lot Width
17.100.200 A	Off-Street Parking Setback Requirements

Explain how the literal interpretation of this Zoning Code would deprive the applicant of rights commonly enjoyed by other property owners in the same district under the same provisions of this Zoning Code.

Parking Setback Variance - For the proposed School of Limited Instruction, the Zoning Ordinance requires that "all off-street parking and loading zone spaces must conform to the setback requirements for an accessory structure or accessory use for the district in which the project is located." A literal interpretation of this provision would hinder the applicant's efforts to provide more than the minimum required 35 parking spaces. Obtaining a minimal variance to reduce the setback from 10' to 5' is a small consequence of providing the additional parking spaces. The additional spaces, however, will achieve

a substantial benefit and alleviate any potential parking congestion.

Lot Size Variance - Three of the four residential lots will fall slightly below the required square footage for parcels in the district. Most other properties and owners in this district, however, enjoy considerably smaller lots, well below the 10,000 sq. ft required. Many of these properties are non-conforming in terms of lot coverage, lot size, and frontage. In contrast, the proposed Lots 11B, 11C, and 11D are close to 3,000 square feet larger than the average lot size of directly abutting properties. The applicant is motivated to develop the rear portion of the existing lot to enhance the neighborhood with single-family housing stock and the proposed development has undergone many iterations. This application reflects the most cohesive and complimentary orientation and development plan possible. Abutting parcels within 200 feet that satisfy the required lot size for this district are few and far between.

Lot Frontage Variance - Following diligent consideration of all available options for the proposed improvements and uses, IMC's dance school and studios are best located at the front of the existing parcel and the four single-family residences are more suitably placed toward the rear. The resulting configuration provides IMC with conforming frontage on Broadway, which will remain largely unchanged from the existing driveway. In order to access Lots 11A, 11B, and 11C, a small curb cut (one parking space's length) will be made on Princeton Street to reopen a former driveway. The three lots will share the frontage on Princeton Street with each single-family home obtaining 14.66 feet of frontage. These homes will each have their own individual parking areas and garages adjacent to the house and the improvements on the lots themselves will satisfy coverage, setback, height, and parking requirements under the Zoning Ordinance. Lot 11D will have access from Ledyard Street and to Brook Street Extension to the south and feature 41.07 feet of frontage.

Because the surrounding neighborhood contains many non-conforming lots, substandard frontage is a common element among parcels in the district. With concerted efforts to redevelop the existing lot and improve its affects on the neighborhood, depriving the applicant the variance for lot frontage will deprive it of a benefit enjoyed by many nearby property owners.

Explain why this is the minimum variance that will make possible the reasonable use of the land, building or structure.

Special conditions and circumstances exist which are particular to the land; a literal interpretation of the provisions would deprive the owner of rights commonly enjoyed by other owners in the same district; this is the minimum variance necessary that will make possible the reasonable use of the property; and there is no other reasonable alternative to the owner to enjoy this legally permitted use. All other "by right" uses which could utilize the area would require at least some variances from the Zoning Ordinance as the ordinance relates to lot size, coverage, setbacks, frontage, and parking. Granting the variance will not be injurious to the neighborhood and, instead, will be invigorating and beneficial to both neighboring properties and the City as a whole. The proposed variances for parking setback, lot frontage, and lot size are the minimum variances necessary to bring the existing parcel into pleasant conformance with the surrounding area and to accommodate the lot's unique features.

Because this project incorporates the needs for both demolition and subdivision, successful master plan applications have already been made to the Newport Planning Board. The applications were unanimously approved with a finding that the demolition and subdivision, as well as the proposed development, are in compliance with the City of Newport Comprehensive Plan.

State grounds for a Special Exception in this case.

Re-purposing and redeveloping the existing lot at 435 Broadway will include a use permitted by Special Use Permit in the district and residential use permitted by right. As the parcel exists today, hazardous conditions and deteriorating structures cast a pall on the neighboring homes. The proposed School for Limited Instruction and four single-family homes are reasonable uses for this property and can be made possible with a Special Use Permit and the requested minimum variances.

As this City-owned property continues to deteriorate, IMC seeks to serve a dual function by way of this application. In the first place, IMC aims to purchase this property and remove the hazardous structures located on the lot, thereby returning the property to contributing lot featuring a conscientiously-designed dance school and studio and subdividing the remaining land into four single-family residential lots. In a second capacity, IMC wishes to expand programming, community arts influence, and cultural resources in the City. In using the site of the former George H. Triplett School, IMC will make a use compatible with the property's historic use but at a less intense level. IMC's dance company and school is in need of increased space and modernized facilities to support its mission to bring contemporary dance to the City's residents, and the existing lot is in need of care and maintenance that this project proposes.

To the extent that the proposed use has been reviewed by the Planning Board, it has been met with approval and support. Given the goals contained in the Comprehensive Plan, IMC's proposed School of Limited Instruction is a use of precisely the character and quality that the City wishes to encourage.

The Zoning Board's Role

Special use permits shall be granted only where the zoning board of review finds that the proposed use or the proposed extension or alteration of an existing use is in accord with the public convenience and welfare, after taking into account, where appropriate:

1. The nature of the proposed site, including its size and shape and the proposed size, shape and arrangement of the structure;

2. The resulting traffic patterns and adequacy of proposed off-street parking and loading;

3. The nature of the surrounding area and the extent to which the proposed use or feature will be in harmony with the surrounding area;

4. The proximity of dwellings, churches, schools, public buildings and other places of public gathering;

5. The fire hazard resulting from the nature of the proposed buildings and uses and the proximity of existing buildings and uses;

6. All standards contained in this zoning code;

7. The comprehensive plan for the city.

The burden of proof in a special-use permit application is on the applicant. This means that if the applicant fails to present adequate competent evidence to prove the applicable standard for issuing a special-use permit has been met, the board must deny the application.

In granting a variance, the zoning board of review shall *require* that evidence of the following standards shall be entered into the record of the proceedings:

a. That the reasons set forth in the application justify the granting of the variance and that the

variance, if granted, is the <u>minimum variance</u> that will make possible the reasonable use of the land, building or structure;

b. That the variance will not be injurious to the neighborhood or otherwise detrimental to the public welfare, and will not impair the intent or purpose of the zoning code or the comprehensive plan upon which this zoning code is based;

c. That the hardship from which the applicant seeks relief is due to the unique characteristics of the subject land or structure and not to the general characteristics of the surrounding area; and is not due to a physical or economic disability of the applicant; and

d. That the hardship is not the result of any prior action of the applicant and does not result primarily from the desire of the applicant to realize greater financial gain.

e. That the hardship that will be suffered by the owner of the subject property if the dimensional variance is not granted shall amount to more than a mere inconvenience. The fact that a use may be more profitable or that a structure may be more valuable after the relief is granted shall not be grounds for relief;

By signing below, I hereby attest that the information provided is accurate and truthful. I also attest that I have read the section entitled "The Zoning Board's Role".

m

Applicant's Signature c/o Turner C. Scott 401-847-7500/862-5003

his

Owner's Signature c/o Turner C. Scott 401-847-7500/862-5003

S:\TScott\ZONING\supappl.224 - IMC 2.wpd

TRIPLETT SCHOOL REDEVELOPMENT 3/14/2019 NEIGHBORHOOD MEETING

PROJECT TEAM:

FRONT SITE REDEVELOPMENT: ISLAND MOVING COMPANY HEADQUARTERS

ISLAND MOVING COMPANY: ARTISTIC DIRECTOR MIKI OHLSEN

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR EDWARD MCPHERSON

ATTORNEY: TURNER C. SCOTT MILLER SCOTT HOLBROOK & JACKSON

ARCHITECT: ANDREA BARANYK, AIA, LEED PRINCIPAL, NORTHEAST COLLABORATIVE ARCHITECTS







REAR SITE REDEVELOPMENT: FOUR SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCES

DEVELOPER: TERI DEGNAN

ATTORNEY: PETER REGAN SAYER REGAN & THAYER LLP

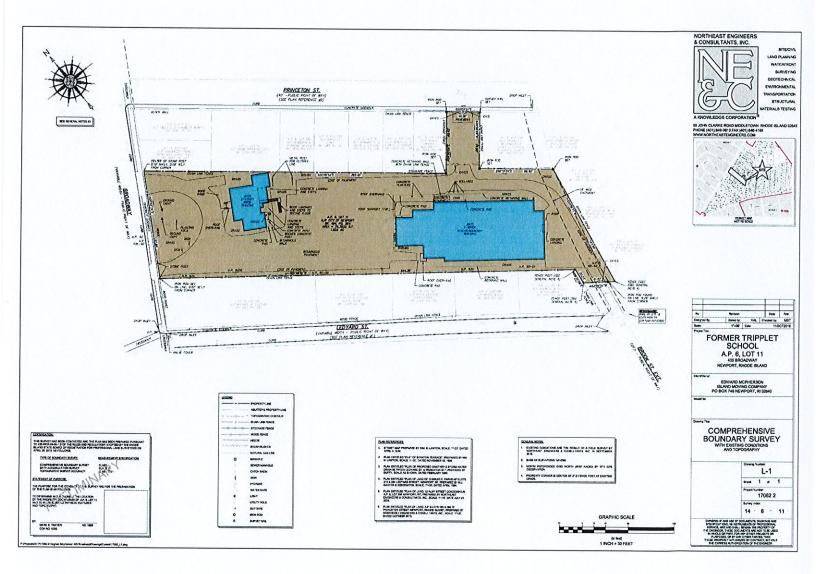
Sayer Regan Thayer, LLP

ARCHITECT: DANIEL HERCHENROETHER, AIA, LEED HERKWORKS ARCHITECTURE

INTERIOR ARCHITECT: JEFF MONIZ PARTNER, 2 HANDS STUDIO





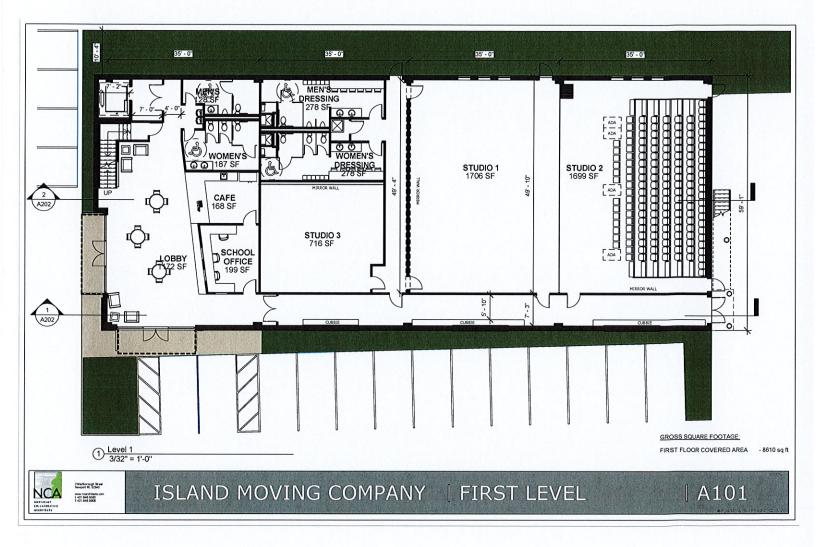


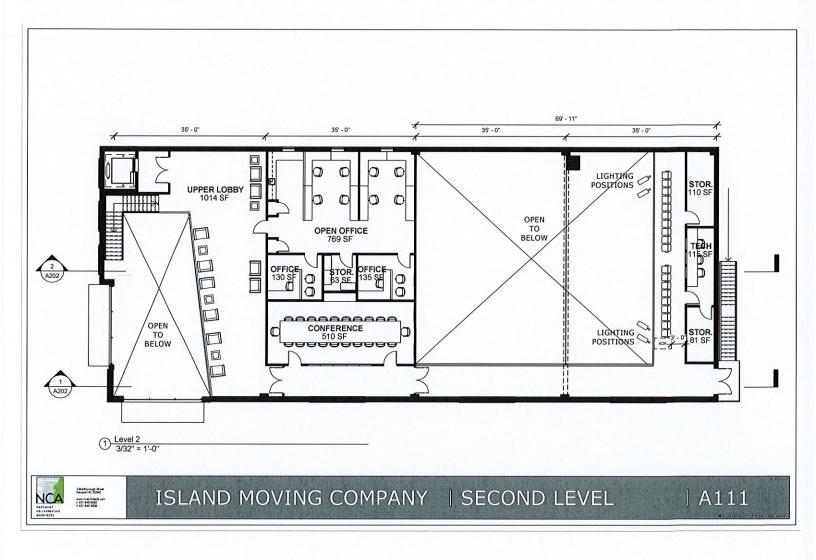


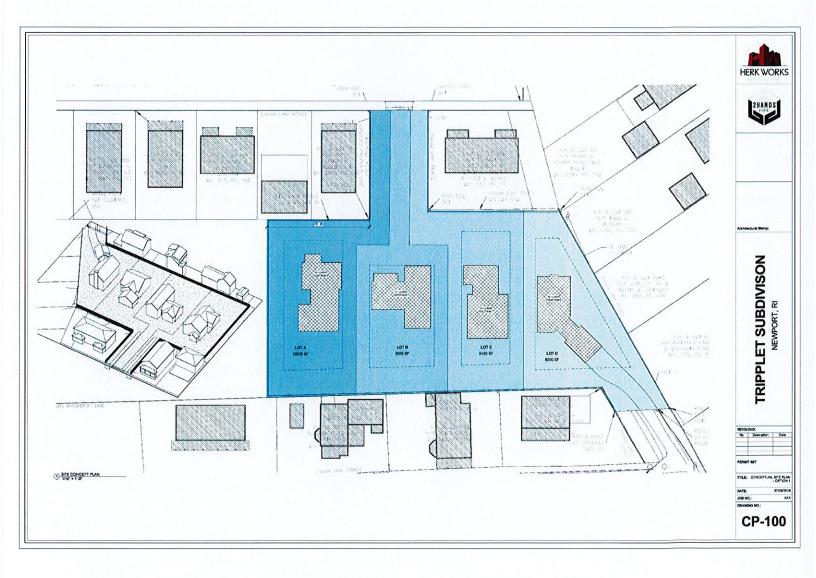
ISLAND MOVING COMPANY

3 DANCE STUDIOS DRESSING ROOMS/LOBBY CAFE/OFFICES 8,610 FOOTPRINT 35 OFF STREET PARKING SPACES REQUIRED









LOT SIZE & DENSITY SUMMARY

EXISTING	PROPOSED
AVG. LOT SIZE	PROPOSED AVG. LOT SIZE
6,219 Square feet	9,367 SQUARE FEET
AVG. UNITS PER LOT	PROPOSED UNITS PER LOT
2.27	1
AVG. DENSITY	PROPOSED AVG. DENSITY
1 UNIT FOR EVERY 3,791 SF	1 UNIT FOR EVERY 9,367 SF













City of Newport

Department of Zoning and Inspections 43 Broadway, Newport, RI 02840

Development Plan Review Application

Development Plan review is required for qualifying projects, as described in <u>Chapter 17.88 of the City of Newport Code</u> of Ordinances. The Applicant shall submit one digital and six (6) full-size paper copies of all required documents, as described in <u>Section 17.88.040</u>. Each applicant will be required to meet with the Department of Utilities prior to submittal of an application to determine submittal requirements to satisfy subsection 17.88.040(T). The City has standards which must be adhered to for stormwater control, in addition to state regulations. The City requires all stormwater to be treated on site, including on redeveloped land. This may reduce the developable area of your land. Substantial new construction will require the submittal of architectural plans and elevations.

The application shall not be processed until it is determined that all required documents have been submitted and all required fees have been paid. Development Plan Review is a prerequisite for a Building Permit. Construction shall be completed in accordance with the approved Development Plan Review. It is strongly suggested that all applicants request informal preliminary review to the City Planner prior to submittal of an application, let alone the commencement of serious design work by consultants.

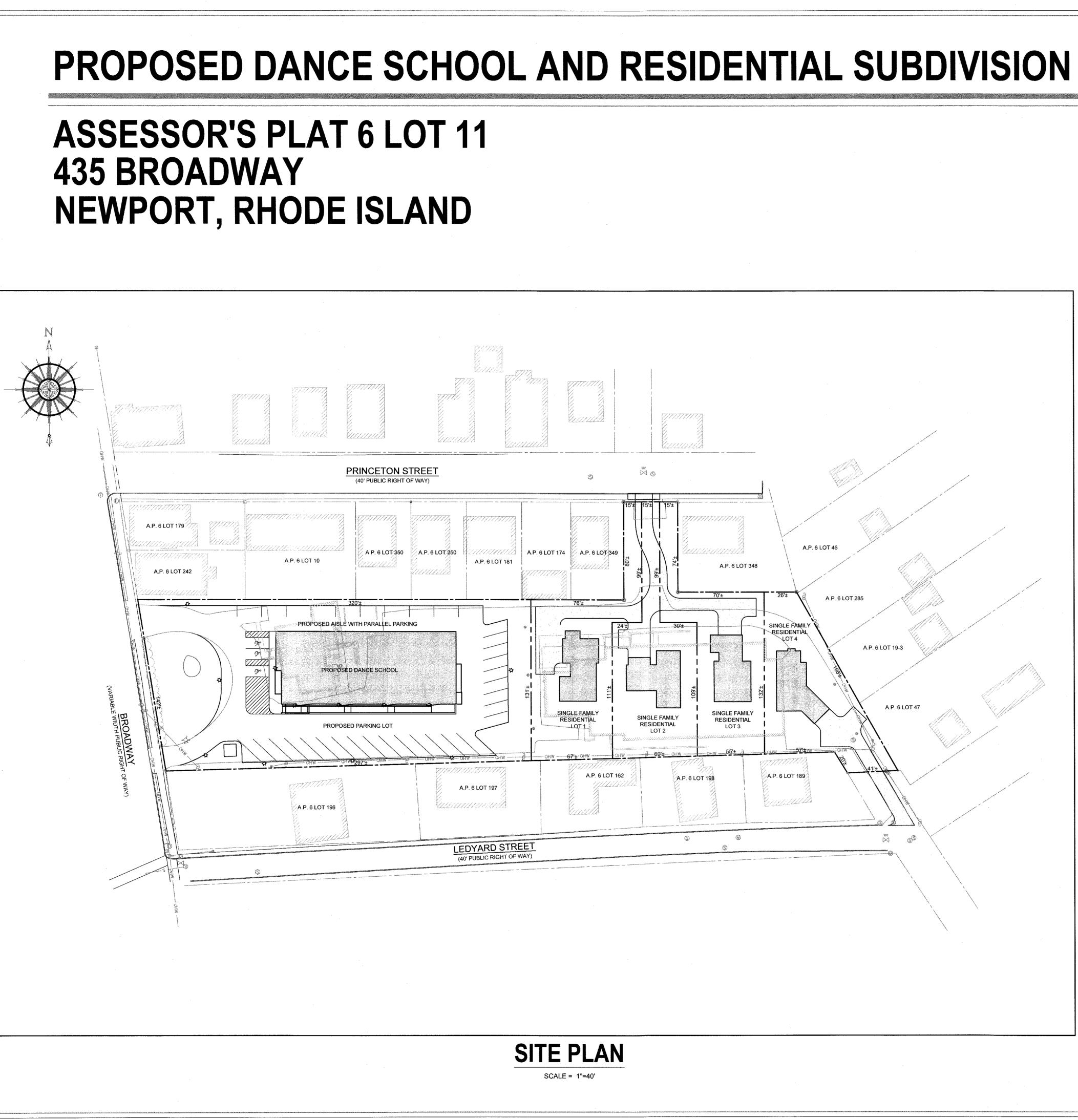
Subject Property Address on file with City Engineer	Tax Assessor's Plat and Lot
435 Broadway	6 , 11
# Street	Plat Lot
Property Owner's Contact Information Cify of Newport	43 Broadway Newport PI 02840
Name	Mailing Address
JNICHOLSON@ Cityo Newport. com	401 845 5430 Phone
Applicant's Contact Information (only complete if different) Francis J. Spine/la	135 Pelham Street Newport R2 02840
Name	Mailing Address
franke efjeltd.com	401 848 54 70
Email	Phone

Property owner's signature authorizing submission of this application and certifying under possible penalty of perjury under the laws of this jurisdiction that the preceding information is true and correct.

Signature of Property Owner

Revised 2019.10.11

Please provide contact information for any attorneys and/or design consultants retained. For properties with two owners, complete two forms. For developments on multiple properties, complete one form for each property owner.





TITLE SHEET NOTES

SUBMI AGENCY CITY OF CITY OF CITY OF CITY OF

CIVIL ENGINEER:

NORTHEAST ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS, INC.



JEREMY J. ROSA No. RORESSIONALENGINEER

ENGINEER CERTIFICATION

6 VALLEY ROAD MIDDLETOWN RI 02842 PHONE (401) 849-0810 FAX (401) 846-4169 WWW.NORTHEASTENGINEERS.COM

OWNER:

ISLAND MOVING COMPANY PO BOX 746 NEWPORT, RI 02840

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT:

VERDE DESIGN & HORTICULTURE 89 DR. MARCUS WHEATLAND BLVD NEWPORT, RI 02840

JULY 14, 2020 PERMIT SET

PLAN INDEX

SITE/CIVIL ENGINEERING PLANS

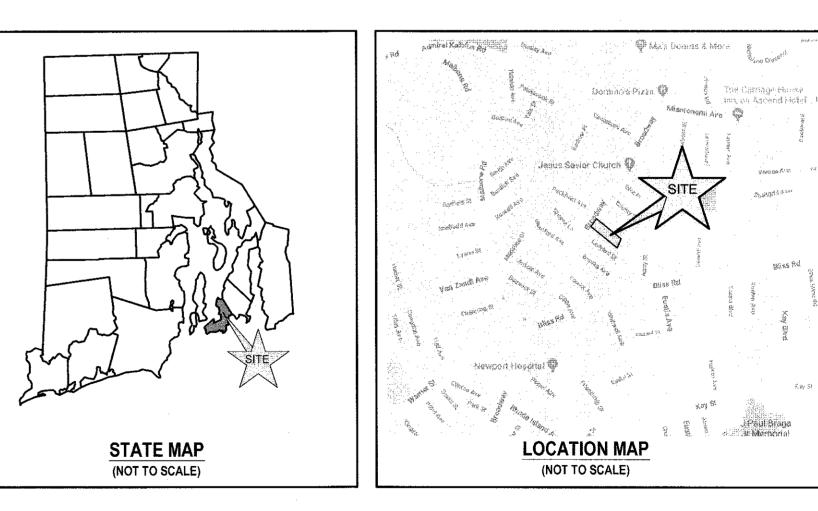
EXISTING CONDITIONS PROPOSED SUBDIVISION PLAN PROPOSED LAYOUT AND UTILITY PLAN PROPOSED GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN PROPOSED SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN PROPOSED DETAILS

PLANS BY OTHERS

LANDSCAPE PLAN

SHEET 1 SHEET 2 SHEET 3 SHEET 4 SHEET 5 SHEET 6 SHEET 7 **SHEETS 8-10**





Y OR REVISION	DATE:	COMMENTS:	
F NEWPORT	DEC 9, 2019	DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW	
F NEWPORT	FEB 4, 2020	DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW	
= NEWPORT	APR 24, 2020	DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW	
F NEWPORT	JUL 14, 2020	DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW	

GENERAL NOTES

- EXISTING CONDITIONS AND PROPERTY LINE INFORMATION TAKEN FROM PLAN ENTITLED "FORMER TRIPPLET SCHOOL, A.P. 6 LOT 11, 435 BROADWAY, NEWPORT, RI, COMPREHENSIVE BOUNDARY SURVEY WITH EXISTING CONDITIONS AND TOPOGRAPHY", DATED OCT. 15, 2018, A CLASS I PLAN OF SURVEY PREPARED BY NE&C.
- BASE OF ELEVATIONS: NAVD88.
- 3. PROPERTIES ARE ZONED R10 (HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL), ABUTTERS PROPERTIES ARE ZONED R10 (HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL).
- 4. NORTH REFERENCES GRID NORTH (RISP NAD83) BY RTK GPS OBSERVATION.
- 5. SOIL EVALUATION PERFORMED BY A LICENSED CLASS IV EVALUATOR ON AUGUST 16, 2019. SOIL INFORMATION SHOWN WAS TAKEN FROM THE USDA NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE SOIL SURVEY.
- 6. PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITH IN A FEMA ZONE "X" PER FEMA FIRM 44005C0093J, MAP EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 4, 2013.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE PROPOSED LAYOUT AND DETAILS WITH THEIR RELATIONSHIP TO THE EXISTING SITE SURVEY. CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, SITE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS AND SHALL NOTIFY THE OWNER AND ENGINEER OF ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS OR DISCREPANCIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK.
- THE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES KNOWN TO EXIST BY THE ENGINEER FROM HIS SEARCH OF RECORDS ARE INDICATED ON THE PLANS. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE LOCATIONS AND DEPTHS OF THE FACILITIES AND EXERCISE PROPER CARE IN EXCAVATING IN THE AREA. ALL DAMAGED PORTIONS SHALL BE REPLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE AFFECTED UTILITY COMPANY AND SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY. PERSONAL INJURY RESULTING FROM CONTACT WITH EXISTING UTILITIES SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY. WHEREVER CONNECTION OF NEW UTILITIES TO EXISTING UTILITIES ARE SHOWN ON THE PLANS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXPOSE THE EXISTING LINES AT THE PROPOSED CONNECTIONS TO VERIFY THEIR LOCATIONS AND DEPTHS PRIOR TO EXCAVATION FOR NEW LINES. (PLEASE CALL DIG SAFE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AT 1-888-DIG-SAFE AND ALL LOCAL UTILITY COMPANIES.)
- 9. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ALL AGENCIES TO VERIFY THE ACTUAL LOCATIONS OF ALL UTILITIES IN THE PROJECT AREA PRIOR TO EXCAVATING.
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RESTORE TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION OR BETTER, ALL IMPROVEMENTS DAMAGED AS A RESULT OF THE CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING PAVEMENTS, EMBANKMENTS, CURBS, SIGNS, LANDSCAPING, STRUCTURES, UTILITIES, WALLS, FENCES, ETC. UNLESS PROVIDED FOR SPECIFICALLY IN THE PROPOSAL
- 11. CONTRACTOR SHALL EXERCISE EXTREME CAUTION TO PRESERVE STREET MONUMENTS.
- 12. STREET MONUMENTS THAT ARE DISTURBED SHALL BE RESTORED UNDER THE LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR'S DIRECTION. ANY NEW DATA SUCH AS ELEVATIONS SHALL BE CERTIFIED BY THE SURVEYOR, AND SUBMITTED TO THE TOWN OF MIDDLETOWN OR THE CITY OF NEWPORT AS APPROPRIATE.
- 13. DEVIATIONS OR CHANGES FROM THESE PLANS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED UNLESS APPROVED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER, APPROPRIATE AGENCY AND
- 14. RELOCATION OF ANY UTILITIES SHALL BE AT THE OWNERS EXPENSE AND BE COMPLETED WITH THE UTILITY WORK. THE OWNER SHALL BE NOTIFIED AS TO THE RELOCATION REQUIRED PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION. 15. AN APPROVED SET OF PLANS AND ALL APPLICABLE PERMITS MUST BE AVAILABLE AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE AT ALL TIMES.
- 16. CONTRACTOR AGREES THAT HE/SHE SHALL ASSUME SOLE AND COMPLETE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB SITE CONDITIONS DURING THE COURSE OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY; THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL APPLY CONTINUOUSLY AND NOT TO BE LIMITED TO NORMAL WORKING HOURS; AND THAT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY AND HOLD THE OWNER AND THE ENGINEERS HARMLESS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, REAL AND ALLEGED, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF WORK ON THIS PROJECT, EXCEPTING FOR LIABILITY ARISING FROM "THE SOLE NEGLIGENCE OF THE OWNER OR PROJECT ENGINEER."
- 17. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL SHALL CONFORM TO THE MANUAL FOR UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LATEST EDITION INCLUDING ALL REVISIONS.
- 18. THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT DOES NOT LIE IN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING AREAS:
 - NATURAL HERITAGE AREAS (RIDEM) SPECIAL AREA MANAGEMENT PLAN (CRMC)
 - GROUNDWATER AQUIFERS, STATE DESIGNATED "GROUNDWATER RESERVOIRS", RECHARGE AREAS, OR WELLHEAD PROTECTION AREAS - STATE, REGIONAL OR LOCAL GREENWAYS, OR GREENSPACE PRIORITIES
- ALL WORK WITHIN THE CITY RIGHT OF WAYS WILL CONFORM TO THE CITY OF NEWPORT SPECIFICATIONS.

GRADING NOTES

- ADEQUATE PROVISIONS SHALL BE MADE TO PREVENT SURFACE WATERS FROM DAMAGING THE CUT FACE OF AN EXCAVATION OR THE SLOPED SURFACES OF A FILL. FURTHERMORE, ADEQUATE PROVISIONS SHALL BE MADE TO PREVENT SEDIMENT RUNOFF FROM LEAVING THE SITE.
- ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL BE SODDED OR PLANTED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE GRUBBING WORK HAS BEEN COMPLETED.
- 3. THE CITY SHALL BE INFORMED OF THE LOCATION OF THE DISPOSAL SITE, IF ANY, FOR THE PROJECT.
- 4. NO GRADING WORK SHALL BE DONE ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS AT ANY TIME WITHOUT PRIOR NOTICE TO THE MUNICIPALITY, PROVIDED SUCH GRADING WORK IS ALSO IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE COMMUNITY NOISE CONTROL STANDARDS.
- 5. THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHALL BE FLAGGED BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE GRADING WORK.
- 6. ALL GRADING OPERATIONS SHALL BE PERFORMED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND THE MUNICIPALITY
- 7. WHERE APPLICABLE AND FEASIBLE THE MEASURES TO CONTROL EROSION AND OTHER POLLUTANTS SHALL BE IN PLACE BEFORE GRADING WORK IS INITIATED.
- 8. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROLS SHALL NOT BE REMOVED BEFORE PERMANENT EROSION CONTROLS ARE IN-PLACE AND ESTABLISHED.
- 9. IF THE GRADING WORK INVOLVES CONTAMINATED SOIL, THEN ALL GRADING WORK SHALL BE DONE IN CONFORMANCE WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS. 10. NONCOMPLIANCE TO ANY OF THE ABOVE REQUIREMENTS SHALL MEAN IMMEDIATE SUSPENSION OF ALL WORK, AND REMEDIAL WORK SHALL COMMENCE IMMEDIATELY. ALL COSTS INCURRED SHALL BE BILLED TO THE VIOLATOR. FURTHERMORE, VIOLATORS SHALL BE SUBJECTED TO ADMINISTRATIVE, CIVIL

UTILITY NOTES

AND/OR CRIMINAL PENALTIES

- 1. THE LOCATIONS OF PROPOSED ELECTRICAL CONNECTION TO THE EXISTING OVERHEAD LINES RUNNING ALONG THE SOUTH PROPERTY LINE ARE PRELIMINARY, FINAL DESIGN OF THE ELECTRICAL SERVICE IS SUBJECT TO DESIGN REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF NATIONAL GRID.
- 2. THE EXISTING WATER SERVICE SHALL BE RE-USED FOR THE PROPOSED SCHOOL WITH PERMISSION FROM THE NEWPORT WATER DEPARTMENT, ALL NEW CONNECTIONS FOR THE RESIDENCES WILL REQUIRE WATER SERVICE APPLICATIONS TO THE NEWPORT DPU.
- 3. NEW ELECTRIC, TELEPHONE AND CABLE SERVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED UNDERGROUND.
- 4. THE EXISTING SEWER SERVICE SHALL BE RE-USED FOR THE DANCE STUDIO WITH PERMISSION FROM THE CITY OF NEWPORT DEPARTMENT OF UTILITIES. ALL NEW CONNECTIONS WILL REQUIRE SEWER SERVICE APPLICATIONS TO THE NEWPORT DPU.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL ASSUMPTIONS, DEDUCTIONS, OR CONCLUSIONS HE/SHE MAY MAKE OR DERIVE FROM THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION OR DATA FURNISHED ON THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MUST SATISFY HIMSELF/HERSELF THROUGH HIS/HER OWN INVESTIGATIONS AS TO WHAT SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS ARE TO BE ENCOUNTERED.
- 6. IF THE CONTRACTOR ELECTS NOT TO EXPOSE AND VERIFY ALL EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AT CROSSINGS PRIOR TO PIPELINE EXCAVATION, HE/SHE FORFEITS HIS/HER RIGHTS FOR ANY CLAIMS FOR COMPENSATION CAUSED BY ANY CONFLICTS WITH EXISTING UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROPER DISPOSAL OF ALL EFFLUENT ASSOCIATED WITH THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY AND THE DISINFECTION AND HYDROTESTING OPERATIONS TO SAFEGUARD PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH REQUIREMENTS. ALL PERMITS AND LICENSES FOR CONSTRUCTION WATER DISPOSAL, INCLUDING ALL APPLICATIONS, CHARGES, FEES, AND TAXES, ARE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

DRAINAGE NOTES

- 1. ALL DRAIN PIPES ON SITE SHALL BE ADS-N12 TYPE IB OR SCH40 PVC UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THIS PLAN
- 2. ALL DRAIN MANHOLES AND DRAIN INLETS SHALL BE ADS NYLOPLAST DRAIN BASINS
- 3. DANCE STUDIO ROOFTOP SHALL BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED INTO THE PROPOSED UNDERGROUND INFILTRATION DRAINAGE PIPING SYSTEM AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THESE CONNECTIONS SHALL HAVE OVERFLOWS TO GRADE PER DETAILS PROVIDED.
- 4. INDIVIDUAL RESIDENCE ROOFS SHALL BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED INTO THE PROPOSED UNDERGROUND INFILTRATION DRAINAGE PIPING SYSTEMS AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THESE CONNECTIONS SHALL HAVE OVERFLOWS TO GRADE PER DETAILS PROVIDED,

PUBLIC HEALTH SAFETY AND CONVENIENCE NOTES

- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBSERVE AND COMPLY WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL LAWS REQUIRED FOR THE PROTECTION OF PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR AT HIS/HER EXPENSE, SHALL KEEP THE PROJECT AREA AND SURROUNDING AREA FREE FROM RUBBISH, DUST, NOISE, EROSION, ETC. THE WORK SHALL BE DONE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE AIR AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS OF ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL AGENCIES ..
- 3. NO CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM ANY CONSTRUCTION OPERATION SO AS TO CAUSE FALLING ROCKS. SILT OR DEBRIS IN ANY FORM TO FALL. SLIDE OR FLOW ONTO ADJOINING PROPERTIES, STREETS OR NATURAL WATERCOURSES. SHOULD SUCH VIOLATIONS OCCUR, THE CONTRACTOR MAY BE CITED AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY MAKE ALL REMEDIAL ACTIONS AS NECESSARY.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE, INSTALL AND MAINTAIN ALL NECESSARY SIGNS, LIGHTS, FLARES, BARRICADES, MARKERS, CONES, AND OTHER PROTECTIVE FACILITIES AND SHALL TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS FOR THE PROTECTION, CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY OF THE PUBLIC.

SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1. CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:

A. DO NOT BEGIN CONSTRUCTION UNTIL ALL LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL PERMITS HAVE BEEN APPLIED FOR AND RECEIVED.

B. ALL CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES SHALL ENTER AND LEAVE THE SITE VIA ONE OF THE PAVED ACCESS POINTS. SHOULD THIS NO LONGER BE POSSIBLE AT ANY POINT DURING CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT A SUPPLEMENTAL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE CONFORMING TO THE DETAIL PROVIDED.

C. INSTALL SILT SACKS AND STRAW WATTLE AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS TO CONTROL EROSION AND PREVENT SEDIMENT CONTAMINATION OF DOWNSTREAM AREAS PRIOR TO ANY EARTH MOVING ACTIVITIES.

D. CONTRACTOR TO LOCATE EXISTING SEWER AND WATER SERVICES TO EXISTING STRUCTURES. SERVICES SHALL BE DISCONNECTED AND MARKED IN THE FIELD FOR POTENTIAL LATER USE. E. DEMOLISH EXISTING STRUCTURES, WALLS, AND EXISTING PAVEMENT WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE PAVED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. REMOVE AND

DISPOSE OF ALL MATERIAL AT A LICENSED OFF-SITE FACILITY. F. REMOVE VEGETATION ONLY WHERE NECESSARY. ANY STUMPS TO BE GROUND OR DISPOSED OF OFF SITE.

G. EXCAVATE SAND FILTER AREA IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND ESTABLISH A TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE GROWTH THAT MEETS THE APPROVAL OF THE CITY ENGINEER. THIS DEPRESSION SHALL BE USED AS A DEWATERING AREA SHOULD ONE BE REQUIRED DURING CONSTRUCTION.

H. ROUGH GRADE SITE AND DANCE STUDIO BUILDING PAD PER GRADING PLAN.

CONSTRUCT DANCE SCHOOL. INSTALL DRAINAGE SYSTEM AND CONVEYANCE.

J. FINAL GRADE SITE AND INSTALL BINDER PAVEMENT COURSE. INSTALL CURBING PER DETAIL PROVIDED.

K. REMOVE SEDIMENTS FROM SAND FILTER EXCAVATION, EXCAVATE AND INSTALL LINER, UNDERDRAIN, AND SAND MEDIA. COMPLETE SAND FILTER CONSTRUCTION

L. EXCAVATE FOR AND INSTALL INFILTRATION SYSTEM. OVERDIG AND BACKFILL WITH WASHED 3/4 CRUSHED STONE IF COMPACTION HAS OCCURRED DURING

CONSTRUCTION. ENSURE THAT ROOFTOP DRAINAGE SYSTEM FUNCTIONS AS NOTED ON DRAINAGE PLAN.

M. TOP PAVEMENT COURSE AND MAINTAIN SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAINTENANCE NOTES.

N. RESIDENTIAL LOT CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE COMPLETED PER SCHEDULE PROVIDED ON INDIVIDUAL PERMITTING SETS

2. NOTES

A. DURING CONSTRUCTION AND THEREAFTER, EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE TO BE IMPLEMENTED AS NOTED. ONLY THE SMALLEST PRACTICAL AREA OF LAND SHOULD BE EXPOSED AT ANY ONE TIME DURING DEVELOPMENT. WHEN LAND IS EXPOSED DURING DEVELOPMENT, THE EXPOSURE SHOULD BE KEPT TO THE SHORTEST PRACTICAL PERIOD OF TIME.

B. AREA OF PROPOSED INFILTRATION SYSTEM SHALL NOT BE USED FOR STOCKPILES OR STORAGE OF MATERIALS OR EQUIPMENT.

C. ANY DISTURBED AREAS WHICH ARE TO BE LEFT TEMPORARILY AND WHICH WILL BE REGRADED LATER DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEMPORARY MEASURES IN THE VEGETATIVE PRACTICE NOTES. D. AREAS TO BE FILLED SHALL BE CLEARED, GRUBBED, AND STRIPPED OF TOP SOIL TO REMOVE VEGETATION, ROOTS, AND ANY OTHER OBJECTIONABLE

MATERIAL E. ALL FILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% MAX. DENSITY TO REDUCE EROSION, SLIPPAGE, SETTLEMENT SUBSIDENCE, OR OTHER RELATED PROBLEMS

F. FILL INTENDED TO SUPPORT BUILDING STRUCTURES AND CONDUITS, ETC., SHALL BE COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL CODES AND SPECIFICATIONS

G. ALL FILL SHALL BE PLACED AND COMPACTED TO 95% MAX. DENSITY IN LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED 12" IN THICKNESS FILLS.

H. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE FREE OF BRUSH, RUBBISH, ROCKS, LOGS, STUMPS, BUILDING DEBRIS, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIALS THAT WOULD INTERFERE WITH OR PREVENT CONSTRUCTION OF SATISFACTORY FILLS.

I. FROZEN, SOFT, MUCKY, OR HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE MATERIAL SHALL NOT BE INCORPORATED INTO FILLS.

J. FILL SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON A FROZEN FOUNDATION SUBGRADE.

K. SEEPS OR SPRINGS ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE DESIGN ENGINEER.

L. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 14 DAYS OF FINISH GRADING IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE VEGETATIVE PRACTICE NOTES.

M. REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ONCE UPSLOPE AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AND VEGETATED AREAS HAVE RECEIVED TWO MOWINGS.

3. VEGETATIVE PRACTICE:

PERMANENT MEASURES:

A. SLOPES SHALL NOT BE STEEPER THAN 1 VERTICAL TO 3 HORIZONTAL UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

B. LOAM AND SEED REQUIREMENTS ARE SPECIFIED IN RIDOT L.01 & L.02. C. A MINIMUM OF 4 INCHES OF LOAM SHALL BE INSTALLED. THE LOAM SHALL BE GRADED TO A SMOOTH CONDITION AND STONES AND OTHER OBJECTS LARGER THAN 2 INCHES SHALL BE REMOVED.

TEMPORARY MEASURES (FOR TEMPORARY PROTECTION OF DISTURBED AREAS)

LIMESTONE AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE FOLLOWING RATE:

D.1. LIMESTONE: 3 TONS/ACRE D.2. FERTILIZER: (10-10-10); 600 LBS/ACRE E. SEED SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE FOLLOWING RATE:

E.1. WINTER RYE: 100 | B/ACRE F. STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 1.5 TONS/ACRE.

4. MAINTENANCE

DURING THE PERIOD OF CONSTRUCTION AND/OR UNTIL LONG TERM VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED, THE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED. A. AT A MINIMUM THE STRAW WATTLE EROSION CONTROL BARRIERS SHALL BE INSPECTED AND REPAIRED ONCE A WEEK AND / OR IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING A SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL OR SNOWMELT. SEDIMENT TRAPPED BEHIND THE BARRIERS SHALL BE EXCAVATED WHEN IT REACHES A DEPTH OF 6" AND REGRADED ON THE SITE.

B. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS SHALL BE INSPECTED ON A WEEKLY BASIS.

C. SILT SACKS SHALL BE INSPECTED AND REPAIRED ONCE A WEEK AND / OR IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING A SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL OR SNOWMELT, DURING HEAVY RAIN EVENT, IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO TEMPORARILY REMOVE SACKS IN ORDER TO PREVENT FLOODING. SEDIMENT TRAPPED WITHIN SACKS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFF SITE AT A LICENSED FACILITY OR REGRADED ON THE SITE.

D. STONE RIPRAP SHALL BE INSPECTED MONTHLY FOR EXCESSIVE ACCUMULATION OF SEDIMENT. IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO REMOVE STONES, EXCAVATE SEDIMENT, AND REPLACE STONES.

E. IF INSTALLED, THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE REMOVED PRIOR TO PAVING. DURING CONSTRUCTION THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY, AND RE-ESTABLISHED AS NECESSARY.

F. SEEDED AREAS WILL BE FERTILIZED AND RESERVED AS NECESSARY TO INSURE ESTABLISHMENT OF A VEGETATIVE GROWTH THAT MEETS THE APPROVAL OF THE CITY ENGINEER.

STORMWATER MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. UNDERGROUND CHAMBER MAINTENANCE: a GENERAL INSPECTIONS SHOULD BE CONDUCTED AT LEAST ANNUALLY AND AFTER STORM EVENTS GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE 1-YEAR, 24-HOUR TYPE III PRECIPITATION EVENT (2.8 INCHES). THE MAINTENANCE OBJECTIVES FOR THESE PRACTICES INCLUDE PRESERVING THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE BASIN. THESE INSPECTIONS TO INCLUDE:

I. SUBSURFACE INFILTRATION CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSPECTED VIA INSPECTION PORTS OR MANHOLES TO GRADE ANNUALLY FOR THE PRESENCE OF SEDIMENTS, OR EVERY SIX (6) MONTHS FOR THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION. SHOULD THE AVERAGE DEPTH OF SEDIMENT EXCEED 3 INCHES WITHIN THE INLET CHAMBER, CLEAN OUT SHOULD BE PERFORMED. THIS SHOULD BE ACCOMPLISHED BY VACUUM TRUCK.

ii. STORMWATER INLETS STRUCTURES SHALL BE INSPECTED ON A YEARLY BASIS. SHOULD ACCUMULATED SEDIMENTS AND DEBRIS EXCEED 50% OF THE STRUCTURE SUMPS, MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF OFF SITE AT A LICENSED FACILITY. STRUCTURAL FAULTS SHALL BE REPAIRED AND GRATES INSPECTED FOR BLOCKAGE.

2. SAND FILTER MAINTENANCE

- CONSTRUCTION TO STABILIZE SLOPES AND PREVENT EROSION.
- c. THE FOLLOWING SHALL ALSO BE COMPLETED ON AN ANNUAL BASIS:
- i. THE SLOPES OF THE FILTER SHOULD BE INSPECTED FOR EROSION AND GULLYING. ii. REINFORCE ANY EXISTING RIPRAP IF IT IS FOUND TO BE DEFICIENT, EROSION IS PRESENT AT THE OUTLET STRUCTURES, OR ANY EXISTING RIPRAP HAS BEEN COMPROMISED.
- UNDERDRAIN AND OUTLET PIPE SHALL BE CLEAN AND FREE OF MATERIALS THAT CAN REDUCE FLOW
- BURROWING ANIMALS
- WITH ALL APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.
- 3. CONVEYANCE STRUCTURE MAINTENANCE:
- PROPER FUNCTION OF THE STRUCTURE.

C ROOF RUNOFF STRUCTURES SUCH AS GUTTERS AND DOWNSPOUTS SHOULD BE CLEAN AND FREE OF OBSTRUCTIONS THAT REDUCE FLOW. A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER SHOULD BE CONSULTED IF NECESSARY TO DETERMINE WHETHER A STRUCTURE HAS BEEN COMPROMISED.

5. MAINTENANCE OF THE STORMWATER SYSTEM DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

ASPHALT PAVEMENT

ASSESSOR'S PLAT

BOTTOM OF CURB

CORRUGATED METAL PIPE

CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT

CLEAN OUT TO GRADE

AD.JACENT

ARCHITECT

CLEARANCE

CONCRETE

CUBIC FOOT

DRAIN INLET

DRAIN MANHOLE DROP PIPE

ELECTRIC MANHOLE

EDGE OF PAVEMENT

FINISH FLOOR ELEVATION

DOWN SPOUT

DEMOLISH

DIAMETER

DRAWING

ELECTRIC

EQUAL

FEET

GAS

JOINT LENGTH LANDSCAPE

GALLON GATE VALVE INVERT

EXISTING

EXPANSION

FINISHED GRADE

FIRE HYDRANT

NOT TO SCALE

MAXIMUM

MECHANICAL MINIMUM

PAVEMENT

RECONNECT

RIGHT OF WAY

SLOPE, SEWER SQUARE FEET

SEWER MANHOLE

TOP OF SURFACE

WELDED WIRE MESH

UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE

RADIUS

SHEET

STATION

TYPICAL

WATER

WITH

STRUCTURAL

TOP OF CURB

POLYVYNILCHLORIDE

REINFORCED CONCRETE

RHODE ISLAND HIGHWAY BOUND

RHODE ISLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FI EVATION

CONNECT

ACCESSIBLE

BORING HOLE BITUMINOUS

6. UPON COMPLETION OF THE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE OF THE STORMWATER SYSTEM SHALL BECOME THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNERS

ABBREVIATIONS



a. GRASSES AND/OR SPECIFIED VEGETATION SHALL BE PLANTED AROUND AND WITHIN THE SAND FILTER IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING

b. THE FILTER SHOULD BE INSPECTED FOLLOWING AT LEAST THE FIRST TWO PRECIPITATION EVENTS OF AT LEAST 1.0 INCH TO ENSURE THAT THE SYSTEM IS FUNCTIONING PROPERLY. THEREAFTER, THE FILTER SHOULD BE INSPECTED AT LEAST ANNUALLY AND AFTER STORM EVENTS OF GREATER THAN OR EQUAL THE 1-YEAR, 24-HOUR TYPE III PRECIPITATION EVENT (2.8 INCHES). SEDIMENTS COLLECTED WITHIN THE TOP STRATA OF THE FILTER SHALL BE GRASSES AND/OR SPECIFIED VEGETATION SHALL BE PLANTED AROUND AND WITHIN THE SAND FILTER IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION TO STABILIZE SLOPES AND PREVENT EROSION.

III. THE UNDERDRAIN RISER OR OVERFLOW OUTLET STRUCTURE SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR LEAKY JOINTS OR CRUSHED LINES.

IV. ANY AREAS WITHIN THE EXTENTS OF THE FILTER THAT ARE SUBJECT TO EROSION OR GULLYING SHOULD BE REPLENISHED WITH THE ORIGINAL DESIGN MATERIAL AND RE-VEGETATED ACCORDING TO DESIGN DRAWINGS. SLOPE PROTECTION MATERIAL SHOULD BE PLACED IN AREAS PRONE TO EROSION. EMBANKMENT STABILITY SHOULD BE INSPECTED FOR SEEPAGE AND

V MOW THE GRASS AROUND THE PERIMETER OF AND WITHIN THE FUITER SEED BARE AREAS, AND REMOVE LITTER AND DEBRIS AT LEAST THREE TIMES PER GROWING SEASON TO MAINTAIN MAXIMUM GRASS HEIGHTS LESS THAN TWELVE INCHES. REMOVE ANY INVASIVE VEGETATION WITHIN THE EXTENTS OF THE FILTER. ANY INVASIVE VEGETATION ENCROACHING UPON THE PERIMETER OF THE FILTER SHOULD BE PRUNED OR REMOVED IF IT IS PROHIBITING ACCESS TO THE FILTERS, COMPROMISING SIGHT VISIBILITY, AND/OR COMPROMISING THE ORIGINAL DESIGN INTENT. IF DEAD OR DYING GRASS ON THE BOTTOM IS OBSERVED, CHECK TO ENSURE THAT WATER INFILTRATES WITHIN TWO DAYS FOLLOWING STORMS.

vi. SILT/SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM THE FILTER BED ANNUALLY, WHEN ACCUMULATION EXCEEDS 1 INCH, OR WHEN THE FILTERING CAPACITY DIMINISHES SUBSTANTIALLY. IF STANDING WATER IS OBSERVED MORE THAN 48 HOURS AFTER A STORM EVENT, THEN THE TOP 6 INCHES OF SAND SHOULD BE REMOVED AND REPLACED. IF DISCOLORED OR CONTAMINATED MATERIAL IS FOUND BELOW THIS REMOVED SURFACE THEN THAT MATERIAL SHOULD ALSO BE REMOVED AND REPLACED UNTIL ALL CONTAMINATED SAND HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM THE FILTER MEDIA. THE SAND SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE

a. ALL INLET / OUTFLOW PIPES ARE TO BE INSPECTED AT LEAST THREE TIMES IN THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF OPERATION. EVIDENCE OF CLOGGING, OR RAPID RELEASE OF FLOW SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE PROJECT ENGINEER AND REMEDIED IMMEDIATELY.

b. CONVEYANCE PIPES SHOULD BE INSPECTED BIANNUALLY. ANY STRUCTURAL FAULTS SHOULD BE REPAIRED AS NECESSARY FOR

NORTHEAST ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS, INC

SITE/CIVIL

LAND PLANNING

WATERFRONT

GEOTECHNICAL

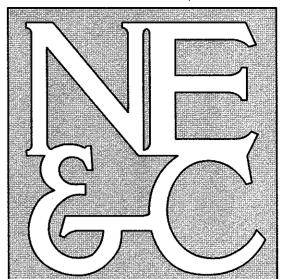
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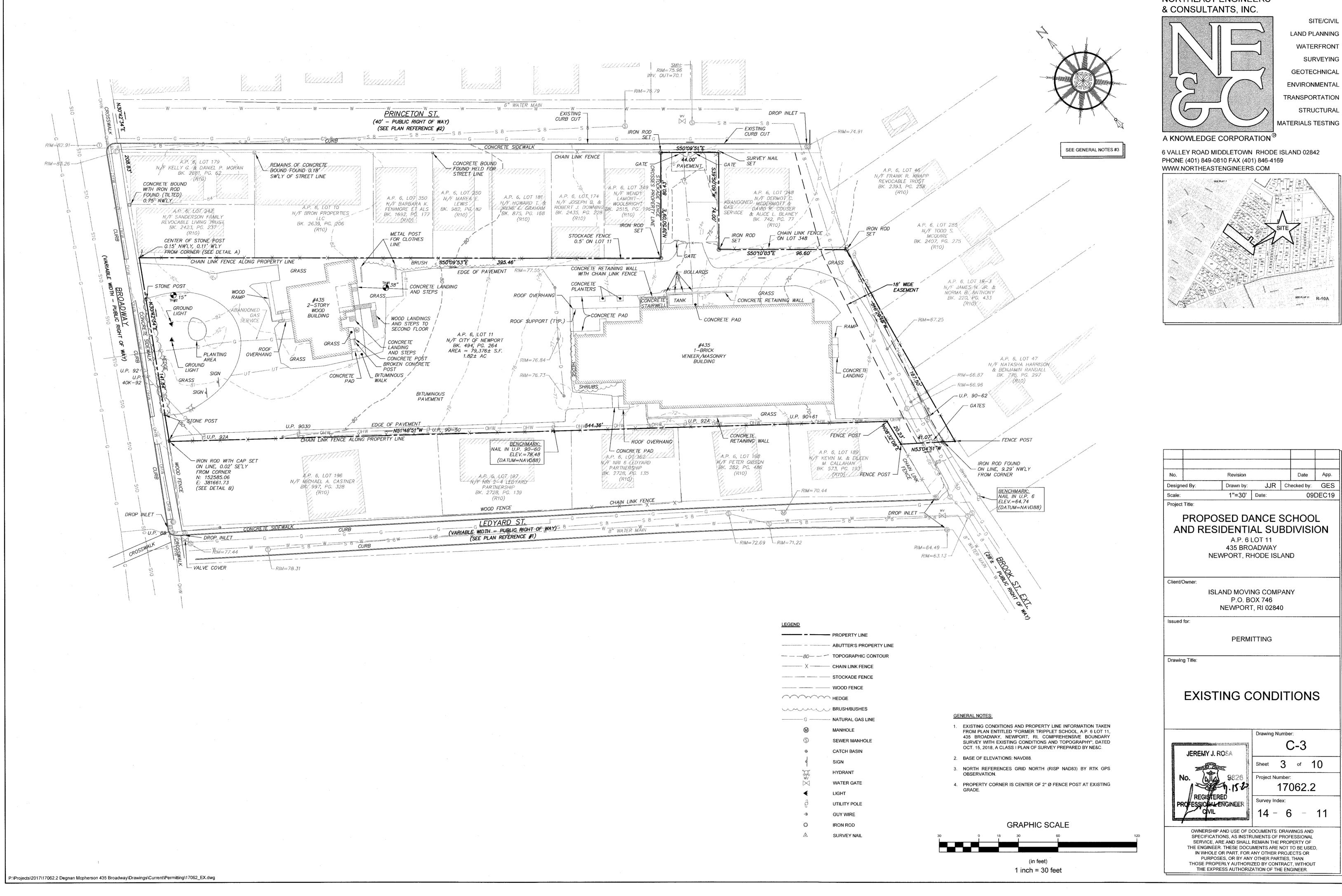
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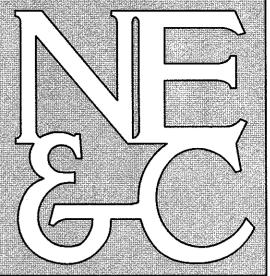
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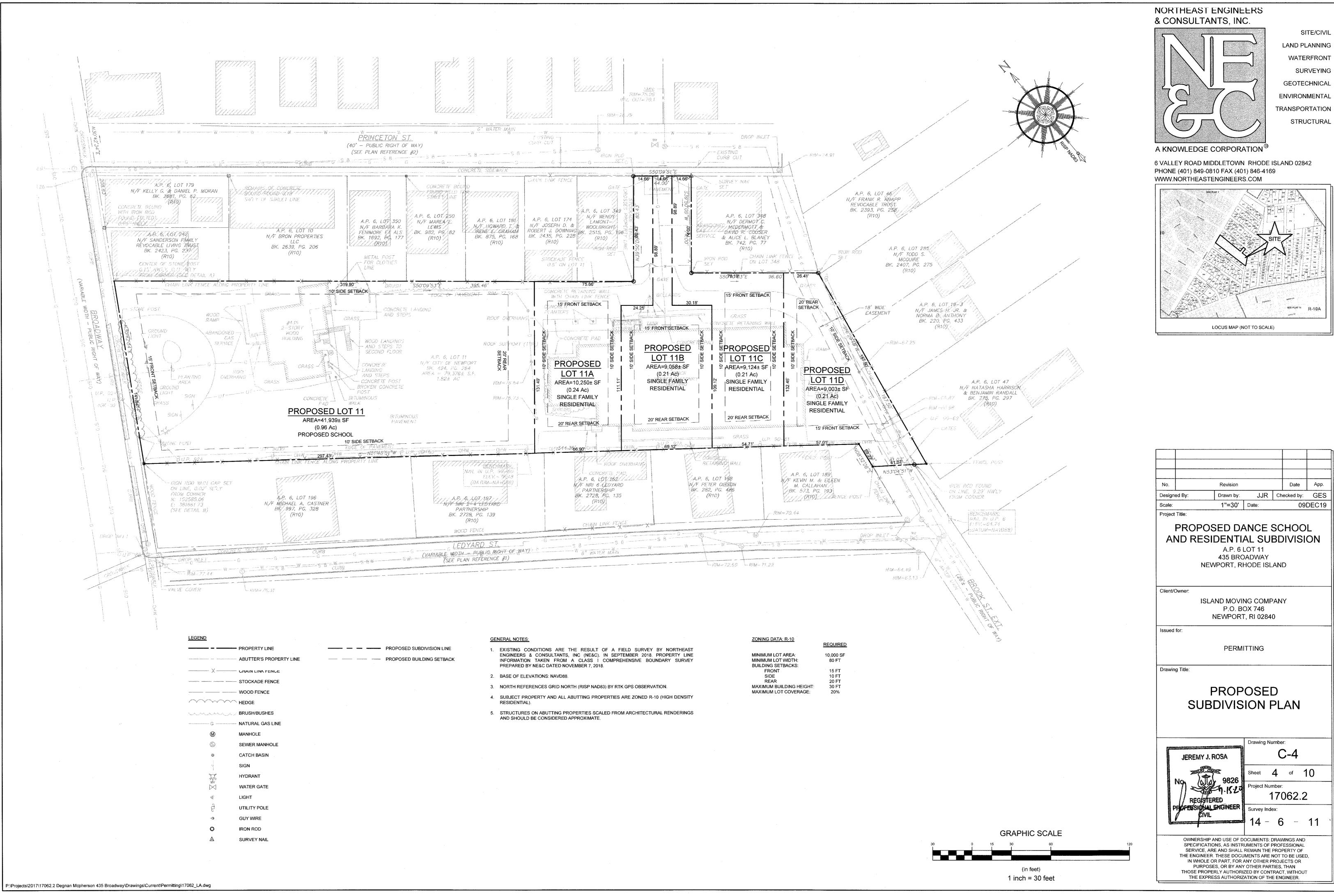


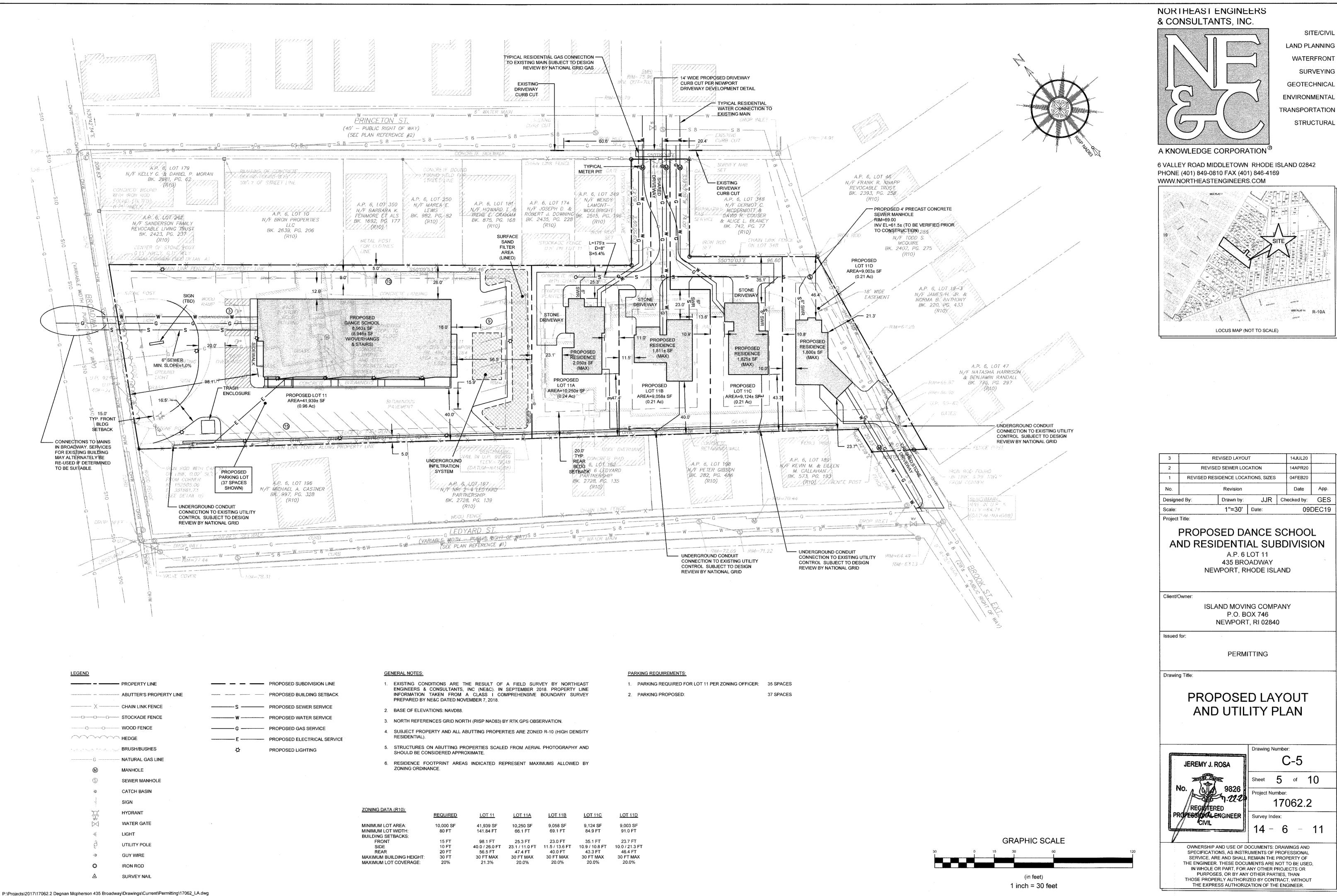
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X	- CHAIN LINK FENCE
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G	NATURAL GAS LINE
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A	SURVEY NAIL

NORTHEAST ENGINEERS



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Scale:	 1"=30'	Date:	09DEC19		

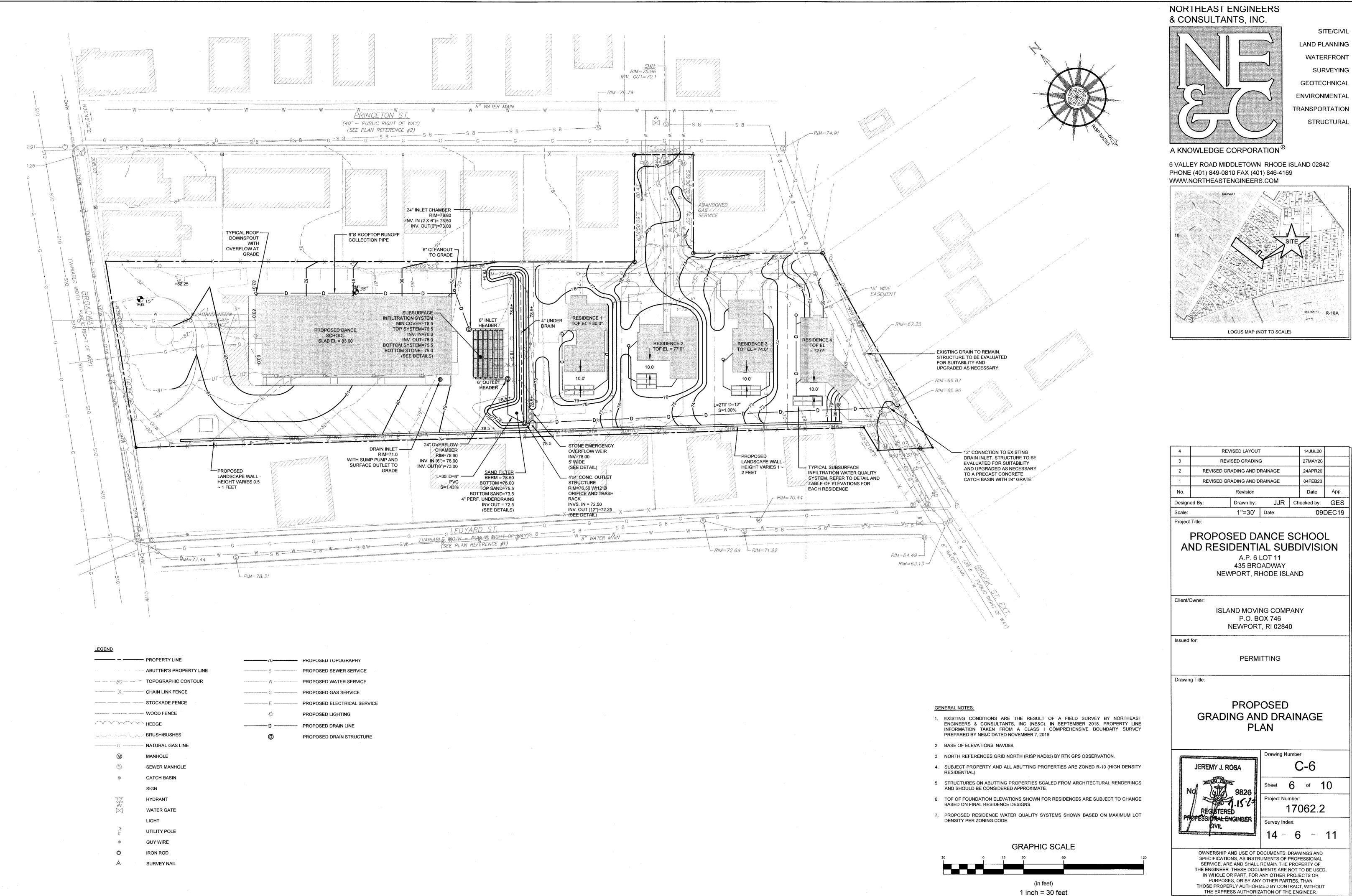




LEGEND

LEGEND			
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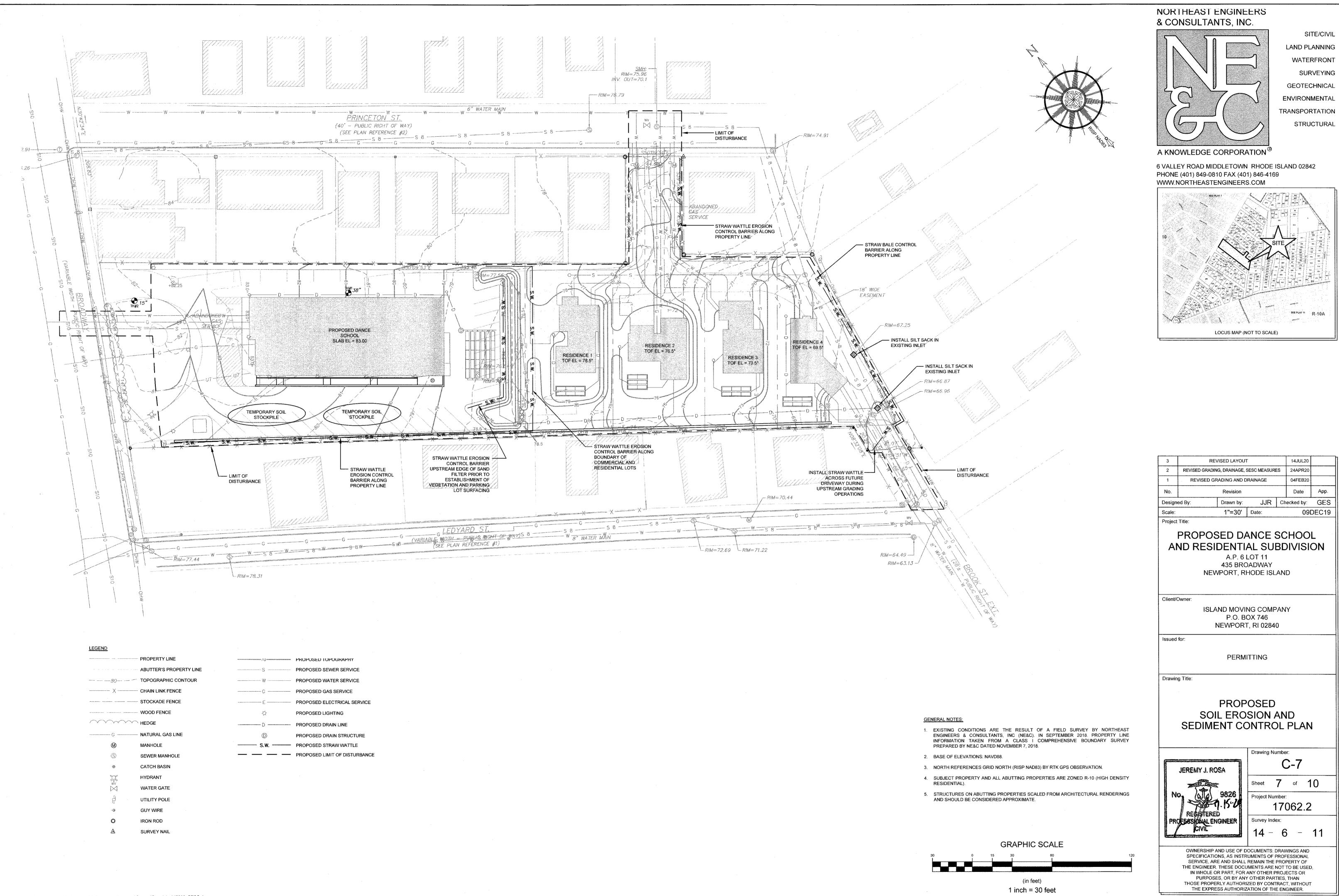
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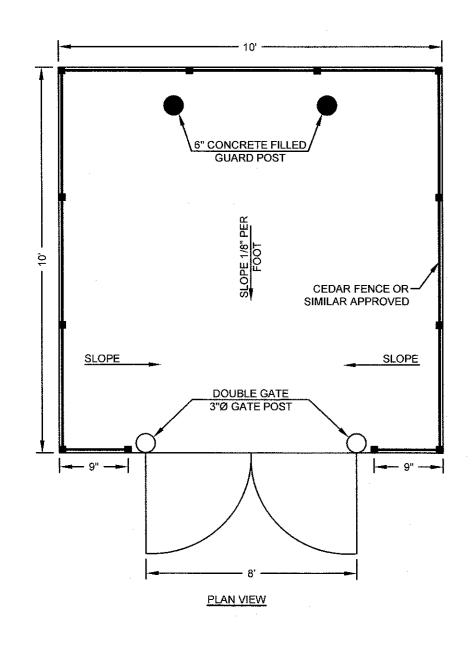
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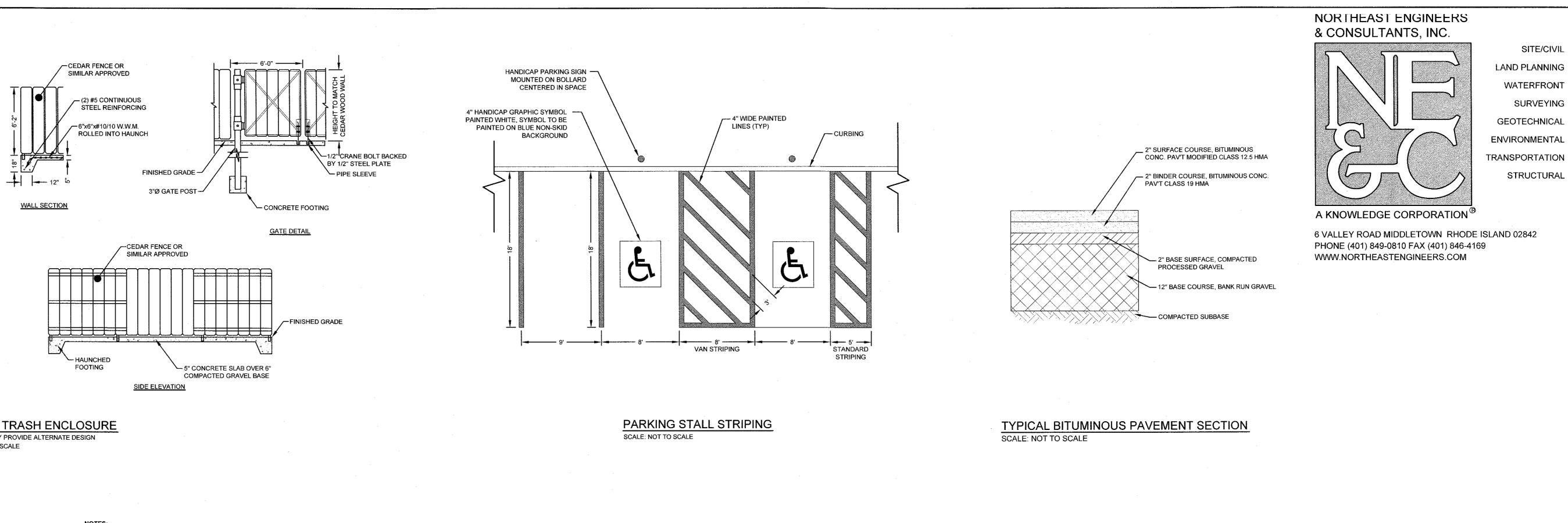
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Scale:		1"=30'	Date:		09[DEC19
Designed By:		Drawn by:	JJR	Ch	ecked by:	GES
No.		Revision		Date App.		
1	REVISED GRADING AND DRAINAGE 04FEB20					
2	REVISED GRADING AND DRAINAGE			24APR20		
3	REVISED GRADING				27MAY20	
4	REVISED LAYOUT 14JUL20					



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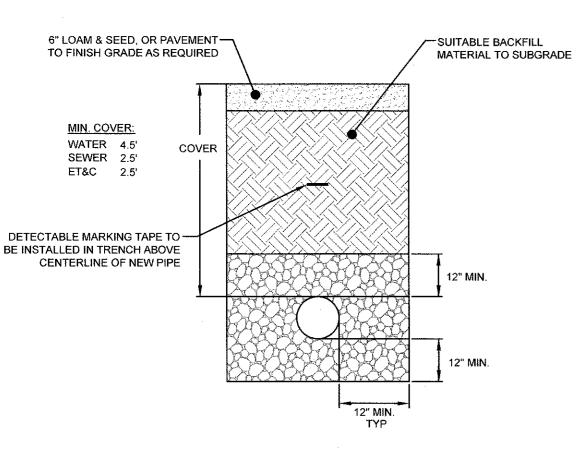




- 6" ADS OR SCH 40 PVC

(PER PLAN)

TYPICAL TRASH ENCLOSURE ARCHITECT MAY PROVIDE ALTERNATE DESIGN SCALE: NOT TO SCALE



UTILITY TRENCH DETAIL SCALE:NOT TO SCALE

NOTES:

1. UNSUITABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE EXCAVATED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 12-INCHES BELOW THE DESIGN INVERT ELEVATION.

2. TRENCH PROTECTION SHALL BE REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OSHA REGULATIONS, AND AS OTHERWISE REQUIRED TO PROTECT UTILITIES, ROADWAYS, AND ADJACENT STRUCTURES.

3. SEWER AND DRAIN PIPES SHALL BE LAID BEGINNING AT THE DOWNSTREAM END OF THE PIPE LINE.

4. ALL PVC SEWER PIPES SHALL BE IPEX RING-TITE SDR 35, OR SIMILAR APPROVED.

5. ALL DRAIN PIPES SHALL BE ADS N-12 TYPE IB (SOILTIGHT) UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

6. ALL SEWER PIPE AND GASKETS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM 3034 AND ASTM F679.

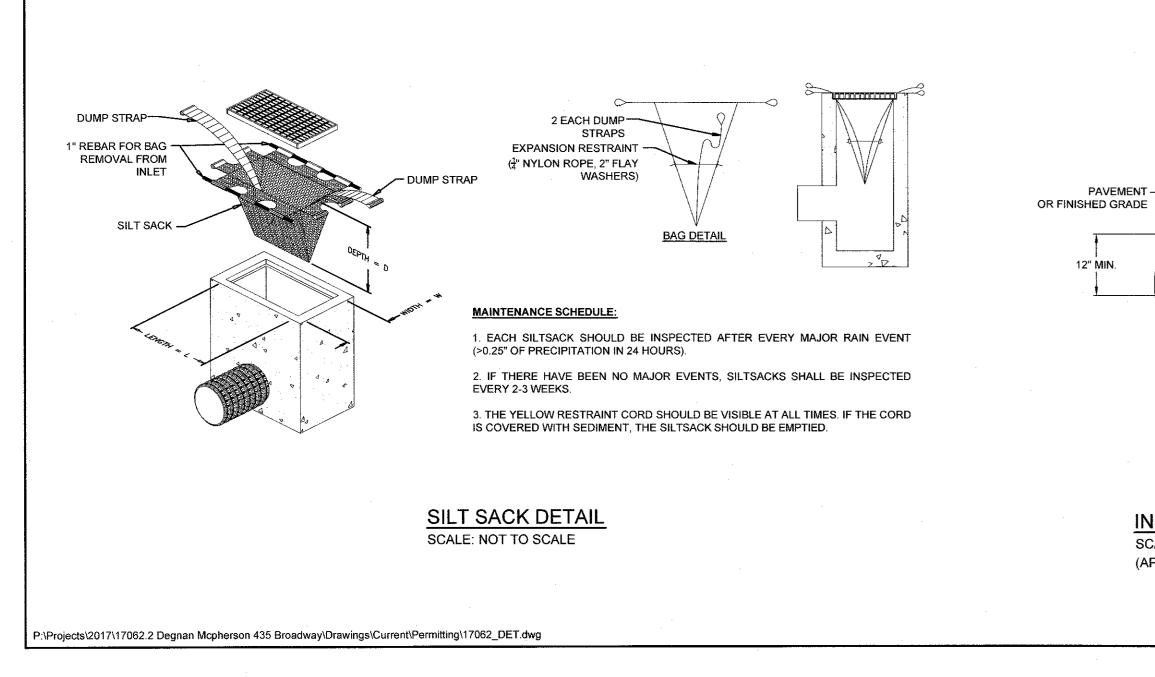
8. BACKFILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED 12" IN HEIGHT WHEN INSTALLED UNDER LANDSCAPED AREAS ONLY, INSTALLATIONS UNDER PAVEMENT REQUIRE BACKFILL MATERIAL TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED 6" IN HEIGHT, THESE LAYERS SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% MAXIMUM DENSITY (AASHTO T180). SUITABLE BACKFILL SHALL BE FREE OF LOAM, CLAY, ORGANIC MATTER AND PARTICLES LARGER THAN 2 INCHES IN DIAMETER

8. SEWER AND DRAINAGE PIPE TRENCHES SHALL BE BEDDED WITH CRUSHED STONE OR SCREENED GRAVEL, THESE MATERIALS MUST CONFORM TO RIDOT STANDARD M.01.09 TYPE II MATERIAL.

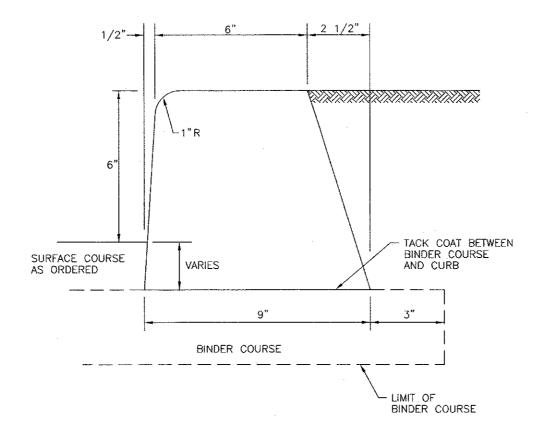
9. WATER PIPE TRENCHES MUST BE BEDDED WITH SAND CONTAINING NO PARTICLES LARGER THAT 3/8". THIS MATERIAL MUST CONFORM TO AASHTO M6 REQUIREMENTS.

10. UTILITY INSTALLATIONS SHALL CONFORM TO ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE TOWN OF MIDDLETOWN PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT AND NEWPORT WATER RULES AND REGULATIONS.

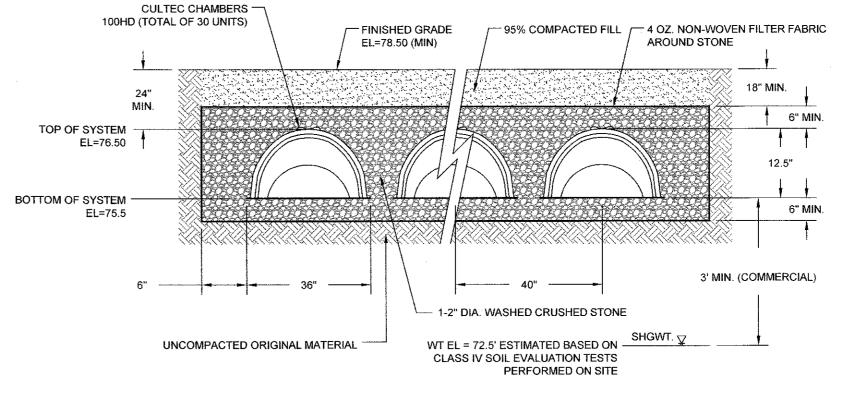
11. WHEN TRENCH EXCAVATION IS ADJACENT TO OR UNDER EXISTING STRUCTURES OR FACILITIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROPERLY SHEETING AND BRACING THE EXCAVATION AND STABILIZING THE EXISTING GROUND TO RENDER IT SAFE AND SECURE FROM POSSIBLE SLIDES CAVE-INS AND SETTLEMENT AND FOR PROPERLY SUPPORTING EXISTING STRUCTURES AND FACILITIES WITH BEAMS, STRUTS OR UNDERPINNING TO FULLY PROTECT THEM FROM DAMAGE.



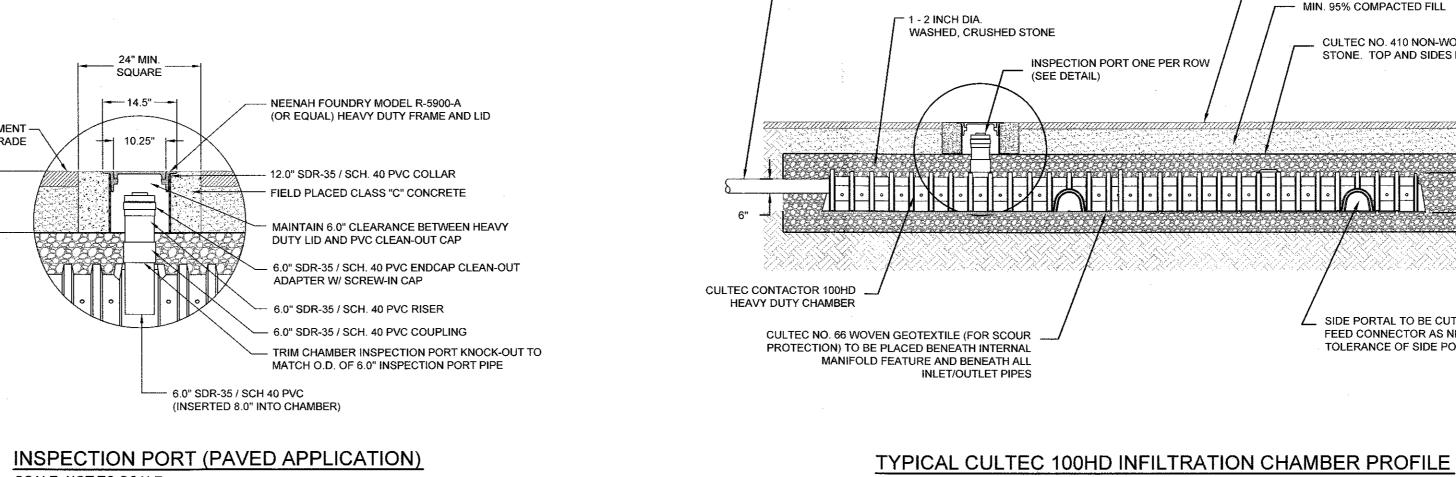
7. ALL NEW SEWER MANHOLES SHALL HAVE KOR-N-SEAL CONNECTIONS, TYPICAL OR EQUAL



BITUMINOUS CURBING (RIDOT 7.5.0) SCALE:NOT TO SCALE



SCALE: NOT TO SCALE **REFER TO SECTION ON SHEET C-9 FOR RESIDENTIAL SYSTEMS**



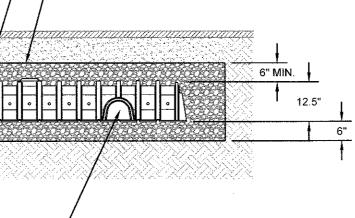
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SCALE: NOT TO SCALE APPLICABLE TO THE DANCE SCHOOL SYSTEM AND THE RESIDENTIAL SYSTEMS

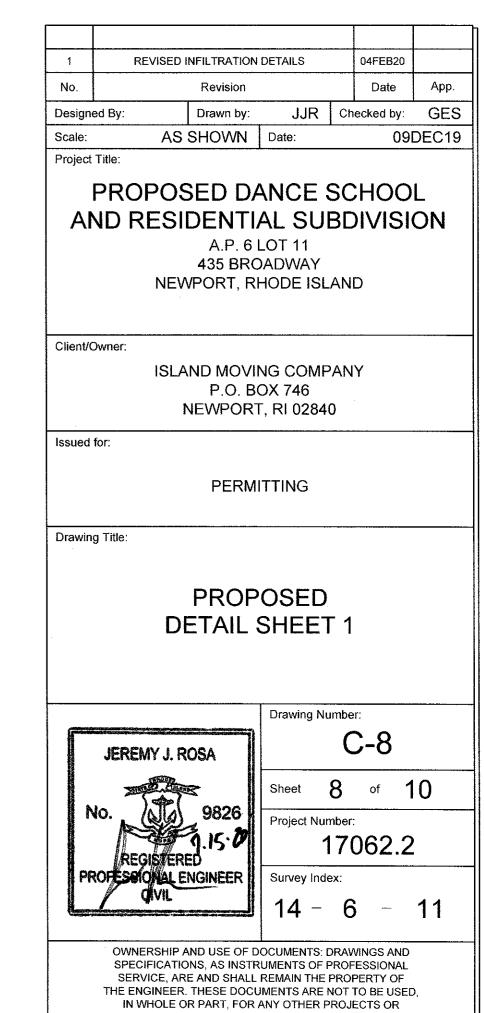
SCHOOL CULTEC 100HD INFILTRATION CHAMBER CROSS SECTION

FINISHED GRADE (LOAM AND SEED) - MIN. 95% COMPACTED FILL

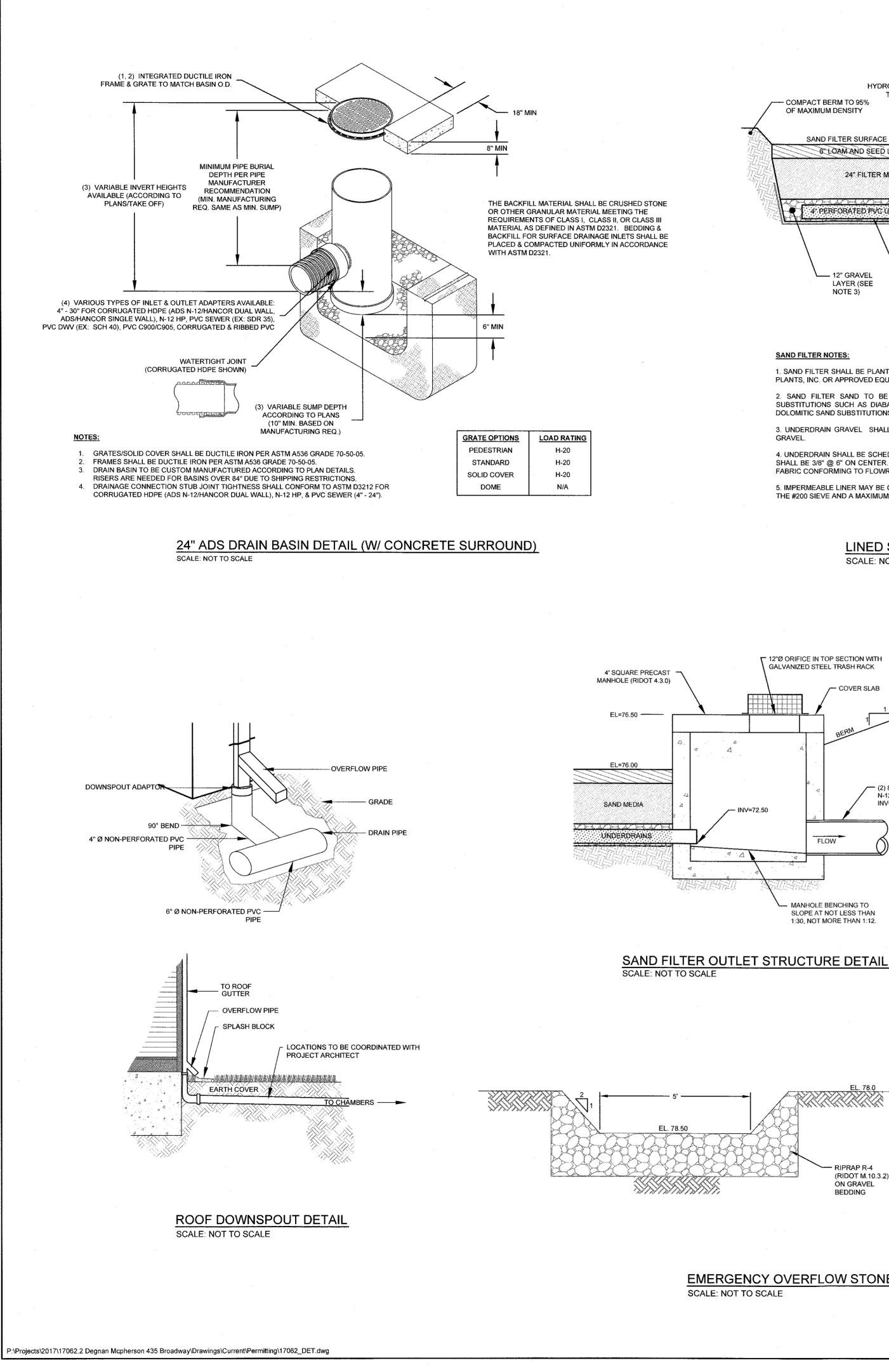
> __ CULTEC NO. 410 NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE AROUND STONE. TOP AND SIDES MANDATORY.



SIDE PORTAL TO BE OUT IN FIELD TO ALLOW FOR HVLV SFCx2 FEED CONNECTOR AS NEEDED. CUT SHALL BE WITHIN 1/4" TOLERANCE OF SIDE PORTAL TRIM GUIDELINE



PURPOSES, OR BY ANY OTHER PARTIES, THAN THOSE PROPERLY AUTHORIZED BY CONTRACT, WITHOUT THE EXPRESS AUTHORIZATION OF THE ENGINEER.



EMERGENCY OVERFLOW STONE WEIR DETAIL SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

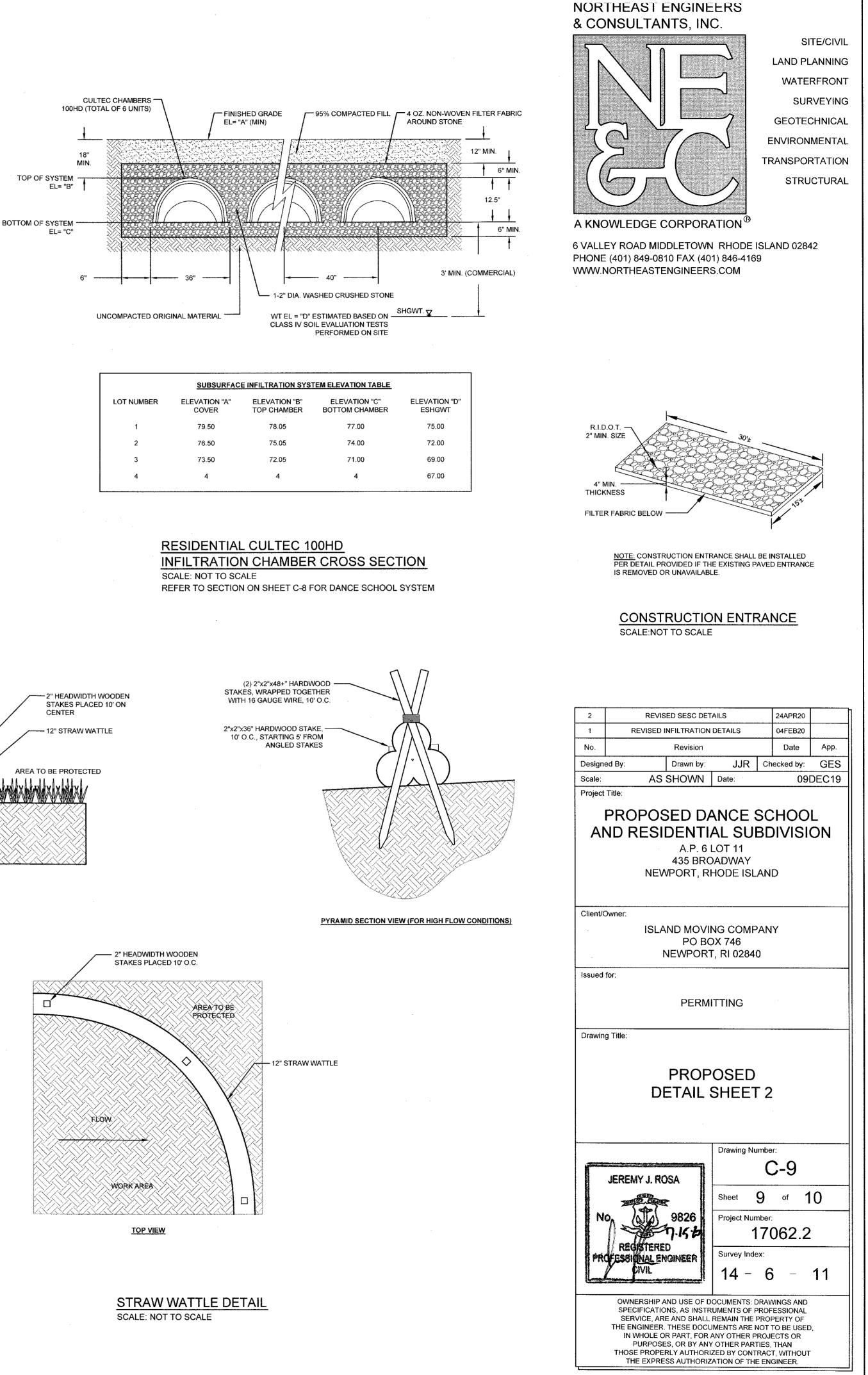
RIPRAP R-4

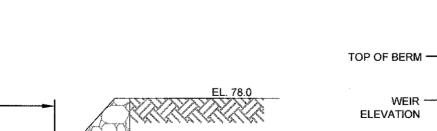
ON GRAVEL

BEDDING

(RIDOT M.10.3.2)

RIPRAP R-4 (RIDOT M.10.3.2) ON GRAVEL BEDDING WEIR -ELEVATION - FILTER FABRIC





SAND FILTER NOTES:

GRAVEL.

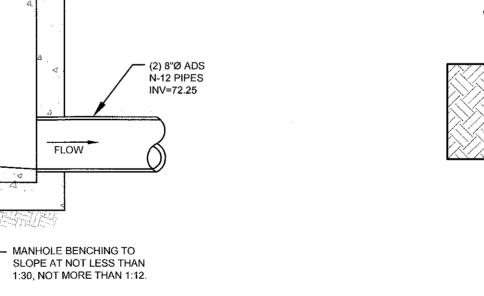
PLANTS, INC. OR APPROVED EQUAL.

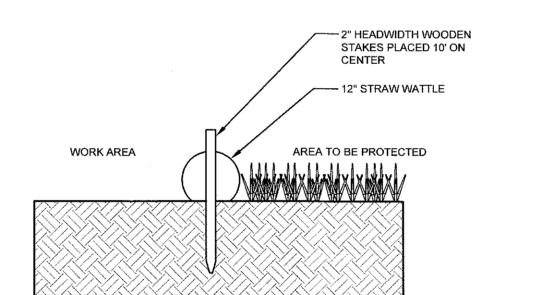
T 12"Ø ORIFICE IN TOP SECTION WITH GALVANIZED STEEL TRASH RACK

- INV=72.50

- COVER SLAB

FABRIC CONFORMING TO FLOWRATE INDICATED IN NOTE 5.

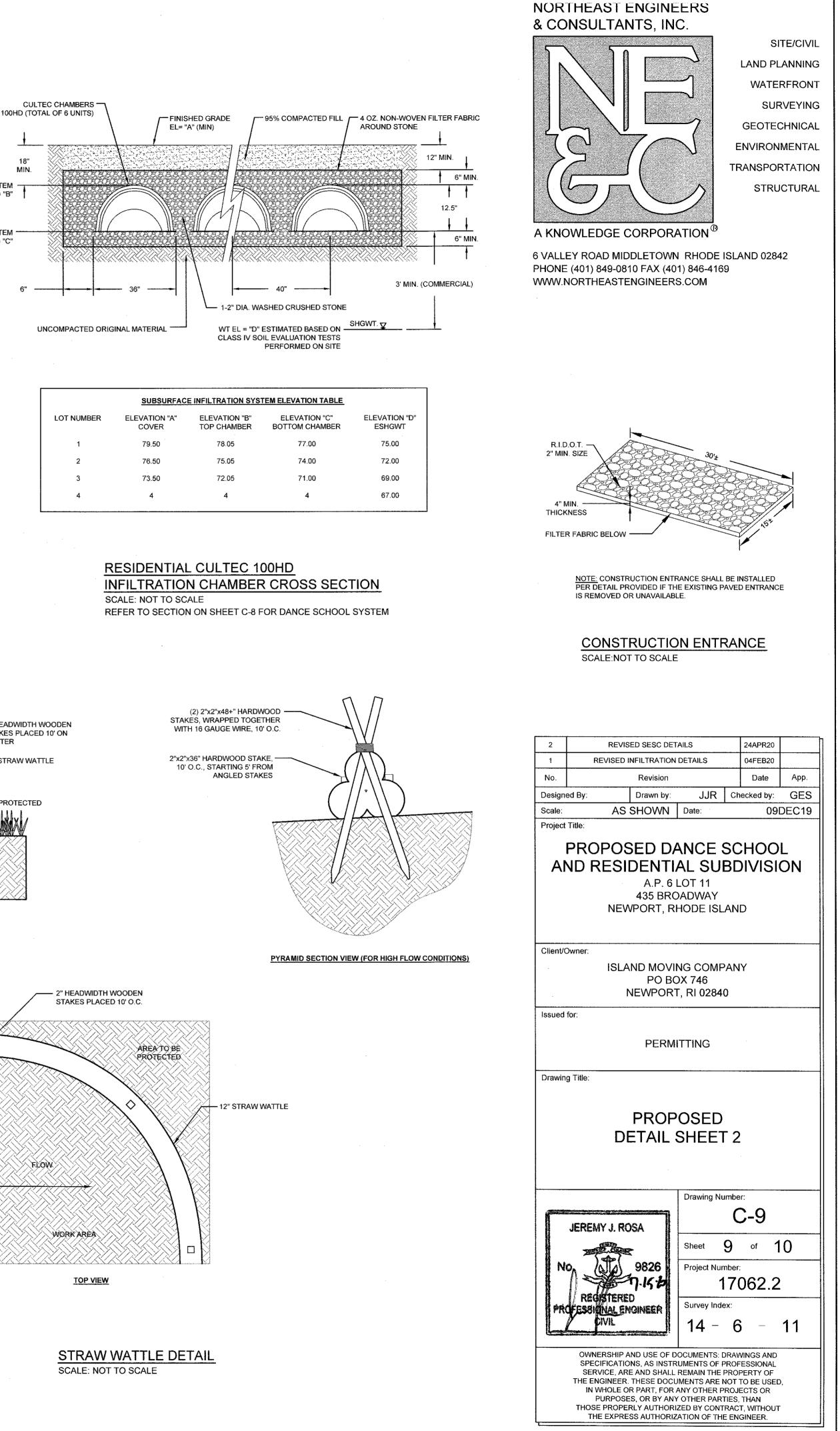


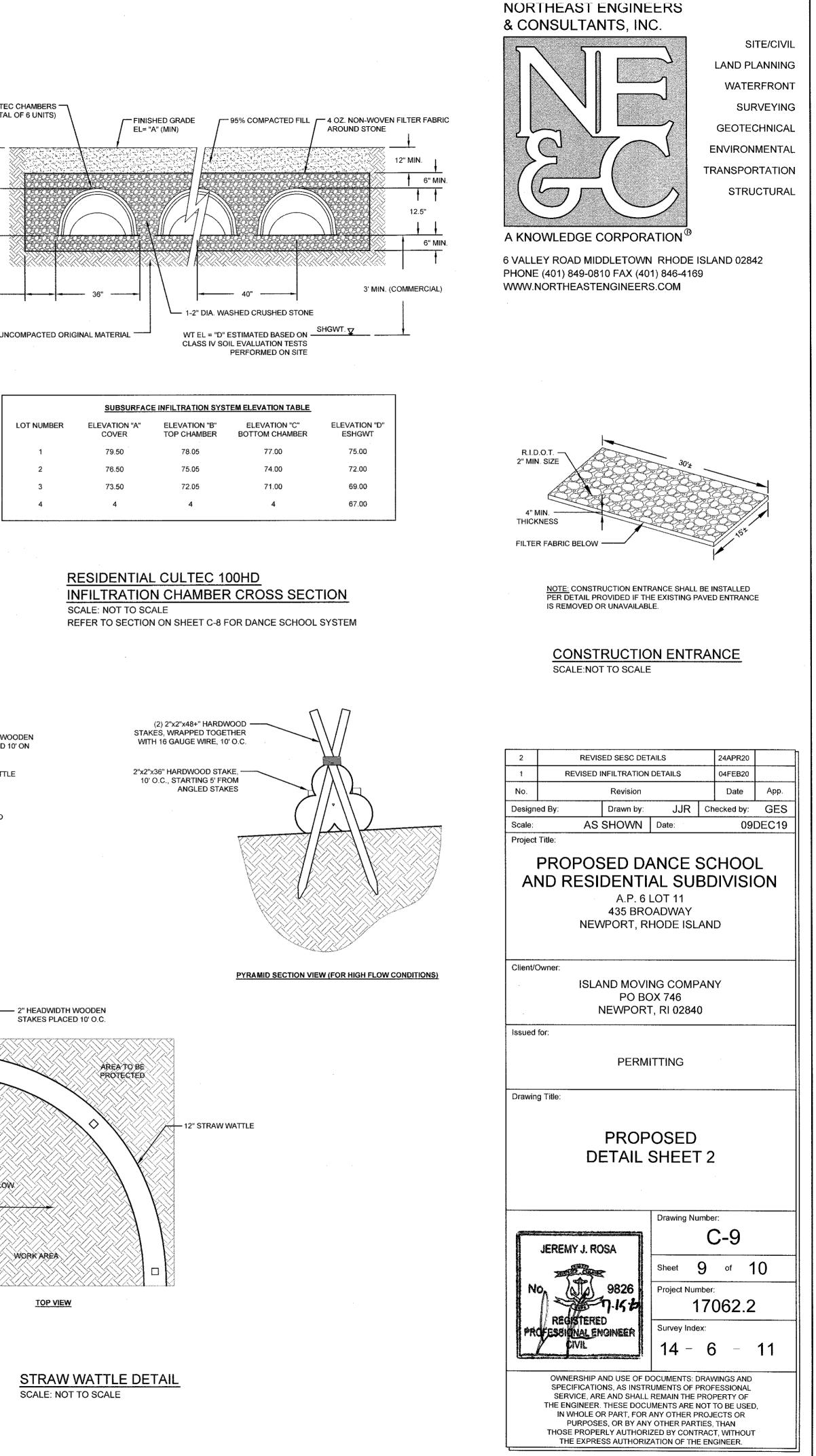


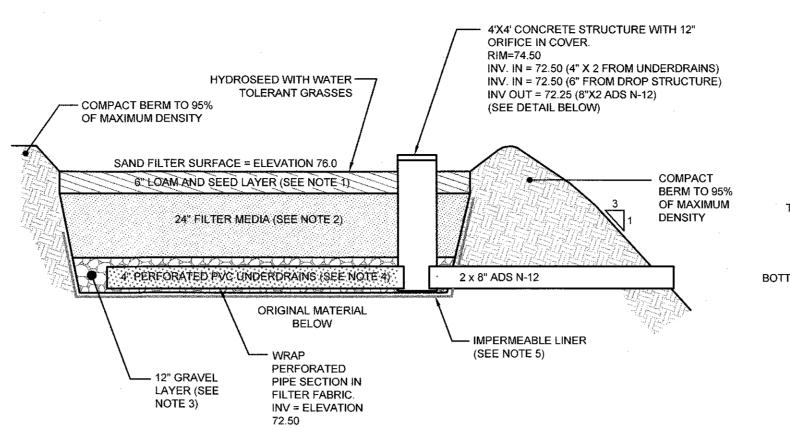
SECTION VIEW

LINED SAND FILTER CROSS SECTION SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

THE #200 SIEVE AND A MAXIMUM PERMEABILITY OF 1 X 10^-5 CM/SEC), (B) A 30 MIL POLY-LINER (C) BENTONITE







1. SAND FILTER SHALL BE PLANTED WITH NEW ENGLAND WETMIX (WETLAND SEED MIX) BY NEW ENGLAND WETLAND

2. SAND FILTER SAND TO BE CLEAN AASHTO M-6 OR ASTM C-33 CONCRETE SAND (0.02" TO 0.04"). SAND

SUBSTITUTIONS SUCH AS DIABASE AND GRAYSTONE #10 ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE. NO CALCIUM CARBONATED OR

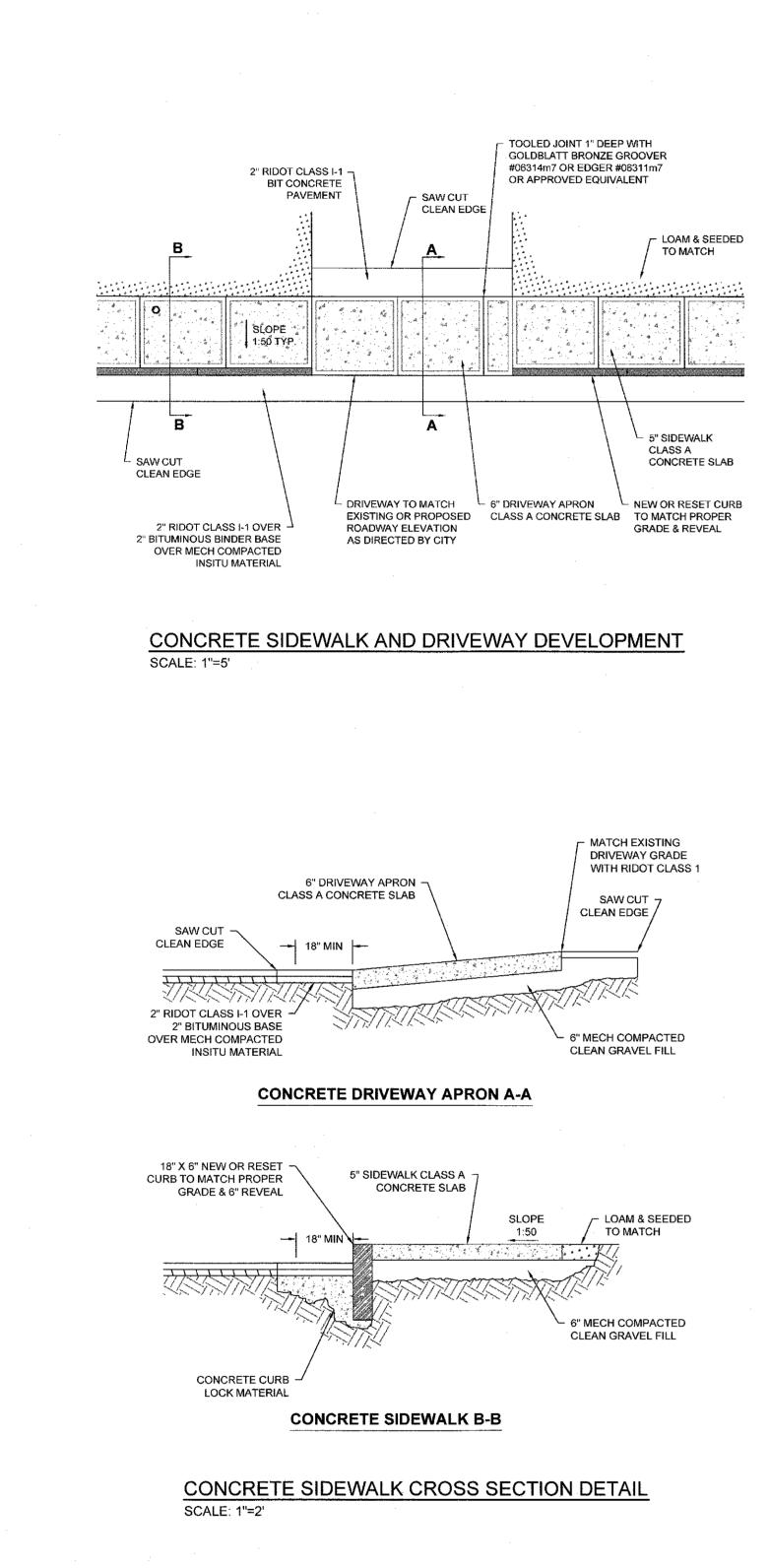
3. UNDERDRAIN GRAVEL SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO M-43, 0.25" TO 0.75". MATERIAL MUST BE WASHED CLEAN

4. UNDERDRAIN SHALL BE SCHEDULE 40 PVC PIPE CONFORMING TO ASTM D-1785 OR AASHTO M-278. PERFORATIONS

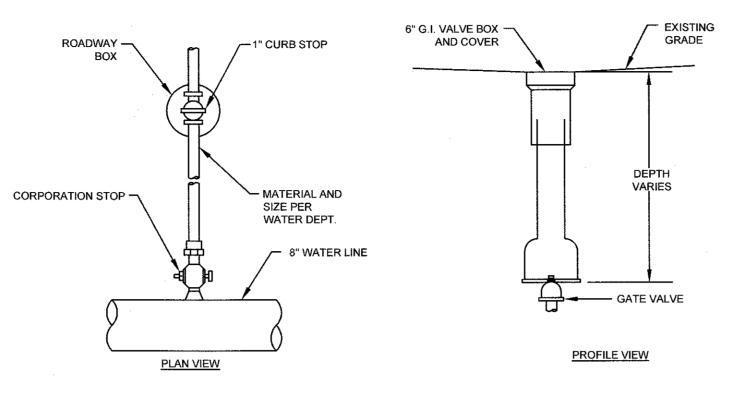
SHALL BE 3/8" @ 6" ON CENTER. PIPE SHALL HAVE 3" OF GRAVEL OVER PIPE. PIPE TO BE WRAPPED IN GEOTEXTILE

5. IMPERMEABLE LINER MAY BE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: (A) MIN. OF 6 INCHES OF CLAYSOIL (MINIMUM 15% PASSING

DOLOMITIC SAND SUBSTITUTIONS ARE ACCEPTABLE. NO ROCK DUST CAN BE USED AS SAND.



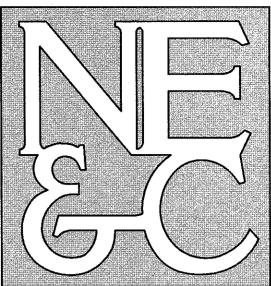
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WATER GATE VALVE/SERVICE CURB STOP

SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

NORTHEAST ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS, INC.



SITE/CIVIL LAND PLANNING WATERFRONT SURVEYING GEOTECHNICAL ENVIRONMENTAL TRANSPORTATION STRUCTURAL

A KNOWLEDGE CORPORATION[®]

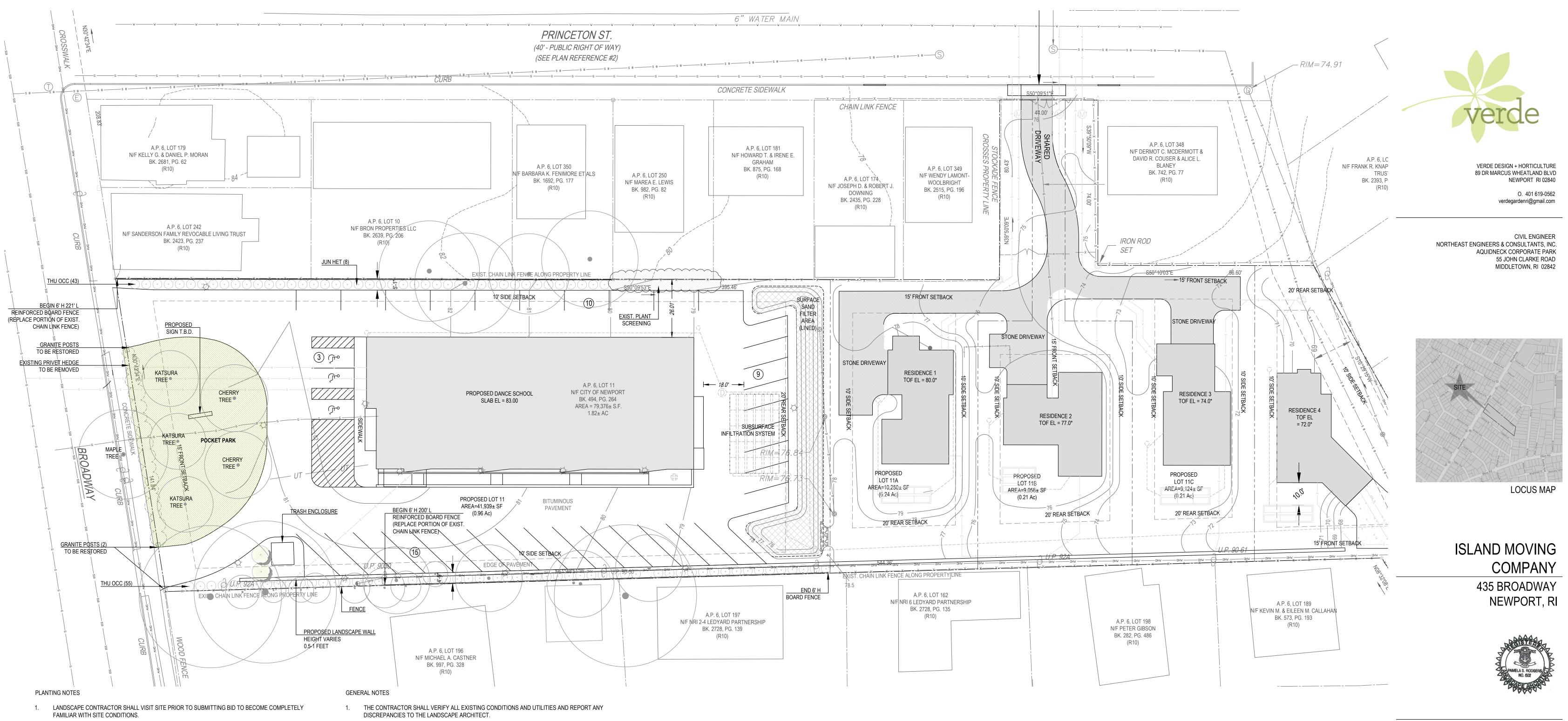
6 VALLEY ROAD MIDDLETOWN RHODE ISLAND 02842 PHONE (401) 849-0810 FAX (401) 846-4169 WWW.NORTHEASTENGINEERS.COM

Designed By:	Drawn by:	JJR	Checked by:	GES
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IN WHOLE OR PART, FOR ANY OTHER PROJECTS OR PURPOSES, OR BY ANY OTHER PARTIES, THAN				
THOSE PROPERLY AUTHORIZED BY CONTRACT, WITHOUT THE EXPRESS AUTHORIZATION OF THE ENGINEER.				
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Revision

Date App.

No.



- 2. NO PLANTING WILL BE INSTALLED UNTIL ALL GRADING AND CONSTRUCTION HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA.
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL UTILITIES ON PROPERTY AND TO PROTECT ALL UTILITIES DURING EXCAVATION.
- 4. IF THERE IS A DISCREPANCY BETWEEN THE NUMBER OF PLANTS SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND THE NUMBER OF PLANTS SHOWN IN THE PLANT LIST, THE NUMBER OF PLANTS SHOWN ON THE LIST WILL TAKE PRECEDENCE.
- 5. ALL CONTAINER MATERIAL TO BE GROWN IN CONTAINER A MINIMUM OF SIX MONTHS.
- 6. ALL MATERIAL SHALL COMPLY WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK, ACCORDING TO THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN.
- 7. CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR ALL DAMAGE TO PROPERTY FROM PLANTING OPERATIONS AT NO COST TO THE OWNER.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL GUARANTEE NEW PLANT MATERIAL THROUGH ONE CALENDAR YEAR FROM TIME OF PROVISIONAL ACCEPTANCE.
- 9. ALL PROPOSED PLANTS SHALL BE LOCATED CAREFULLY AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND THE PLACEMENT SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT BEFORE THE INSTALLATION.
- 10. ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT TO BE PAVED OR PLANTED SHALL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED AS SHOWN. SEE SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL PREPARATION AND SEED MIX.
- 11. TWO INCH (2") DEEP, FINELY SHREDDED BARK MULCH WILL BE INSTALLED AROUND ALL TREES AND SHRUBS THAT ARE ISOLATED FROM GROUNDCOVER AREAS AND GENERAL SHRUB MASSES.
- 12. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE INSPECTED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT ON SITE PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT WILL TAG ALL TREES AT THE NURSERY AND INSPECT THEM AFTER DELIVERY TO THE SITE. SEE SPECIFICATIONS FOR TAGGING, INSPECTION, AND ACCEPTANCE OF PLANT MATERIAL.
- 13. LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT SHALL CONFIRM PLANT LIST AND APPROVE SUBSTITUTIONS OF PLANT VARIETIES PRIOR TO ORDERING OF MATERIAL.
- 14. SOIL MIX: 1/3 PEAT MOSS, 1/3 SCREENED LOAM, 1/3 DEHYDRATED MANURE.
- THE OWNER RESERVES THE RIGHT TO SUBSTITUTE PLANT SELECTIONS WITH PLANTS OF SIMILAR 15. CHARACTERISTICS IF THE SPECIFIED PLANTS ARE NOT AVAILABLE IN ACCEPTABLE QUANTITIES OR CONDITIONS.

- 2. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY THE LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES BY NOTIFYING DIG-SAFE AT 1-800-322-4844 AT LEAST 72 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATIONS INCLUDING ALL NECESSARY EXCAVATION TO DETERMINE IF THE WORK CAN BE DONE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. CHANGES MAY BE MADE AS REQUIRED BY FIELD CONDITIONS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.
- 4. ALL EXISTING UTILITIES MAY NOT BE SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR DETERMINING THE EXACT LOCATION, SIZE, AND TYPE OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND FOR PROTECTING ALL LINES DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. ALL WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

PLANTING LEGEND

SYMBOL	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME
JUN HET	JUNIPERUS CHIN. 'HETZII COLUMNARIS'	HETZ COLUMNAR JUNIPER

THU OCC	THUJA OCCIDENTALIS 'EMERALD GREEN' ARBORVITAE
	TOTAL
EXISTING E	EVERGREENS TO BE REMOVED

QTY

98

100

SIZE

6/7' B&B

6/7' B&B

) 40

EXISTING TREES TO REMAIN

.

PROJECT NUMBER: DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: SCALE: DATE:

19.122 PSR PSR 1:20 12.03.2019

07.24.2020 11.13.2020

REVISIONS:

PERMIT SET

LANDSCAPE PLAN

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Scale: 1 inch= 40 Ft.



Prepared For:

Holbrook Associated 35 Reservoir Park Drive Rockland, MA 02370 Tel: 781-871-0011 Island Dance Company (former Triplet School) Lighting Layout Version C

Job Name:

Scale: as noted	The Lighting Analysis, ezLayout, Energy Analysis	
Date:10/5/2020	CASE # : 00509503	prediction of lighting system performance base provided by others have not been field verified that design parameters and other information k
Filename: Island Dance Con	RAB neither warranties, either implied or stated	
Drawn By: K. Gonzales, LC	by the Lighting Design. RAB neither warranties, intent as compliant with any applicable regulate The Lighting design is issued, in whole or in par	
		project's construction documentation package.

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Energy Analysis and/or Visual Simulation ("Lighting Design") provided by the RAB Lighting Inc. ("RAB") represent an anticipated formance based upon design parameters and information supplied by others. These design parameters and information a field verified by RAB and therefore actual measured r esults may vary from the actual field conditions. RAB recommends er information be field verified to reduce variation.

mplied or stated with regard to actual measured light levels or energy consumption levels as compared to those illustrated ither warranties, either implied or stated, nor represents the appropriateness, completeness or suitability of the Lighting Design splicable regulatory code requirements with the exception of those specifically stated on drawings created and submitted by RAB. whole or in part, as advisory documents for informational purposes and is not intended for construction nor as being part of a

alculation Summary											
Label	CalcType	Units	Avg	Max	Min	Avg/Min	Max/Min	Description	PtSpcLr	PtSpcTb	Meter Type
Parking	Illuminance	Fc	2.71	14.1	0.2	13.55	70.50	readings taken at grade	10	10	Horizontal
Parking - Behind Bldg	Illuminance	Fc	4.08	12.8	0.1	40.80	128.00	readings taken at grade	10	10	Horizontal
Property Line	Illuminance	Fc	0.17	1.6	0.0	N.A.	N.A.	readings taken 5'-0" aff	10	N.A.	Vert-PerpCCW
Site	Illuminance	Fc	0.03	3.2	0.0	N.A.	N.A.	readings taken at grade	10	10	Horizontal

Luminaire Schedule All quotes/orders generated from this layo						It must be forwarded to the Local Rep Agency				
Symbol	Qty	Tag	Label	Arrangement LLF Description		Description	BUG Rating			
	3	A - B	ALED3T50Y-SS-B	SINGLE	1.000	Pole Mounted (Type III) + ALED150SS (BACK SIDE SHIELD)	B1-U0-G2			
-	1	A - L	ALED3T50Y-SS-L	SINGLE	1.000	Pole Mounted (Type III) + ALED150SS (LEFT SIDE SHIELD)	B1-U0-G1			
	21	В	SLIM12Y	SINGLE	1.000	Wall Mounted	B1-U0-G0			
ţ	2	C - B	ALED2T50Y-SS-B	SINGLE	1.000	Pole Mounted (Type II) + ALED150SS (BACK SIDE SHIELD)	B1-U0-G2			
\odot	4	D	C6R12930UNVW	SINGLE	1.000	Recessed Mount	N.A.			

LumNo	Tag	X	Y	MTG HT	Orient
1	A - B	381776.167	152665.712	15	223.781
2	A - B	381743.71	152613.864	15	323.783
3	В	381799.771	152610.694	8.5	139.805
4	В	381810.921	152609.425	8.5	51.571
5	В	381792.771	152602.194	8.5	139.805
6	В	381822.421	152600.175	8.5	51.571
7	В	381786.521	152594.944	8.5	139.805
8	В	381831.671	152592.425	8.5	51.571
9	D	381782.25	152586.25	9.9	0
10	В	381842.921	152582.925	8.5	51.571
11	D	381774.75	152577.25	9.9	0
12	A - L	381695.461	152575.485	15	81.928
13	В	381854.171	152573.675	8.5	51.571
14	В	381865.671	152564.175	8.5	51.571
15	D	381771.25	152559.75	9.9	0
16	D	381780.434	152552.027	9.9	0
17	В	381790.47	152548.774	8.5	228.888
18	В	381883.421	152549.175	8.5	51.571
19	В	381801.72	152539.524	8.5	228.888
20	В	381894.921	152539.425	8.5	51.571
21	В	381817.97	152526.024	8.5	228.888
22	В	381914.223	152518.55	8.5	318.145
23	C - B	381755.691	152518.419	15	51.17
24	В	381829.386	152516.524	8.5	228.888
25	В	381904.973	152507.05	8.5	318.145
26	В	381845.136	152503.274	8.5	228.888
27	В	381856.636	152493.774	8.5	228.888
28	В	381871.053	152481.524	8.5	228.888
29	В	381881.473	152479.05	8.5	318.145
30	A - B	381929.56	152468.913	15	142.49
31	C - B	381826.21	152461.386	15	51.17
Total Qua	ntity: 31				

Luminaire Tag Summary			
Tag	Qty		
A - B	3		
A - L	1		
В	21		
C - B	2		
D	4		

NOTES:

* The light loss factor (LLF) is a product of many variables, only lamp lumen depreciation (LLD) has been applied to the calculated results unless otherwise noted. The LLD is the result (quotient) of mean lumens / initial lumens per lamp manufacturers' specifications.

* Illumination values shown (in footcandles) are the predicted results for planes of calculation either horizontal, vertical or inclined as designated in the calculation summary. Meter orientation is normal to the plane of calculation.

* The calculated results of this lighting simulation represent an anticipated prediction of system performance. Actual measured results may vary from the anticipated performance and are subject to means and methods which are beyond the control of RAB Lighting Inc.

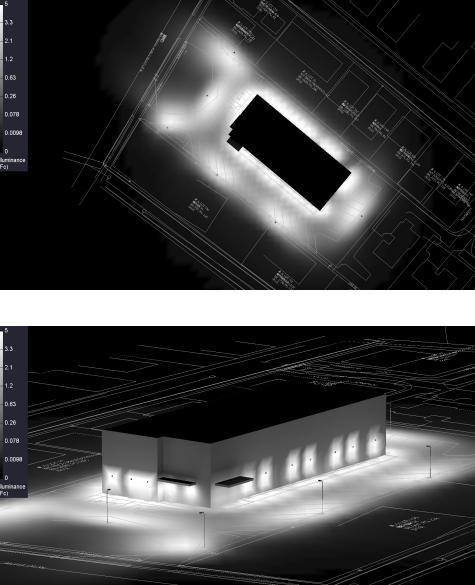
* Mounting height determination is job site specific, our lighting simulations assume a mounting height (insertion point of the luminaire symbol) to be taken at the top of the symbol for ceiling mounted luminaires and at the bottom of the symbol for all other luminaire mounting configurations.

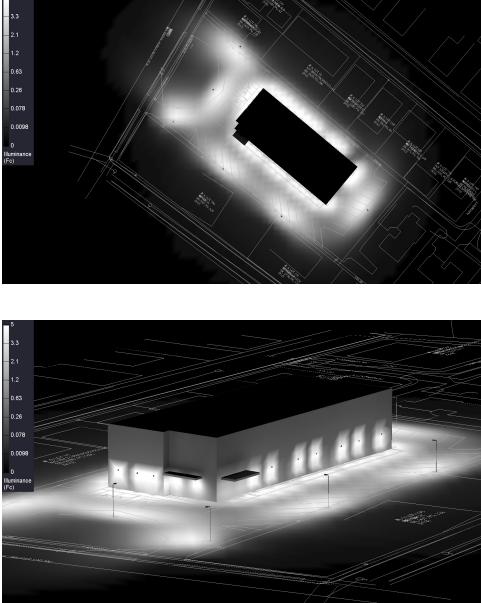
* It is the Owner's responsibility to confirm the suitability of the existing or proposed poles and bases to support the proposed fixtures, based on the weight and EPA of the proposed fixtures and the owner's site soil conditions and wind zone. It is recommended that a professional engineer licensed to practice in the state the site is located be engaged to assist in this determination.

* The landscape material shown hereon is conceptual, and is not intended to be an accurate representation of any particular plant, shrub, bush, or tree, as these materials are living objects, and subject to constant change. The conceptual objects shown are for illustrative purposes only. The actual illumination values measured in the field will vary.

* Photometric model elements such as buildings, rooms, plants, furnishings or any architectural details which impact the dispersion of light must be detailed by the customer documents for inclusion in the RAB lighting design model. RAB is not responsible for any inaccuracies caused by incomplete information on the part of the customer, and reserves the right to use best judgement when translating customer requests into photometric studies.

* RAB Lighting Inc. luminaire and product designs are protected under U.S. and International intellectual property laws. Patents issued or pending apply.





170 Ludlow Avenue, Northvale, NJ 07647 888 722-1000 • rablighting.com

Prepared For:

Holbrook Associated 35 Reservoir Park Drive Rockland, MA 02370 Tel: 781-871-0011

Job Name:

Island Dance Company (former Triplet School) Lighting Layout Version C

Scale: as noted	PROJECT # : 134435	The Lighting Analysis, ezLayout, Ener
Date:10/5/2020	CASE # : 00509503	prediction of lighting system perforn provided by others have not been fie that design parameters and other inf
Filename: Island Dance Cor	RAB neither warranties, either implie	
Drawn By: K. Gonzales, LC	by the Lighting Design. RAB neither wintent as compliant with any applical The Lighting design is issued, in who	

Filename: D:\Island Dance Company\Working Files\AGI\Island Dance Company 00509503C.AGI

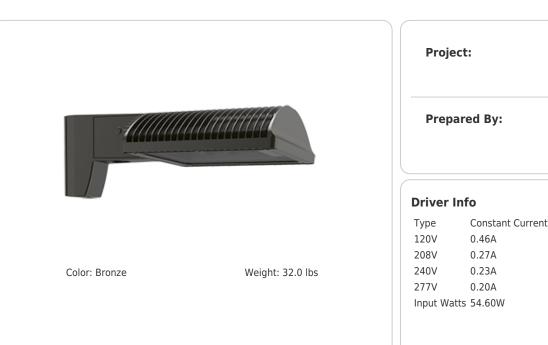
The Lighting design is issued, in whole or in par project's construction documentation package.

ergy Analysis and/or Visual Simulation ("Lighting Design") provided by the RAB Lighting Inc. ("RAB") represent an anticipated mance based upon design parameters and information supplied by others. These design parameters and information field verified by RAB and therefore actual measured r esults may vary from the actual field conditions. RAB recommends nformation be field verified to reduce variation.

lied or stated with regard to actual measured light levels or energy consumption levels as compared to those illustrated er warranties, either implied or stated, nor represents the appropriateness, completeness or suitability of the Lighting Design icable regulatory code requirements with the exception of those specifically stated on drawings created and submitted by RAB. hole or in part, as advisory documents for informational purposes and is not intended for construction nor as being part of a

ALED3T50Y

RAB



Technical Specifications

Listings

UL Listed:

Suitable for wet locations as a downlight

DLC Listed:

This product is on the Design Lights Consortium (DLC) Qualified Products List and is eligible for rebates from DLC Member Utilities. DLC Product Code: P0000178T

IESNA LM-79 & IESNA LM-80 Testing:

RAB LED luminaires and LED components have been tested by an independent laboratory in accordance with IESNA LM-79 and LM-80.

Dark Sky Conformance:

Conforms to (allows for conformance to) the requirements for the IDA's "Fixture Seal of Approval" as of March 1, 2016.

LED Characteristics

Lifespan:

100,000-hour LED lifespan based on IES LM-80 results and TM-21 calculations

LEDs:

Multi-chip, high-output, long-life LEDs

Color Consistency:

3-step MacAdam Ellipse binning to achieve consistent fixture-to-fixture color

Color Stability:

LED color temperature is warrantied to shift no more than 200K in color temperature over a 5-year period

Color Uniformity:

RAB's range of Correlated Color Temperature follows the guidelines of the American National Standard for Specifications for the Chromaticity of Solid State Lighting (SSL) Products, ANSI C78.377-2017.

Construction

IES Classification:

The Type III distribution is ideal for roadway, general parking and other area lighting applications where a larger pool of lighting is required. It is intended to be located near the side of the area, allowing the light to project outward and fill the area.

IP Rating:

Ingress Protection rating of IP66 for dust and water

Type:

Date:

LED Info

Color Temp

L70 Lifespan

Lumens

Efficacy

Color Accuracy 71 CRI

50W

100,000

119 lm/W

6,500

3000K (Warm)

Watts

Ambient Temperature:

Suitable For use in 40°C (104°F)

Cold Weather Starting:

Minimum starting temperature is -40°C (-40°F)

Thermal Management:

Superior thermal management design with external Air-Flow fins provides maximum operational life, even in high ambient temperature environments

Technical Specifications (continued)

Construction

Effective Projected Area:

EPA = 0.75

Housing:

Die-cast aluminum housing, lens frame and mounting arm

Mounting:

Universal mounting arm compatible for hole spacing patterns from 1" to 5 1/2" center to center. Round Pole Adaptor plate included as a standard. Easy slide and lock to mount fixture with ease. Round pole diameter must be >4" to mount fixtures at 90° orientation.

Reflector:

Specular vacuum-metallized polycarbonate

Gaskets:

High-temperature silicone gaskets

Finish:

Formulated for high durability and long-lasting color

Green Technology:

Mercury and UV free. RoHS-compliant components.

Electrical

Driver:

Constant Current, Class 2, 1400mA, 100-277V, 50-60Hz, 0.8A, Power Factor 99%

THD:

6.1% at 120V, 9.4% at 277V

Power Factor:

99.6% at 120V, 96% at 277V

Surge Protection:

6kV surge suppression protection tested in accordance with IEEE/ANSI C62.41.2.

Other

Patents:

The ALED[™] design is protected by patents pending in the U.S., Canada, China, Taiwan and Mexico.

BAA Compliance:

Click here for BAA compliance.

Warranty:

RAB warrants that our LED products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of delivery to the end user, including coverage of light output, color stability, driver performance and fixture finish. RAB's warranty is subject to all terms and conditions found at rablighting.com/warranty.

Equivalency:

Replaces 200W Metal Halide

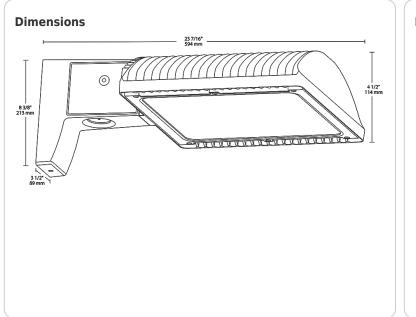
Buy American Act Compliance:

RAB values USA manufacturing! Upon request, RAB may be able to manufacture this product to be compliant with the Buy American Act (BAA). Please contact customer service to request a quote for the product to be made BAA compliant.

Optical

BUG Rating:

B0 U0 G1



Features

66% energy cost savings vs. HID 100,000-hour LED lifespan 5-Year, No-Compromise Warranty

ALED3T50Y

RAB

Family	Optics	Wattage	Mounting	Color Temp	Finish	Driver Options	Options	Other Options
	· ·		Hounting	· · · ·			options	
ALED	3T	50		Y				
	4T = Type IV 3T = Type III 2T = Type II	50 = 50W 78 = 78W 105 = 105W 125 = 125W 150 = 150W	Blank = Pole mount SF = Slipfitter	Blank = 5000K (Cool) N = 4000K (Neutral) Y = 3000K (Warm)	Blank = Bronze RG = Roadway Gray W = White K = Black	Blank = 120-277V /480 = 480V /BL = Bi-Level /D10 = 0-10V Dimming	Blank = No Option /LC = Lightcloud® Controller /PCS = 120V Swivel Photocell /PCS2 = 277V Swivel Photocell /PCT = 120-277V Twistlock Photocell /PCT4 = 480V Twistlock Photocell /PCT4 = 480V Twistlock Photocell /WS = Multi-Level Motion Sensor /WS2 = Multi-Level Motion Sensor 20 ft. /WS4 = Multi-Level Motion Sensor 40 ft.	Blank = Standard USA = BAA Compliant

SLIM12Y

RAB



12, 18 and 26 Watt SLIM wall packs are ultra efficient and deliver impressive light distribution with a compact low-profile design that's super easy to install as a downlight or uplight.

Color: Bronze

Weight: 4.5 lbs

Project: Type: Prepared By: Date:

Driver Inf	o	LED Info	
Туре	Constant Current	Watts	12W
120V	0.12A	Color Temp	3000K (Warm)
208V	0.08A	Color Accuracy	71 CRI
240V	0.07A	L70 Lifespan	100,000
277V	0.06A	Lumens	1,922
Input Watts	15.9W	Efficacy	120.9 lm/W

Technical Specifications

Listings

UL Listed:

Suitable for wet locations. Suitable for mounting within 1.2m (4ft) of the ground.

ADA Compliant:

SLIM[™] is ADA Compliant

IESNA LM-79 & LM-80 Testing:

RAB LED luminaires and LED components have been tested by an independent laboratory in accordance with IESNA LM-79 and LM-80.

DLC Listed:

This product is on the Design Lights Consortium (DLC) Qualified Products List and is eligible for rebates from DLC Member Utilities. DLC Product Code: P0000171L

Construction

IP Rating:

Ingress Protection rating of IP66 for dust and water

Cold Weather Starting:

Minimum starting temperature is -40°C (-40°F)

Maximum Ambient Temperature:

Suitable for use in 40°C (104°F)

Housing:

Precision die-cast aluminum housing

Mounting:

Heavy-duty mounting bracket with hinged housing for easy installation

Recommended Mounting Height:

Up to 8 ft

Lens:

Tempered glass lens

Reflector:

Specular thermoplastic

Gaskets:

High-temperature silicone

Finish:

Formulated for high durability and long-lasting color



Technical Specifications (continued)

Construction

Green Technology:

Mercury and UV free. RoHS-compliant components.

LED Characteristics

LED:

Multi-chip, long-life LED

Lifespan:

100,000-hour LED lifespan based on IES LM-80 results and TM-21 calculations

Color Consistency:

3-step MacAdam Ellipse binning to achieve consistent fixture-to-fixture color

Color Stability:

LED color temperature is warrantied to shift no more than 200K in color temperature over a 5year period

Color Uniformity:

RAB's range of Correlated Color Temperature follows the guidelines for the American National Standard for Specifications for the Chromaticity of Solid State Lighting (SSL) Products, ANSI C78.377-2017.

Other

Equivalency:

Equivalent to 70W Metal Halide

Patents:

The design of the SLIM[™] is protected by patents in U.S. Pat D681,864, and pending patents in Canada, China, Taiwan and Mexico.

HID Replacement Range:

Replaces 70W Metal Halide

Warranty:

RAB warrants that our LED products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of delivery to the end user, including coverage of light output, color stability, driver performance and fixture finish. RAB's warranty is subject to all terms and conditions found at <u>rablighting.com/warranty.</u>

Buy American Act Compliance:

RAB values USA manufacturing! Upon request, RAB may be able to manufacture this product to be compliant with the Buy American Act (BAA). Please contact customer service to request a quote for the product to be made BAA compliant.

Optical

BUG Rating:

B1 U1 G0

Electrical

Driver:

Constant Current, Class 2, 100-277V, 50/60 Hz., 4KV surge protection, 120V: 0.14A, 208V: 0.08A, 240V: 0.07A, 277V: 0.06A

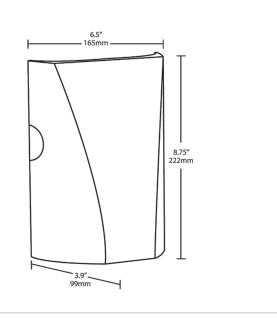
THD:

7.7% at 120V, 13.3% at 277V

Power Factor:

99.4% at 120V, 95.4% at 277V

Dimensions



Features

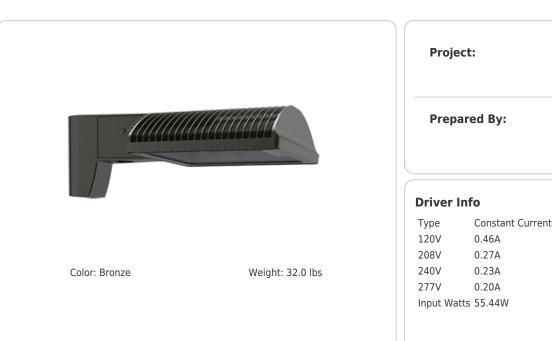
Full cutoff, fully shielded LED wall pack Can be used as a downlight or uplight Contractor friendly features for easy installation 100,000-hour LED Life 5-Year, No-Compromise Warranty

SLIM12Y

Family	g Matrix Wattage	Color Temp	Finish	Driver	Options
SLIM	12	Y			
	12 = 12W 18 = 18W 26 = 26W	Blank = 5000K (Cool) N = 4000K (Neutral) Y = 3000K (Warm)	Blank = Bronze W = White	Blank = Standard (120-277V) /D10 = Dimmable	Blank = No Option /PC = 120V Button /PC2 = 277V Button /LC = Lightcloud® Controller

ALED2T50Y

RAB



Technical Specifications

Listings

UL Listed:

Suitable for wet locations as a downlight

DLC Listed:

This product is on the Design Lights Consortium (DLC) Qualified Products List and is eligible for rebates from DLC Member Utilities. DLC Product Code: P0000178Q

IESNA LM-79 & IESNA LM-80 Testing:

RAB LED luminaires and LED components have been tested by an independent laboratory in accordance with IESNA LM-79 and LM-80.

Dark Sky Conformance:

Conforms to (allows for conformance to) the requirements for the IDA's "Fixture Seal of Approval" as of March 1, 2016.

LED Characteristics

Lifespan:

100,000-hour LED lifespan based on IES LM-80 results and TM-21 calculations

LEDs:

Multi-chip, high-output, long-life LEDs

Color Consistency:

3-step MacAdam Ellipse binning to achieve consistent fixture-to-fixture color

Color Stability:

LED color temperature is warrantied to shift no more than 200K in color temperature over a 5-year period

Color Uniformity:

RAB's range of Correlated Color Temperature follows the guidelines of the American National Standard for Specifications for the Chromaticity of Solid State Lighting (SSL) Products, ANSI C78.377-2017.

Construction

IES Classification:

The Type II distribution is ideal for wide walkways, on ramps and entrance roadways, bike paths and other long and narrow lighting applications. This type is meant for lighting larger areas and usually is located near the roadside. This type of lighting is commonly found on smaller side streets or jogging paths.

Effective Projected Area:

EPA = 0.75

IP Rating:

Ingress Protection rating of IP66 for dust and water

Type:

Date:

LED Info

Color Temp

L70 Lifespan

Lumens

Efficacy

Color Accuracy 71 CRI

50W

100,000

120.9 lm/W

6,703

3000K (Warm)

Watts

Ambient Temperature:

Suitable For use in 40°C (104°F)

Cold Weather Starting:

Minimum starting temperature is -40°C (-40°F)

Technical Specifications (continued)

Construction

Thermal Management:

Superior thermal management design with external Air-Flow fins provides maximum operational life, even in high ambient temperature environments

Housing:

Die-cast aluminum housing, lens frame and mounting arm

Mounting:

Universal mounting arm compatible for hole spacing patterns from 1" to 5 1/2" center to center. Round Pole Adaptor plate included as a standard. Easy slide and lock to mount fixture with ease. Round pole diameter must be >4" to mount fixtures at 90° orientation.

Reflector:

Specular vacuum-metallized polycarbonate

Gaskets:

High-temperature silicone gaskets

Finish:

Formulated for high durability and long-lasting color

Green Technology:

Mercury and UV free. RoHS-compliant components.

Electrical

Driver:

Constant Current, Class 2, 1400mA, 100-277V, 50-60Hz, 0.8A, Power Factor 99%

THD:

6.1% at 120V, 9.4% at 277V

Power Factor:

99.6% at 120V, 96% at 277V

Surge Protection:

6kV surge suppression protection tested in accordance with IEEE/ANSI C62.41.2.

Other

Patents:

The ALED $^{\rm tm}$ design is protected by patents pending in the U.S., Canada, China, Taiwan and Mexico.

Warranty:

RAB warrants that our LED products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of delivery to the end user, including coverage of light output, color stability, driver performance and fixture finish. RAB's warranty is subject to all terms and conditions found at <u>rablighting.com/warranty.</u>

Equivalency:

Replaces 200W Metal Halide

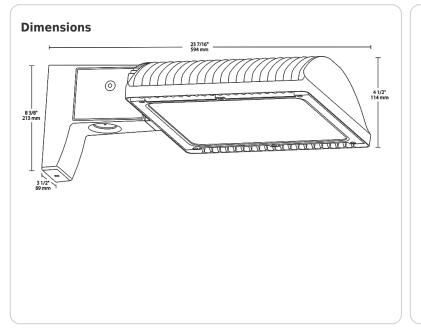
Buy American Act Compliance:

RAB values USA manufacturing! Upon request, RAB may be able to manufacture this product to be compliant with the Buy American Act (BAA). Please contact customer service to request a quote for the product to be made BAA compliant.

Optical

BUG Rating:

B1 U0 G1



Features

66% energy cost savings vs. HID 100,000-hour LED lifespan 5-Year, No-Compromise Warranty

ALED2T50Y

RAB

Family	Optics	Wattage	Mounting	Color Temp	Finish	Driver Options	Options	Other Options
ALED	2T	50		Y				•
	4T = Type IV 3T = Type III 2T = Type II	50 = 50W 78 = 78W 105 = 105W 125 = 125W 150 = 150W	Blank = Pole mount SF = Slipfitter	Blank = 5000K (Cool) N = 4000K (Neutral) Y = 3000K (Warm)	Blank = Bronze RG = Roadway Gray W = White K = Black	Blank = 120-277V /480 = 480V /BL = Bi-Level /D10 = 0-10V Dimming	Blank = No Option /LC = Lightcloud® Controller /PCS = 120V Swivel Photocell /PCS2 = 277V Swivel Photocell /PCT = 120-277V Twistlock Photocell /PCT4 = 480V Twistlock Photocell /PCT4 = 480V Twistlock Photocell /WS = Multi-Level Motion Sensor /WS2 = Multi-Level Motion Sensor 20 ft. /WS4 = Multi-Level Motion Sensor 40 ft.	Blank = Standard USA = BAA Compliant

C6R12930UNVW



Technical	Specifications
recificat	Specifications

Listings

UL Listed & UL Classified:

Suitable for wet locations

ENERGY STAR V2.2:

This product is ENERGY STAR® Version 2.2 Certified.

Energy Star Model Number:

DLC0014

Energy Star ID:

2350052

California Title 24:

Can be used to conform with the requirements of California Title 24 Part 6.

Electrical

Dimming Driver:

Driver includes dimming control wiring for 0-10V dimming systems. Requires separate 0-10V DC dimming circuit. Dims as low as 10%.

THDi:

Produces less than 20% THD

PF:

≥0.9

Input Voltage:

120V through 277V

Operating Frequency (Hz):

50/60Hz

Project: Type: **Prepared By:** Date: **Driver Info** LED Info Type **Constant Current** Watts 12W 0.11A 120V Color Temp 3000K (Warm) 208V 0.065A Color Accuracy 90 CRI 240V 0.055A L70 Lifespan 50,000 277V 0.045A Lumens 934

LED Characteristics

Lifespan:

50,000-hour LED lifespan based on IES LM-80 results and TM-21 calculations

Efficacy

91.6 lm/W

LEDs:

Input Watts 10.20W

Long-life, high-efficacy, surface-mount LEDs

Wattage Equivalency:

18W CFL

R9 Value:

High color performance with R9 greater than or equal to $50\,$



Technical Specifications (continued)

LED Characteristics

Flicker:

Silent and flicker free operations of less than 30%

Construction

IC Rated:

Suitable for direct contact with insulation. Type IC inherently protected, suitable for direct contact to air permeable insulation and cULus listed for damp locations. Not for use in direct contact with spray foam insulation, consult NEMA LSD57-2013.

Air Tight:

Housing certified Air Tight as per ASTM E283

Housing:

Made from precision die-cast aluminum construction, dissipates heat from electrical components

Cold Weather Starting:

The minimum starting temperature is -30°C (-22°F)

Maximum Ambient Temperature:

Suitable for use in 40°C (104°F)

Green Technology:

Mercury and UV free. RoHS-compliant components.

Mounting:

Robust retention clips spring loaded tabs ensure the fixture is securely installed. Can be installed in 1/4" to $1 \ 1/2$ " thick ceilings.

Dimension

Lens:

Diffuse Polystyrene lens produces smooth uniform light that is glare free

Finish:

Matte White

Optical

Beam Angle:

90°±10°

Other

Template:

Template included for easy ceiling cut out

Warranty:

RAB warrants that our LED products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of delivery to the end user, including coverage of light output, color stability, driver performance and fixture finish. RAB's warranty is subject to all terms and conditions found at <u>rablighting.com/warranty.</u>

Accessories:

<u>DLPLATE/T:</u> New Construction or Remodel Plate for T-Grid ceilings for use with 6" and 8" Models <u>DLPLATE/SJ:</u> New Construction Plate for Stud/Joist mounting for use with 6" and 8" Models

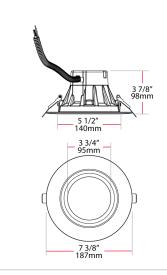
<u>DL6-8GOOF/R/P:</u> 8" Goof Ring for 6" Commercial Downlight

Buy American Act Compliance:

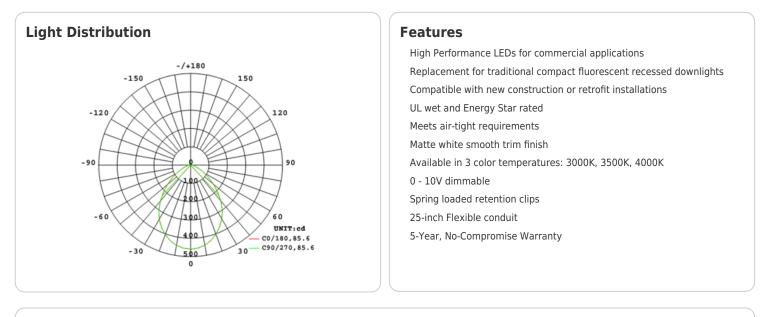
RAB values USA manufacturing! Upon request, RAB may be able to manufacture this product to be compliant with the Buy American Act (BAA). Please contact customer service to request a quote for the product to be made BAA compliant.

Case and Pallet Dimensions

	QTY LENGTH (in)		WIDTH (in)	HEIGHT (in)	
CASE	4	16.12	10.04	8.21	
PALLET	400	7.75	7.75	85.04	



C6R12930UNVW

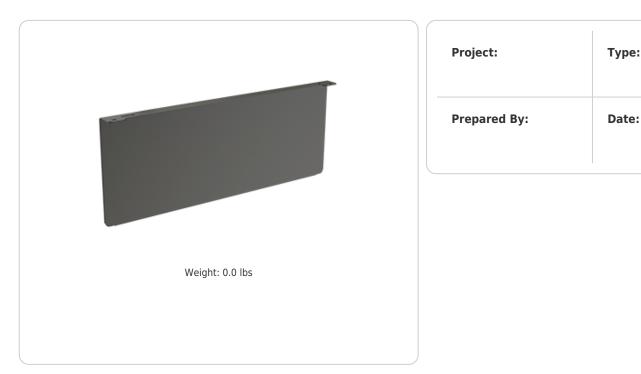


Ordering Matrix

Family	Size	Shape	Wattage	CRI/Color Temp	Voltage	Finish
С	6	R	12	930	UNV	W
	6 = 6" 8 = 8"	R = Round	12 = 900lm-1050lm 18 = 1500lm-1700lm 24 = 2000lm-2300lm 33 = 3000lm-3500lm	940 = 90 CRI, 4000K (Neutral) 935 = 90 CRI, 3500K (Warm Neutral) 930 = 90 CRI, 3000K (Warm) 840 = 80 CRI, 4000K (Neutral) 835 = 80 CRI, 3500K (Warm Neutral) 830 = 80 CRI, 3000K (Warm)	UNV = 120-277V (0-10V Dimming)	W = White

ALED150SS

RAB



Technical Specifications

Other

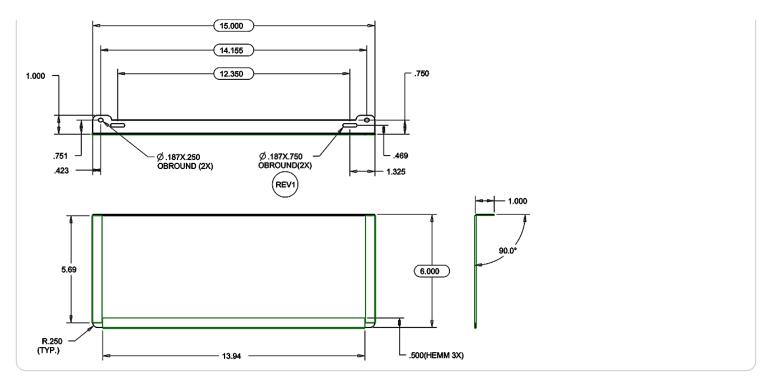
Buy American Act Compliance:

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Dimensions

ALED150SS

RAB



PR4-11-15D2

RAB



Technical Specifications

Listings	Color:
CSA Listed:	Bronze powder coating
Suitable for wet locations	Height:
Construction	15 FT
Description:	Gauge:
Steel pole 4" round 11 gauge 15 foot drilled two	11
sides square base	Wall Thickness:
Shaft:	1/8"
46,000 p.s.i. minimum yield.	Shaft Size:
Hand Holes:	4"
Reinforced with grounding lug and removable cover	
Base Plates:	
Slotted base plates 36,000 p.s.i.	

Anchor Bolt Templates:

WARNING Template must be printed on 11" x 17" sheet for actual size. CHECK SCALE BEFORE USING. Templates shipped with anchor bolts and available <u>online</u>.

Max EPA's/Max Weights:

70MPH 11.7 ft./650 lb. 80MPH 8.5 ft./595 lb. 90MPH 6.2 ft./530 lb. 100MPH 4.6 ft./430 lb. 110MPH 3.4 ft./325 lb. 120MPH 2.5 ft./295lb. 130MPH 1.8 ft./220 lb. 140MPH 1.3 ft./200 lb. 150MPH 0.8 ft./165 lb

Accessories:

Base/Cap: <u>BCK-R4</u> Anchor Bolts: <u>BOLT4/11</u>

Other

Terms of Sale:

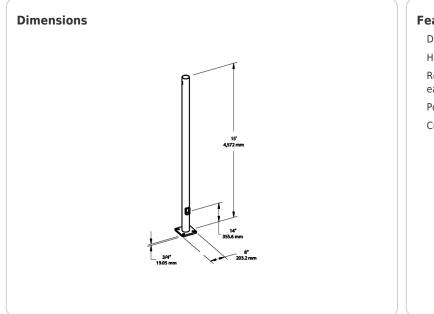
Pole Terms of Sale is available online.

Technical Specifications (continued)

Other

Buy American Act Compliance:

RAB values USA manufacturing! Upon request, RAB may be able to manufacture this product to be compliant with the Buy American Act (BAA). Please contact customer service to request a quote for the product to be made BAA compliant.



Ordering Matrix

Family	Shape	Size	Gauge	Height	Drilled/Welded Tenon
Р	R	4	11	15	D2
	R = Round TR = Taped Round	4 = 4" 5 = 5" 6 = 6" 7 = 7" 8 = 8"	7 = 7 11 = 11	10 = 10' 15 = 15' 20 = 20' 25 = 25' 30 = 30'	D2 = Drilled WT = Welded Tenon

Need help? Tech help line: **(888) 722-1000** Email: **custserv@rablighting.com** Website: **www.rablighting.com** Copyright © 2020 RAB Lighting All Rights Reserved Note: Specifications are subject to change at any time without notice

Features

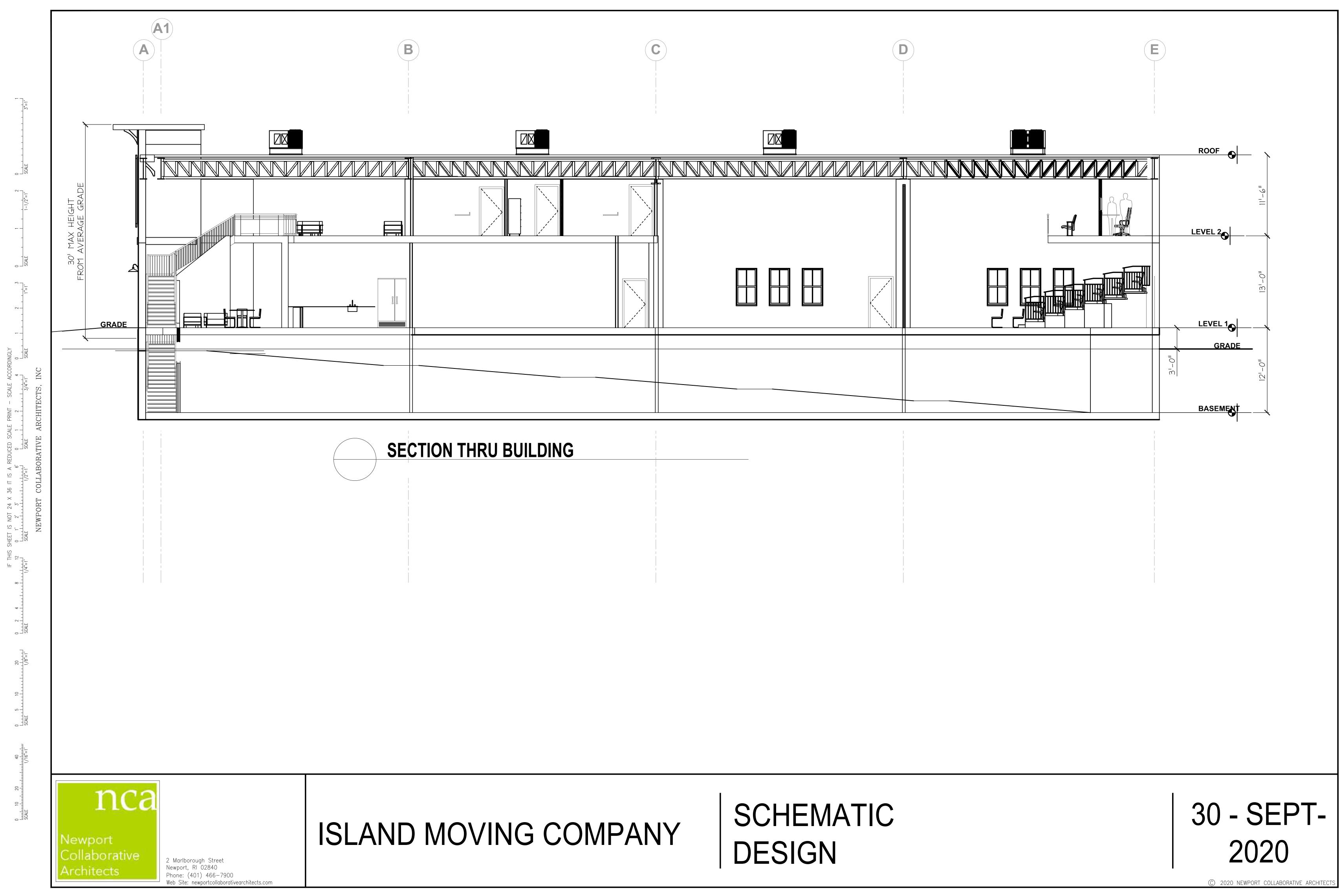
Designed for ground mounting

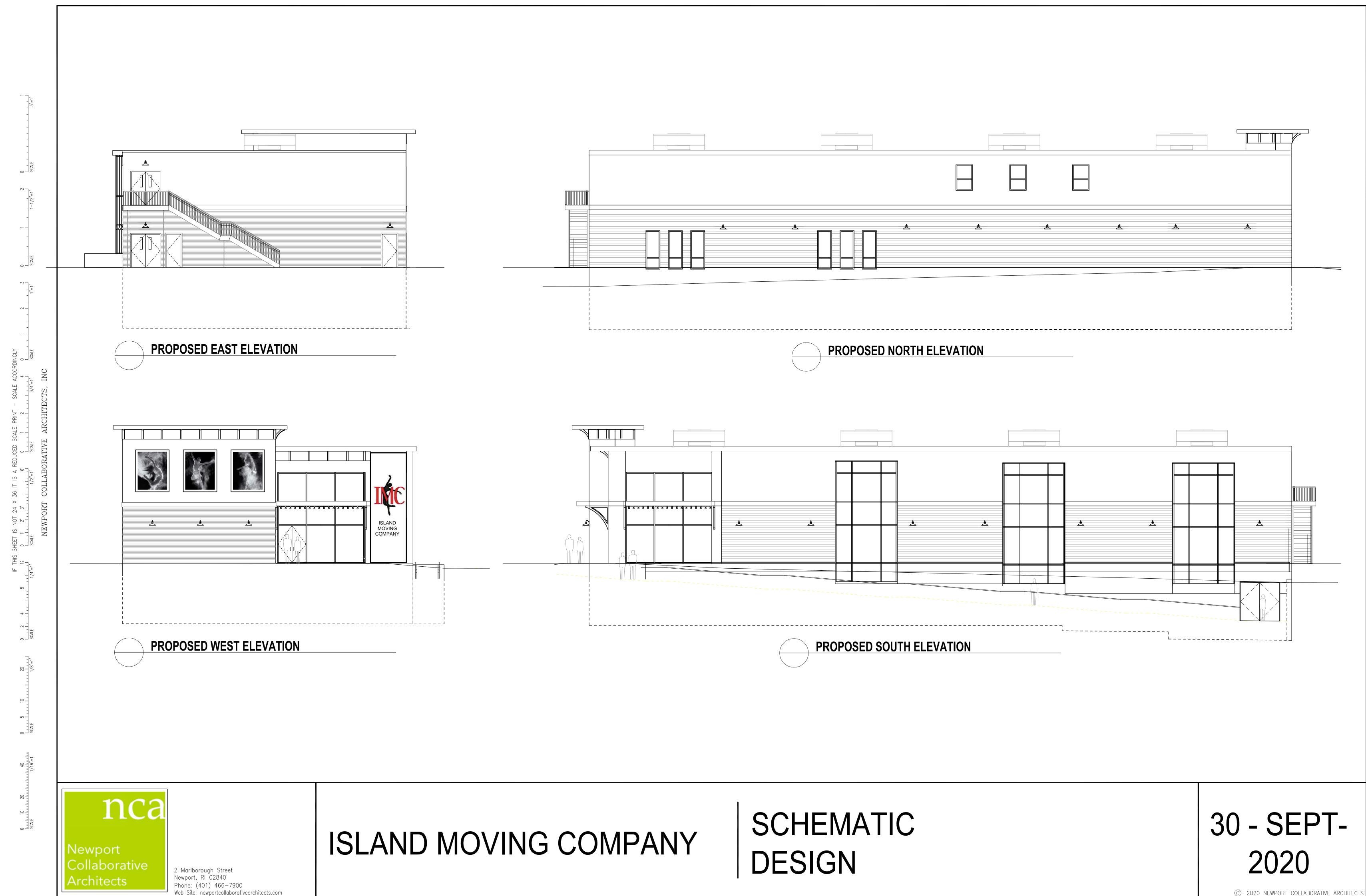
Heavy duty TGIC polyester coating

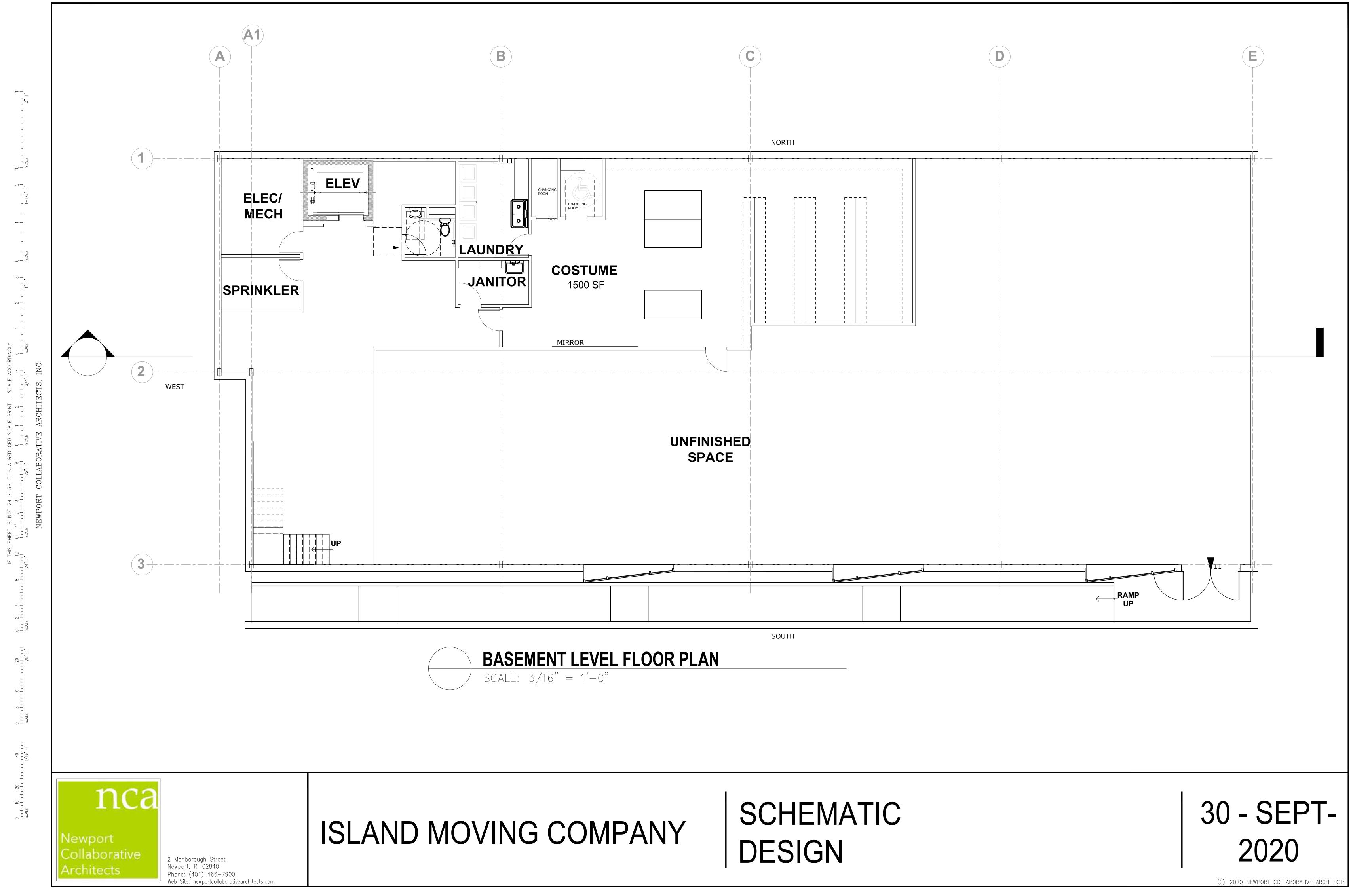
Reinforced hand holes with grounding lug and removable cover for easy wiring access

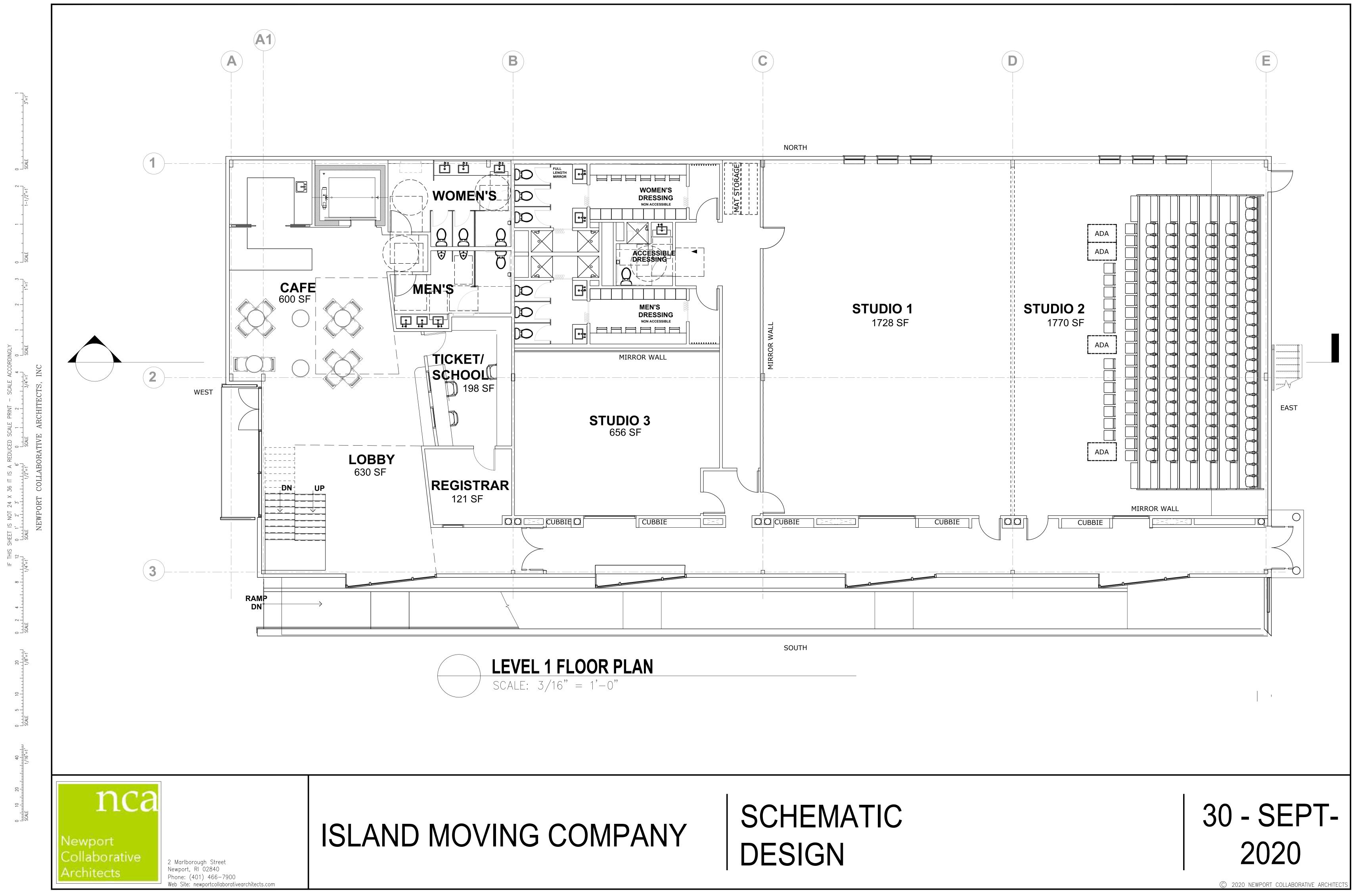
Pole caps, base covers & bolts are sold separately

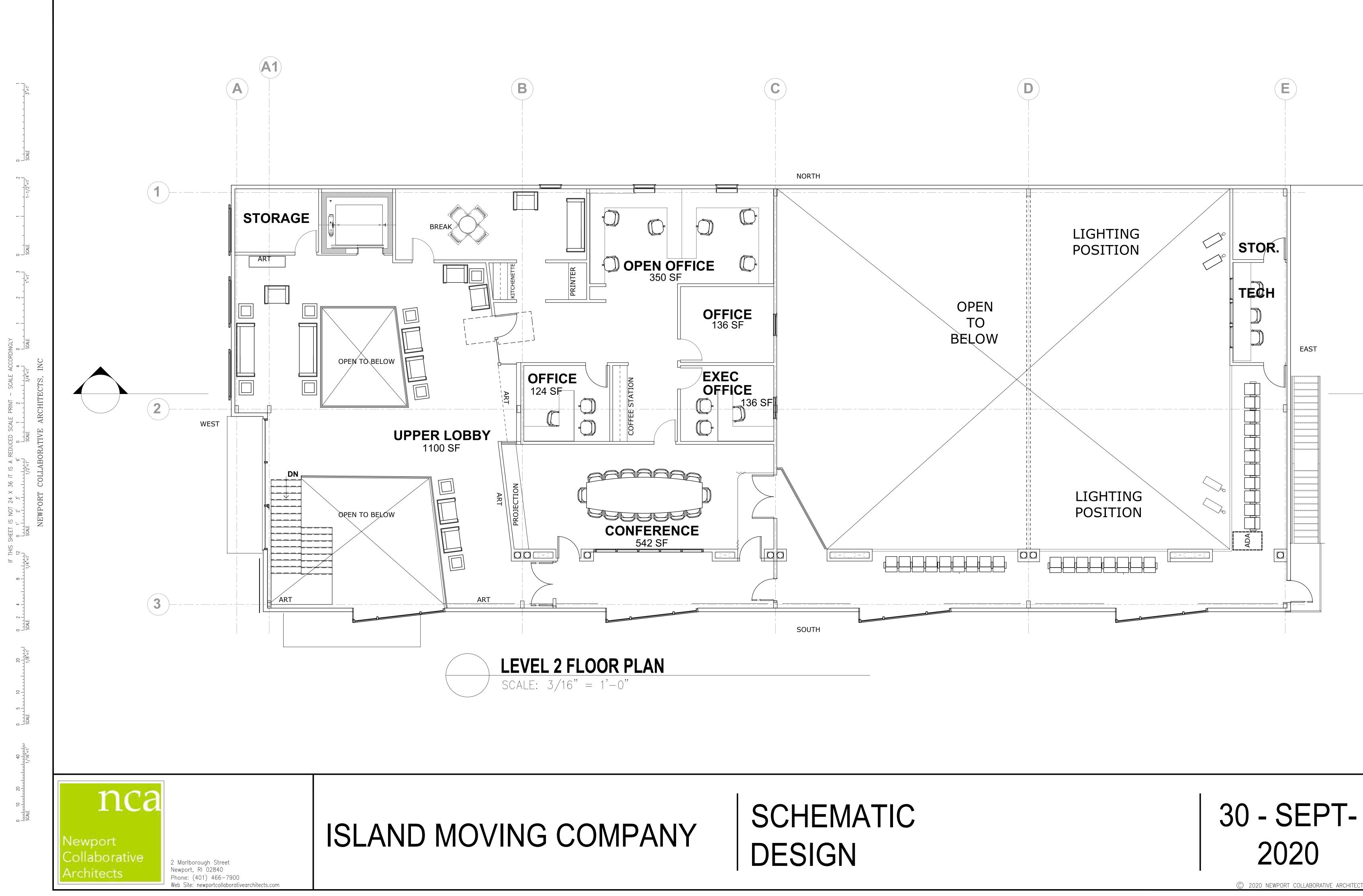
Custom manufactured for each application

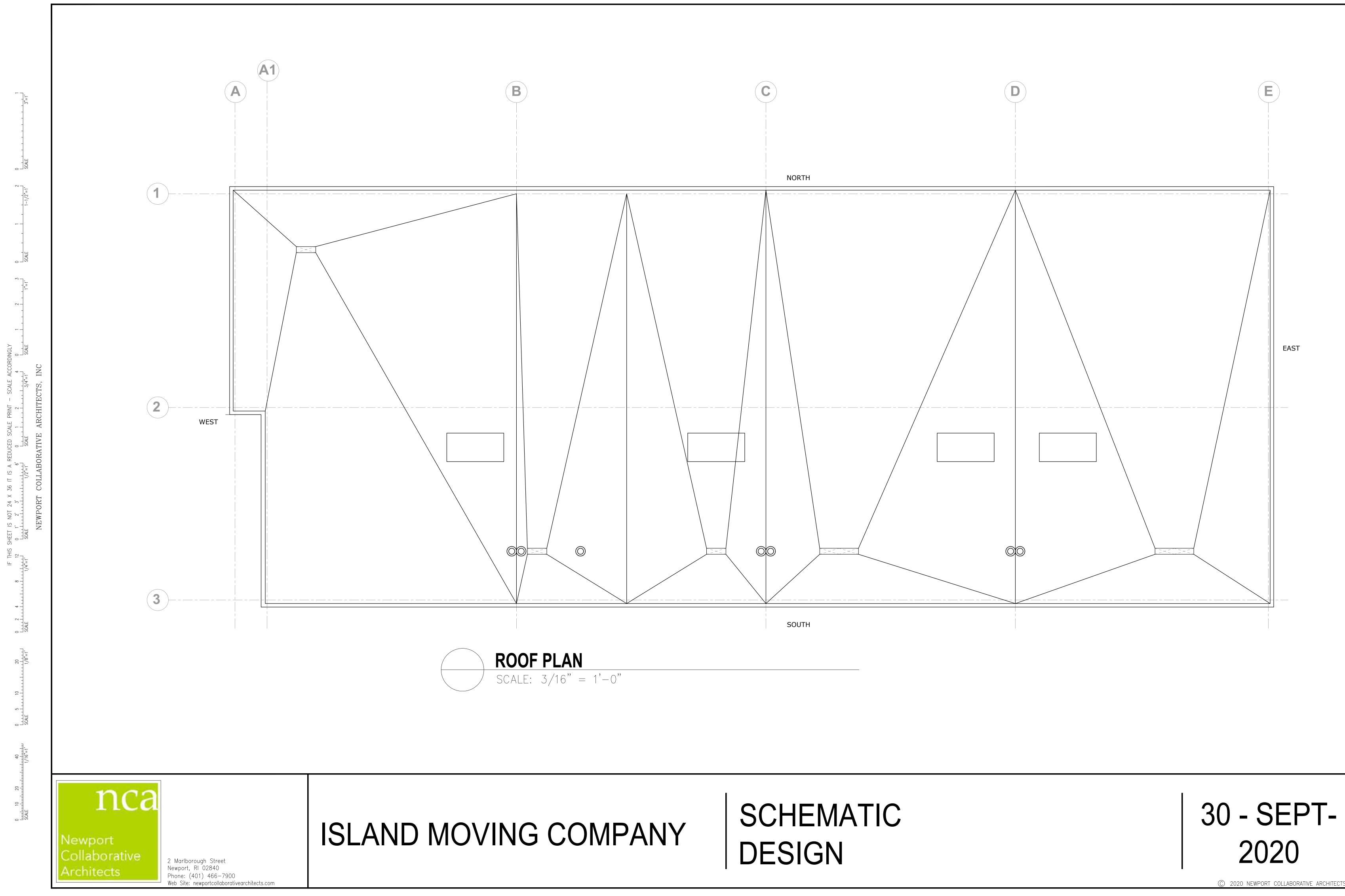


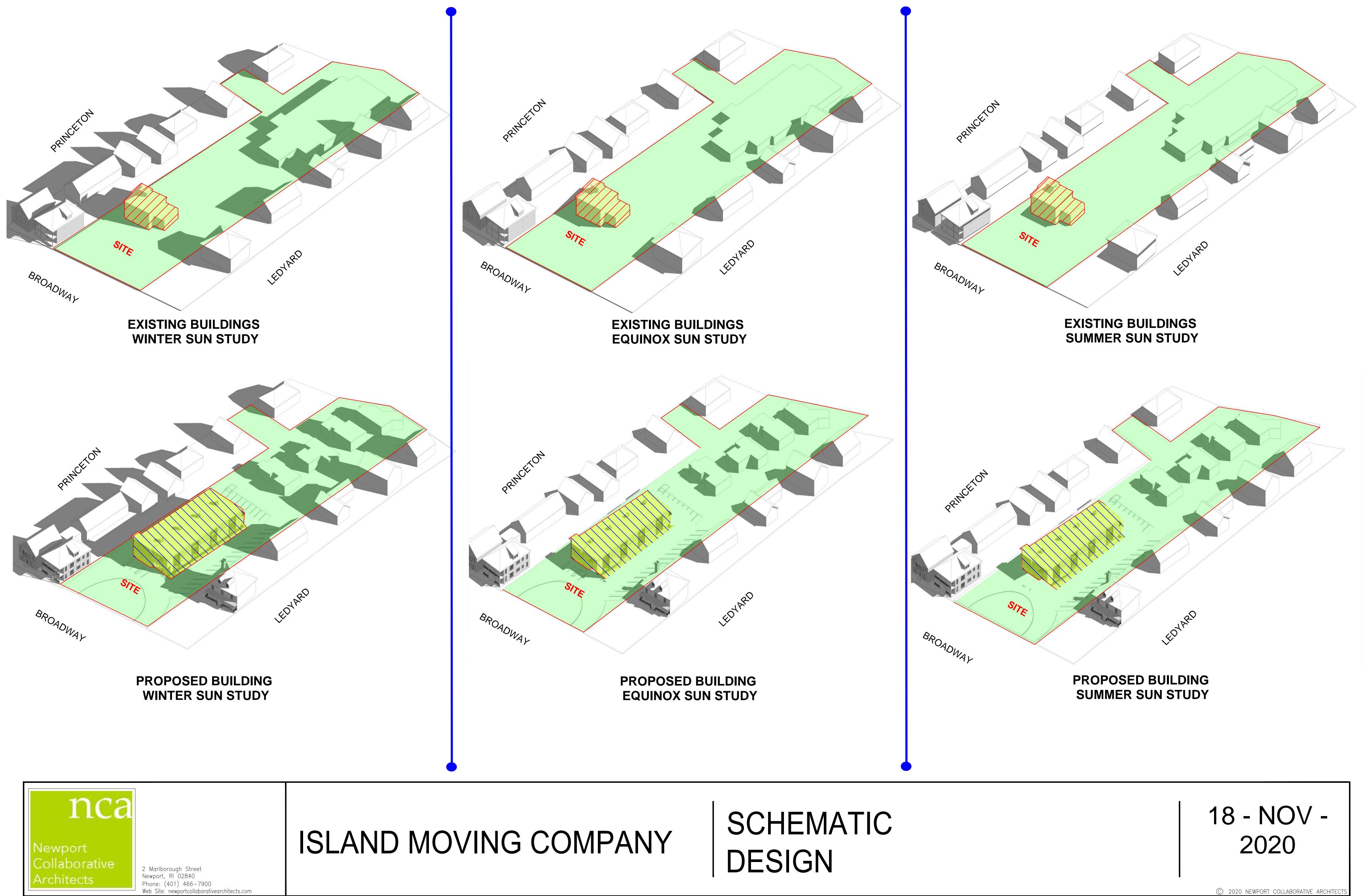












Stormwater Runoff Analysis

Proposed Dance School and Residential Subdivision

Assessor's Map 6, Lot 11 Broadway and Princeton Street Newport, RI

> Prepared For Island Dance Studio P.O. Box 746 Newport, RI 02840

JEREMY J. ROSA 9826 No. GINEE PRO Rev. July 2020

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1.0 PROJECT NARRATIVE

1.1 SITE INFORMATION

City / Town:	Newport, Rhode Island
Adjacent Roadways:	(435) Broadway, Princeton Street and Ledyard Street
Lot(s) identification:	A.P. 6 Lot 11
Zoning District:	R-10
Current Use:	Former School (disused)
Site Area:	1.82 Acres
FEMA Zone and Map:	Zone "X" (Panel 44005C0093J)

1.2 **EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS AND SITE CONDITIONS**

The existing property contains a two-story wood building and a single 13,000+/- square foot story brick building formerly used as the "Tripplet School". The larger facility is located at the rear of the parcel away from Broadway while the smaller structure fronts on this roadway. The remainder of the property is primarily occupied by paved parking areas and access travel ways. A small area of landscaping is present at the Broadway frontage. The site can be accessed from the rear via a narrow, paved, right of way connecting to the intersection of Ledyard Street and Brook Street Extension. The parcel also has narrow frontage on Princeton Street, though there is no curb cut on the municipal sidewalk. The property is surrounded on all sides by high density residential uses. The structures are served by municipal sewer and water. Overhead electric and communication lines run along the southwest side of lot. Surface drainage inlets are located at the center of the property and at the rear along the southeast property line. These drains connect to the municipal drainage system. There are no private water quality or water retentions systems located on-site.

1.3 **PROTECTED FEATURES**

There are no wetlands or other features protected by the state present on site. The site does not lie within any coastal or freshwater wetland jurisdiction. No natural vegetation exists on site and landscaping is limited to the northwest side of the property fronting Broadway.

1.4 SITE TERRAIN AND SOILS

In general, the site slopes from the northwest towards single family properties to the southeast and to Brook Street Extension. The soil type on site is Np (Newport silt loam) as designated by the USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service. This is generally a type C hydrologic soil common to this area of Aquidneck Island. Class IV soil evaluations performed on site revealed loams with a 15 to 38-inch water table, increasing as the property slopes to the southeast.



1.5 **PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS**

The owner intends to demolish all existing structures and the majority of the pavement. The paved access from Broadway is to remain. The owner then intends to construct an 8,444+/- square foot dance school at the northwest end of the property with associated paved parking. A portion of this parking shall be pervious. The remainder of the lot is to be subdivided to create four new single-family properties. Three of these proposed lots are to be accessed from a new shared curb cut on Princeton Street. The final lot is to be accessed from the existing site rear access to Ledyard Street and Brook Street Extension. Each of the new residential lots will be provided with land area conforming to the R10 zoning. These new properties will be served my municipal water and sewer. The new dance school will also be provided with municipal services, either by the existing services lines or by new services tapped with permission from Newport Department of Utilities. Electrical and communications are proposed from the overhead lines running along the southwest boundary; however, these services are subject to design review by the providing entities.

In general, the total amount of impervious surfaces across the site will be reduced. Stormwater controls for this development include an underground infiltration system for the dance school rooftop, a surface sand filter for parking lot water quality, and subsurface infiltration systems for each of the single-family residences. Surface flow for this property will continue to be collected in the municipal surface located at the east end of the site. Additionally, discharge stormwater from the school drainage system will be directly connected to this municipal infrastructure.



2.0 PROPOSED ALTERATIONS AND STORMWATER CONSIDERATIONS

2.1 STORMWATER SYSTEM OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the project stormwater system are to accomplish the following:

- Provide water quality treatment for stormwater runoff in accordance with the Rhode Island Stormwater Design and Installation Standards Manual
- Reduce or maintain the peak rate of runoff to all design points for the 1, 10, and 100-Year Type III 24-hour storm events.
- Maintain the overall drainage patterns from the site to the extent practicable.
- Reduce peak runoff and stormwater impact to the downstream abutters.

2.2 **REDEVELOPMENT SITE**

As the existing site lot coverage consists of more than 40% impervious and more than 10,000 square feet of this impervious surface is to be developed, this project qualify as a "redevelopment site" per section 3.2.6 of the RISDISM. Per this section of the Manual, only Standards, 2, 3, and 7-11 must be addressed. Specifically, recharge and stormwater quality shall be managed in accordance with one of the following techniques:

- Reduce existing impervious area by at least 50% of the redevelopment area;
- Implement other LID techniques to the maximum extent practicable to provide recharge and water quality management for at least 50% of the redevelopment area;
- Use on-site structural BMPs to provide recharge and water quality management for at least 50% of the redevelopment area; or
- Any combination of these techniques.

2.3 MINIMUM STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

2.3.1 MINIMUM STANDARD 1: LID SITE PLANNING AND DESIGN STRATEGIES

The proposed development utilizes LID designs conforming to the RISDISM. These elements are located immediately downstream of the new improvements and will directly treat the newly generated runoff with minimal interception of clean runoff. This standard is not required for qualifying redevelopment sites per section 3.2.6 of the RISDISM.

2.3.2 MINIMUM STANDARD 2: GROUNDWATER RECHARGE

This majority of this standard shall be met by reducing the area of post construction impervious surfaces via the redevelopment standard. A total of **4,382** square feet of impervious surfaces require groundwater recharge. This equates to a total of **91** cubic feet of recharge volume based on the underlying hydrologic soil type. This recharge volume will be addressed by a rooftop infiltration system for the dance school. Based on the HydroCAD analysis for the water quality storm, a total of **305** cubic feet of recharge is provided. Refer to Appendix F for recharge calculations. Refer to Appendix E for the water quality storm



analysis. It should be noted that each of the residential infiltration systems will provide additional recharge.

2.3.3 MINIMUM STANDARD 3: WATER QUALITY

This majority of this standard shall be met by reducing the area of post construction impervious surfaces via the redevelopment standard. A total of **4,382** square feet of impervious surfaces require water quality treatment. This equates to a total of **365** cubic feet of water quality treatment. This will be addressed by a surface sand filter providing treatment for the paved dance school parking lot. Based on the sizing of the device, a total of **1,510** cubic feet of water quality volume is provided. Refer to Appendix F for design calculations. Refer to Appendix E for the water quality storm analysis. It should be noted that each of the residential infiltration systems will provide additional water quality. Each system will provide sufficient water quality volume to treat the residential rooftops.

2.3.4 MINIMUM STANDARD 4: CONVEYANCE AND NATURAL CHANNEL PROTECTION

This standard is not required for qualifying redevelopment sites per section 3.2.6 of the RISDISM.

2.3.5 MINIMUM STANDARD 5: OVERBANK FLOOD PROTECTION

The TR-20 HydroCAD model demonstrates that the proposed system will successfully mitigate the 100year storm event. In these calculations, all pre-development land was characterized as "good condition" as required by this standard. A small off-site component of runoff passes through the development area, which was also modeled as "good condition". The modeling also demonstrates that the structures and stormwater devices will safely pass the 100-year storm event without flooding or breaching. While this standard has been met, it is not required for qualifying redevelopment sites per section 3.2.6 of the RISDISM.

2.3.6 MINIMUM STANDARD 6: REDEVELOPMENT AND INFILL PROJECTS

As stated in section 2.2 above, this project qualifies as a development project. The site is comprised of **1.82** acres of which **1.26** acres are existing impervious surfaces. This equates to approximately 69%. Only 40% is required to qualify as a redevelopment site.

2.3.7 MINIMUM STANDARD 7: POLLUTION PREVENTION

Source controls and pollution prevention measures will be present during all phases of construction. A separate stormwater pollution prevention plan (Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Narrative) will be prepared and provided upon request.



2.3.8 MINIMUM STANDARD 8: LAND USES WITH HIGHER POTENTIAL POLLUTANT LOADS

The use of this property does not quality as a LUHPPL and does not require any specific source controls, limited BMPs, or and additional state permitting.

2.3.9 MINIMUM STANDARD 9: ILLICIT DISCHARGES

Neither the using use nor any proposed uses will include any discharges considered to be "illicit" per this section of the Manual.

2.3.10 MINIMUM STANDARD 10: SOILS EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Soil erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented during all phases of construction. A SESC plan has been provided in the permitting plan set and a separate Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Narrative will be provided upon request.

2.3.11 MINIMUM STANDARD 11: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

An Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Document will be prepared and submitted in addition to this narrative. This document satisfies the minimum requirements of this standard.

2.4 OVERALL STORMWATER DESIGN FUNCTION

The overall design of the stormwater system is to provide reduction in peak rate of runoff, reduction in total volume runoff, and water quality volume through the provision of new pervious surfaces, a surface sand filter and a subsurface infiltration system. These devices are to be situated downstream of the proposed improvements and upstream of the existing receiving point for the runoff from this catchment. The existing drainage patterns across the site will be minimally impacted. There will be no negative impact to the receiving municipal drainage system.



3.0 DESIGN MODELING METHODOLOGY

Runoff and routing calculations have been performed for the watershed areas affected by the proposed development under existing and proposed development conditions scenarios. Time of concentration and runoff curve number calculations have been performed using the method described in NRCS Technical Release 55 – Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds. The TR-20 based HydroCAD modeling software has been utilized to perform the more complex runoff and routing calculations, most of which are beyond the scope of the TR-55 method.

Design rainfall events have been modeled using the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) Type III hydrograph for 24-hour duration storms. The rainfall depth for each return period is taken from the RISDISM. This guidance document splits the state into five regions for rainfall frequency based on county. The project site is located in the Washington County region defined in the RISDISM. The rainfall frequency values recommended by RIDEM and used in this drainage analysis are listed in the table below.

Rainfall Frequency Values for Newport County Rhode Island with 24-Hour Storm Duration							
F	RIDEM Stormwater Design and Installation Standards manual 3/15						
Frequency	1-Yr	2-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	100-Yr		
Inches of Rainfall	2.8	3.3	4.9	6.1	8.6		

The existing and proposed conditions runoff calculations were analyzed and the proposed stormwater devices were designed to mitigate the peak runoff for the 1, 10, and 100-year 24-hour design storms. The resulting design effectively mitigates and treats runoff from newly developed areas of the site before allowing it to discharge in a non-erosive manner to downstream areas in accordance with the RISDISM.

3.1 ANALYSIS DESIGN POINTS AND OFF-SITE CONTRIBUTIONS

The proposed development contributes stormwater runoff to the following design points. These design points provide a direct comparison for pre-construction and post-construction runoff flows and runoff volumes.

- 1. Broadway
- 2. Brook Street Extension drainage system via existing inlets

The following off-site areas contribute surface stormwater runoff to these design points. This runoff either drains through the project area or contributes in some manner which directly affects the design of the stormwater system and has been included in the design calculations. These areas are:

1. Small residential properties to the northeast which front on Princeton Street.



Watershed maps for both the existing and proposed conditions can be found in Appendix B. These maps demonstrate the areas of the site which contribute to each of the design points and indicate the general pattern of surface or piped runoff flow.

3.2 **PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES**

The exact sizes of the proposed residences have yet to be determined. For the purposes of the stormwater design calculations, the residences have been assumed to be maximum size allowed by the zoning ordinance (20% of the total lot area). These building footprints have also been used to determine the required volumes of the individual infiltration systems. Please note that the infiltration systems for the residences have not been included in the HydroCAD model. These systems will provide attenuation and volume reduction beyond that shown in the hydrodynamic model.

3.3 **RESIDENCE BASEMENT SUMP PUMP DISCHARGE**

Each of the four (4) proposed residences may be provided with a sump pump with a surface discharge. The potential groundwater volume intercepted from these pumps during a 24-hour storm event was calculated based on a 24-inch water table. This value was estimated at the rear of the site based on the soil evaluations performed. In actuality, the intercepted volume will likely be less, particularly during the dry seasons. The groundwater flow collected and discharged to the surface was calculated. These full calculations can be found in Appendix F.

The estimated groundwater flow intercepted by a residence sump pump was determined to be approximately **0.00065 cfs** or **57 cubic feet** during a 24-hour storm event **(0.001 af)**. This equates to a total of **0.0026 cfs** and **228 cubic feet** for all four residences. The actual flow will be less for residences downstream of other residences, due to the interruption in groundwater flow. For the following stormwater runoff summaries, these values have been added to the output from the HydroCAD model.



4.0 STORMWATER RUNOFF COMPARISONS

Analysis of the existing and proposed runoff during design storms demonstrates that there will no increase in the peak runoff and total volume runoff to the downstream design points as a result of the development.

Comparisons of the runoff at the design points are given below in. The runoff volumes given have been evaluated over a 24-hour period. All of the HydroCAD modeling worksheets are attached in Appendix C and D. *The values in the following tables have been adjusted from the HydroCAD worksheets based on the groundwater interception calculations indicated in Section 3.3 above*.

4.1 SUMMARY OF STORMWATER CALCULATIONS

Table 4.1.1 Comparison of Runoff Values at the Design Point (101 vs. 201)

(Broadway)

Storm Return Period	Existing Conditions Peak Runoff (cfs)	Proposed Conditions Peak Runoff (cfs)	Existing Conditions Volume Runoff (af)	Proposed Conditions Volume 24 hr Runoff (af)
1-year	0.20	0.17	0.014	0.012
10-year	0.51	0.44	0.035	0.030
100-year	1.08	0.95	0.075	0.067

Table 4.1.2 Comparison of Runoff Values at the Design Point (102 vs. 202) (Brook Street Extension)

Storm Return Period	Existing Conditions Peak Runoff (cfs)	Proposed Conditions Peak Runoff (cfs)	Existing Conditions Volume Runoff (af)	Proposed Conditions Volume 24 hr Runoff (af)				
1-year	3.24	1.85	0.314	0.275				
10-year	6.77	6.38	0.672	0.644				
100-year	12.95	12.19	1.330	1.343				



5.0 STORMWATER BMPS

5.1 SAND FILTER

Description

A Sand Filter is designed to capture and temporarily store the water quality storm runoff volume and pass it through a sand media layer. In areas of shallow water tables or poorly draining soils, the media is lined with an impermeable membrane and the filtered runoff is collected by an underdrain. This treated runoff is then discharged downgradient. In areas of deeper water tables and well-draining soils, the filtered stormwater is infiltrated into the undisturbed strata below the filter. High flow runoff to a sand filter typically passes over an overflow weir to a volume control device. Sand filters are not intended to have permanent pools and should drain within 24 hours. The filter beds are planted with water tolerant grasses selected from the <u>Rhode Island Coastal Plant Guide</u> or Appendix B of the RIDISM.

The stormwater design for this development includes the following sand filters.

Device ID (HydroCAD): SF1
 Location: Southeast of Dance School
 Subwatershed treated: 202A
 Lined or Unlined: Lined
 Discharge location: Swale and Link 202

5.2 CONVEYANCE STRUCTURES

Description

Conveyance structures include all man-made subsurface structures which collect and convey stormwater surface runoff across the site, typically to stormwater treatment or control devices. These structures include catch basins, curb inlets, drain manholes, culverts, and pipes. These structures are typically made of concrete or high-density plastics. In smaller scale projects, these conveyance structures consist of roof leaders and downspouts.



5.3 **INFILTRATION CHAMBERS**

Description

Subsurface infiltration chambers allow for temporary storage and infiltration into underlying soil, effectively providing water quality and groundwater recharge. An outlet structure meters outlet flow from the subsurface chambers to relieve pressure within the system and regulates peak runoff.

The stormwater design for this development includes the following infiltrating subsurface chambers:

- Location: Under parking lot southeast of dance school Subwatershed served: 202B Chamber type: Cultec 100HD Number of chambers: 30 Pretreatment device: None Infiltration rate and determination: 0.27 in/hr based on soil type (silt loam) Separation to groundwater: 12" (not a water quality device, recharge only)
- Location(s): Adjacent to each proposed residence Subwatershed served: 202B Chamber type: Cultec 100HD Number of chambers: 6 per residence Pretreatment device: None Infiltration rate and determination: 0.27 in/hr based on soil type (silt loam) Separation to groundwater: 24"



6.0 CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MAINTENANCE PLAN

During the period of construction and/or until long term vegetation is established, the erosion control measures shall be inspected.

- A. Straw wattle shall be inspected as indicated in the plan details. At a minimum these devices shall be inspected and repaired once a week and/or immediately following a significant rainfall or snowmelt. Sediment trapped behind these barriers shall be excavated when it reaches a depth of 6" and regraded on the site.
- B. Any erosion control blankets employed throughout the site shall be inspected on a weekly basis.
- C. Any stone construction entrance(s) shall be inspected weekly, and re-established or repaired as necessary. These devices shall be inspected monthly for excessive accumulation of sediment. It may be necessary to remove stones, excavate sediment, and replace stones. If existing paved entrances are utilized to remove construction sediment from vehicle tires, these areas shall be swept on a similar basis. The stabilized construction entrance(s) shall be removed prior to final surfacing.
- D. Seeded areas shall be fertilized and reseeded as necessary to ensure establishment of a vegetative growth that meets the approval of reviewing entities.
- E. Maintenance of the stormwater system during construction shall be the responsibility of the site contractor. Once construction of the site is complete, maintenance of the system shall be the responsibility of the owner(s).

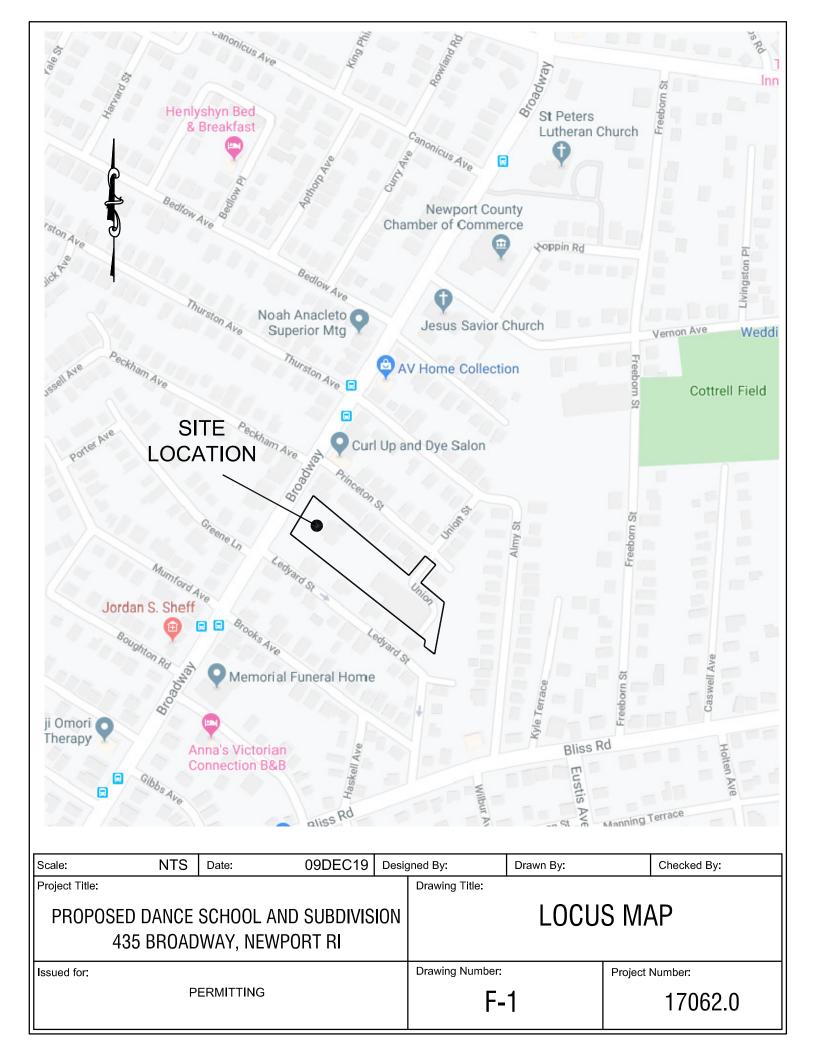


7.0 LIMITATIONS AND SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 1. NE&C's evaluation was performed in accordance with generally accepted practices of other consultants undertaking similar studies at the same time and in the same geographical area, and NE&C observed the degree of care and skill generally exercised by other consultants under similar circumstances and conditions. No warrantee expressed or implied is made.
- 2. Any additional research conducted should be reviewed by Northeast Engineers & Consultants, Inc., such that the conclusions presented herein may be modified.
- 3. All observations documented in this report were performed under the existing conditions at the time of the assessment.
- 4. This report has been prepared on the behalf of and is for the exclusive use of the Client. This report and findings contained herein shall not, in whole or in part be disseminated or conveyed to any party, nor used by any other party in whole or in part, without the written consent of NE&C.



APPENDIX A FIGURES



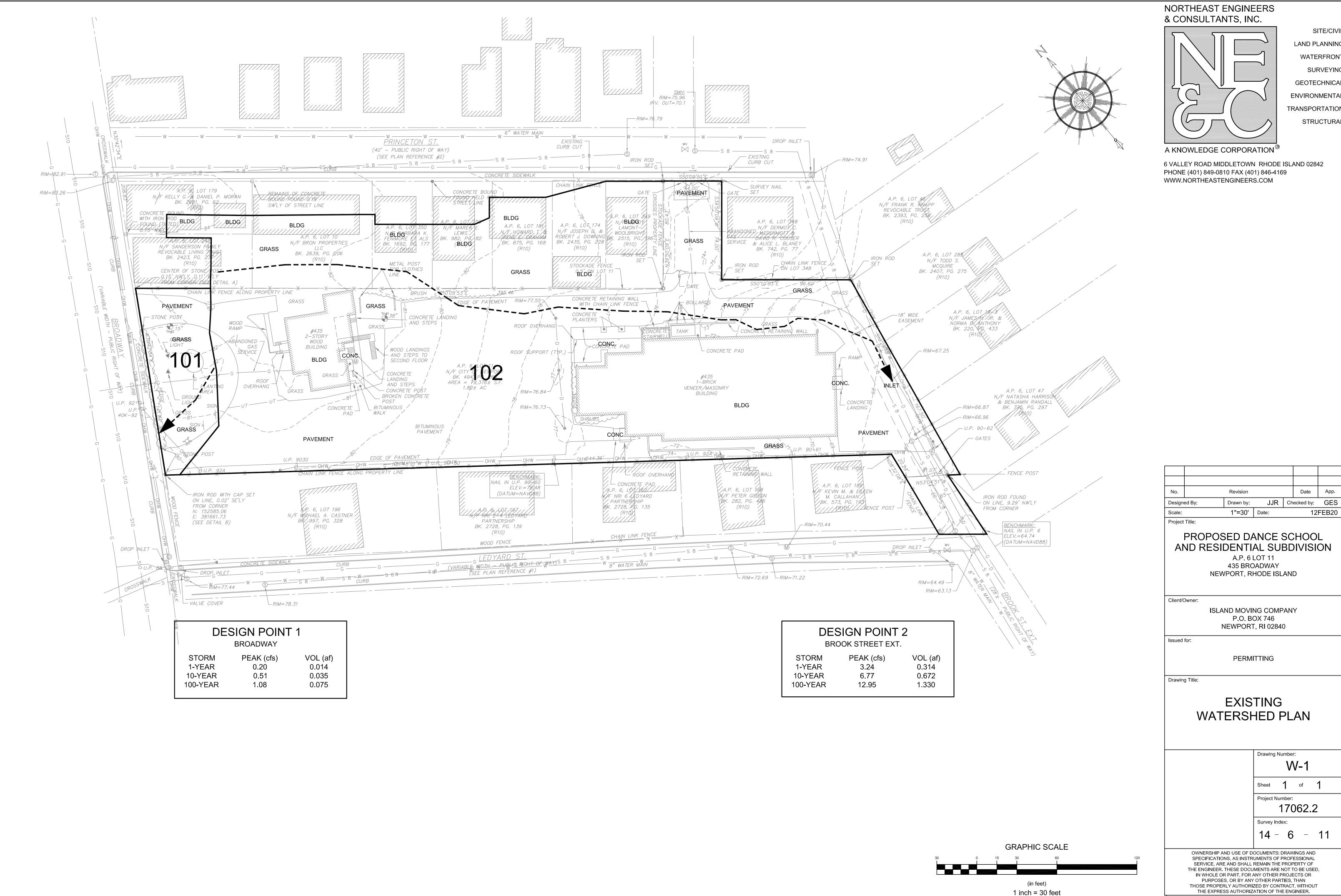


Tuneral Home						
Scale:	NTS	Date:	09DEC19	Designed By:	Drawn By:	Checked By:

Project Title:	Drawing Title:	•		
PROPOSED DANCE SCHOOL AND 435 BROADWAY, NEWPOF		AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH		
Issued for:	Drawing Number	:	Project Number:	
PERMITTING	F	-3	17062.0	



APPENDIX B WATERSHED MAPS



DESIGN POINT 2							
BROOK STREET EXT.							
STORM	PEAK (cfs)	VOL (af)					
1-YEAR	3.24	0.314					
10-YEAR	6.77	0.672					
100-YEAR	12.95	1.330					

SITE/CIVIL LAND PLANNING WATERFRONT SURVEYING GEOTECHNICAL ENVIRONMENTAL TRANSPORTATION STRUCTURAL

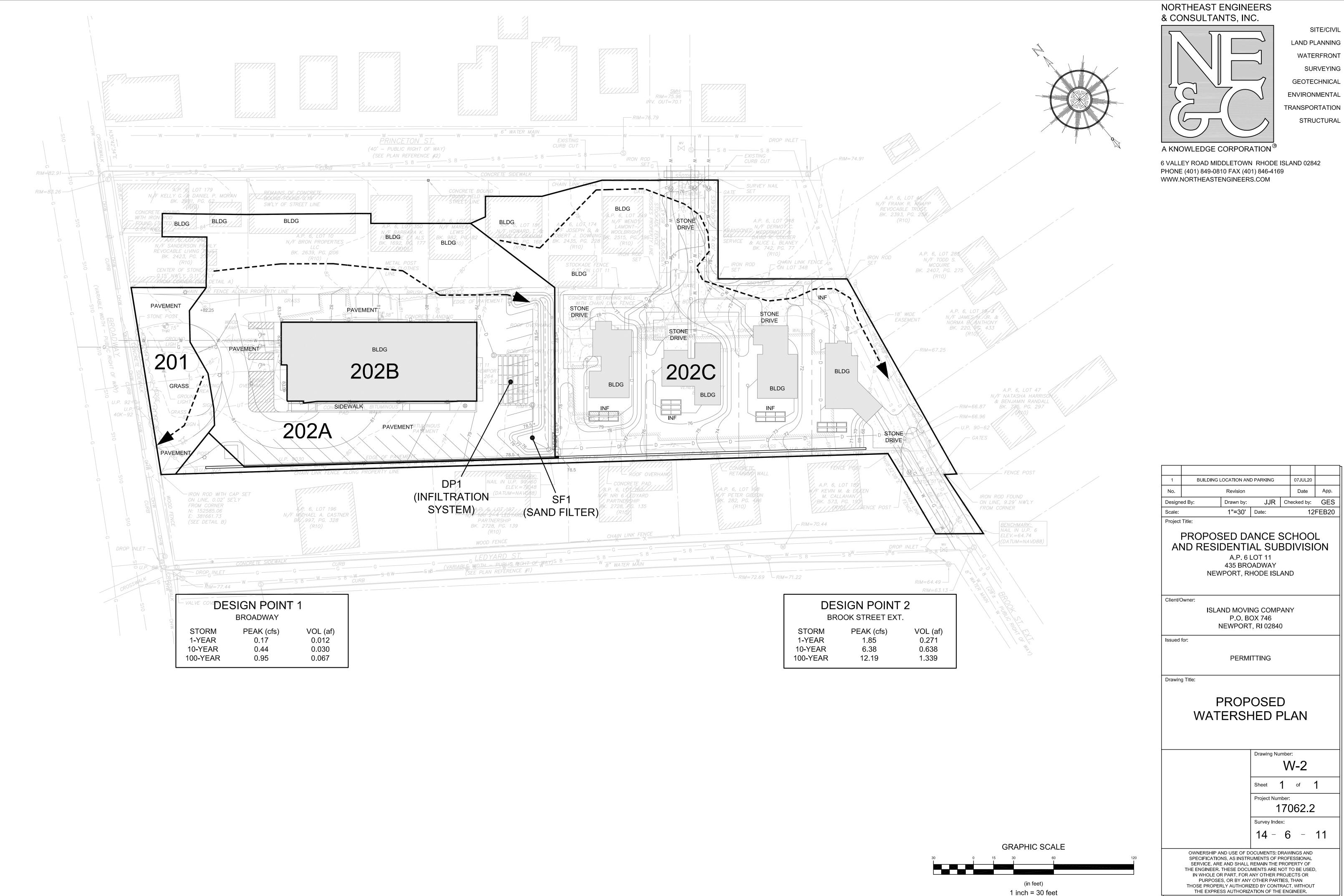
App.

12FEB20

Date

W-1

17062.2



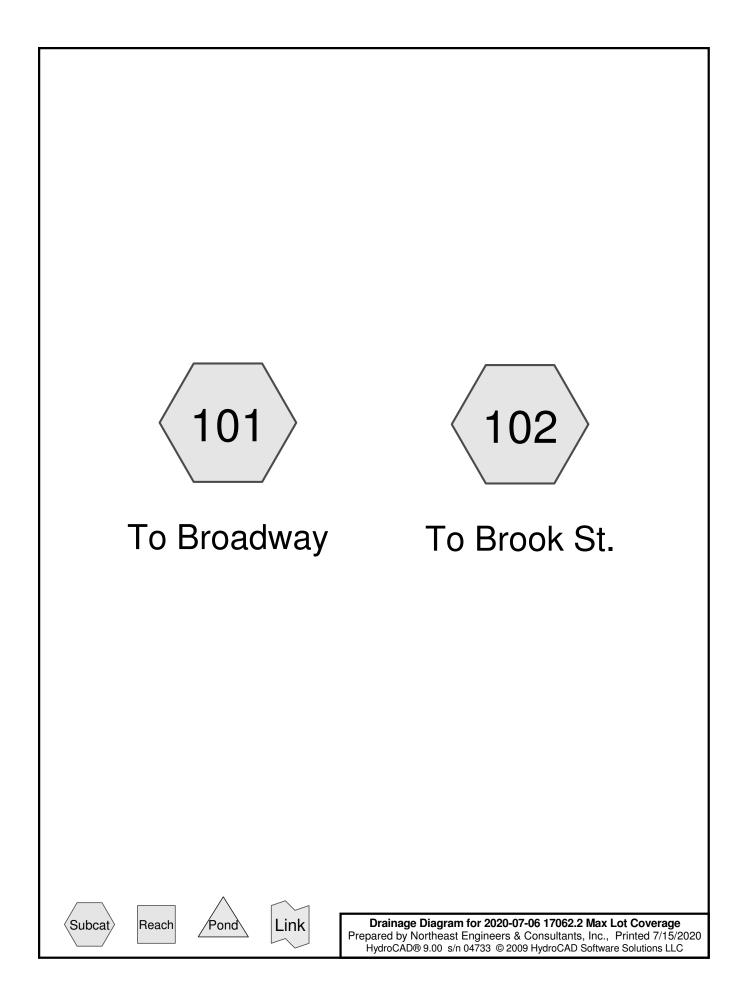
		•
STORM	PEAK (cfs)	VOL (af)
1-YEAR	1.85	0.271
10-YEAR	6.38	0.638
100-YEAR	12.19	1.339

ENVIRONMENTAL TRANSPORTATION STRUCTURAL

App. Drawn by: JJR Checked by: GES 12FEB20



APPENDIX C EXISTING CONDITIONS HYDROCAD (1, 10, 100-YEAR)



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Area Listing (selected nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.913	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (101, 102)
0.526	98	Buildings (102)
0.043	98	Concrete (102)
0.860	98	Pavement (101, 102)
2.342		TOTAL AREA

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Summary for Subcatchment 101: To Broadway

Runoff = 0.20 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.014 af, Depth> 1.16"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.80"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description	l				
*	1,695	98	Pavement	avement				
	4,559	74	>75% Gras	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C				
	6,254	81	Weighted Average					
	4,559		72.90% Pe	72.90% Pervious Area				
	1,695		27.10% Im	pervious Ar	rea			
	Tc Length in) (feet)	Slop (ft/fl	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
Ę	5.0				Direct Entry, Minimum			

Summary for Subcatchment 102: To Brook St.

Runoff = 3.24 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.314 af, Depth> 1.71"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.80"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
*		22,932	98	Buildings		
*		35,756	98	Pavement		
*		1,886	98	Concrete		
		35,198	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C
		95,772	89	Weighted A	verage	
		35,198		36.75% Pe	rvious Area	
		60,574		63.25% Im	pervious Ar	ea
	Тс	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	13.9	100	0.0080	0.12		Sheet Flow, Lawns
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"
	0.5	78	0.0256	5 2.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Lawns
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	2.0	360	0.0360) 3.05		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Pavement
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	16.4	538	Total			

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Summary for Subcatchment 101: To Broadway

Runoff = 0.51 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.035 af, Depth> 2.89"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description	1				
*	1,695	98	Pavement	avement				
	4,559	74	>75% Gras	-75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C				
	6,254	81	Weighted A	Veighted Average				
	4,559		72.90% Pe	72.90% Pervious Area				
	1,695		27.10% lm	pervious Ar	rea			
(m	Tc Length in) (feet)	Slop (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)				
5	5.0				Direct Entry, Minimum			

Summary for Subcatchment 102: To Brook St.

Runoff = 6.77 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.672 af, Depth> 3.67"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
*		22,932	98	Buildings	uldings					
*		35,756	98	Pavement						
*		1,886	98	Concrete						
		35,198	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C				
		95,772	89	Weighted A	verage					
		35,198		36.75% Pe	rvious Area					
		60,574		63.25% Im	pervious Ar	ea				
	Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description				
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	13.9	100	0.0080	0.12		Sheet Flow, Lawns				
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"				
	0.5	78	0.0256	5 2.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Lawns				
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps				
	2.0	360	0.0360) 3.05		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Pavement				
_						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps				
	16.4	538	Total							

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Summary for Subcatchment 101: To Broadway

Runoff = 1.08 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.075 af, Depth> 6.31"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.60"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description					
*	1,695	98	Pavement	avement				
	4,559	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	lood, HSG C			
	6,254	81	Weighted A	Weighted Average				
	4,559		72.90% Pe	72.90% Pervious Area				
	1,695		27.10% lm	pervious Ar	rea			
(r	Tc Length min) (feet)	Slop (ft/f	,	Capacity (cfs)	•			
	5.0				Direct Entry, Minimum			

Summary for Subcatchment 102: To Brook St.

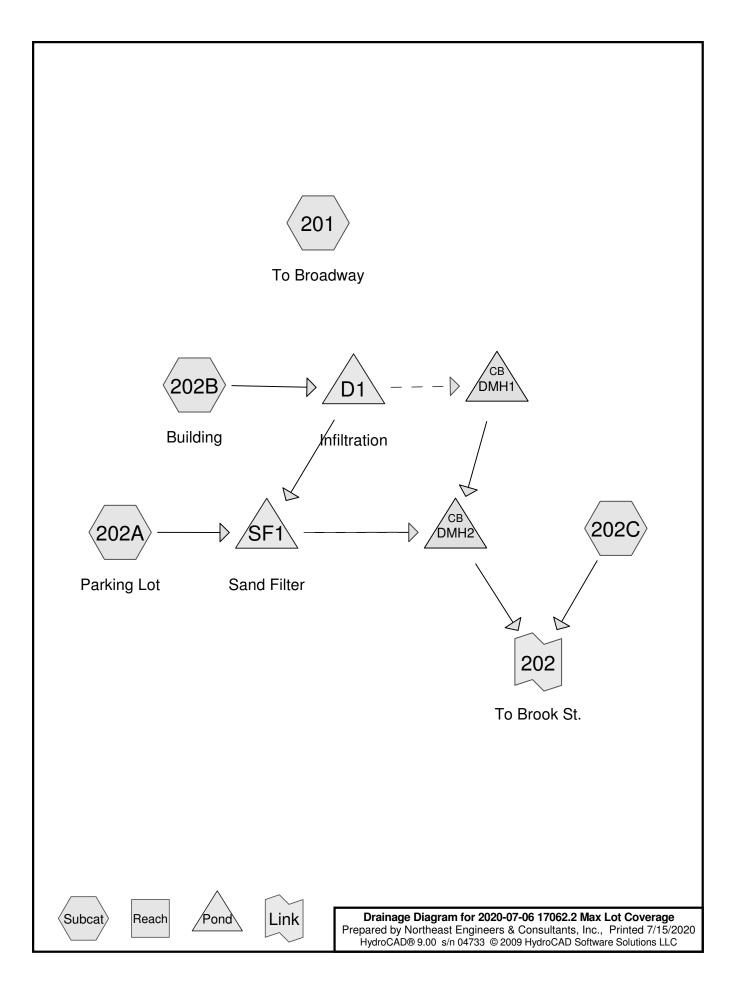
Runoff = 12.95 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 1.330 af, Depth> 7.26"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.60"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description							
*		22,932	98	Buildings	uildings						
*		35,756	98	Pavement							
*		1,886	98	Concrete							
		35,198	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C					
		95,772	89	Weighted A	verage						
		35,198		36.75% Pe	rvious Area	l					
		60,574		63.25% Im	pervious Ar	ea					
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
	13.9	100	0.0080	0.12		Sheet Flow, Lawns					
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"					
	0.5	78	0.0256	2.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Lawns					
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps					
	2.0	360	0.0360	3.05		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Pavement					
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps					
_	16.4	538	Total								



APPENDIX D PROPOSED CONDITIONS HYDROCAD (1, 10, 100-YEAR)



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2020-07-06 17062.2 Max Lot Coverage Prepared by Northeast Engineers & Consultants, Inc. HydroCAD® 9.00 s/n 04733 © 2009 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Area Listing (selected nodes)

	Area	CN	Description
_	(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
	1.338	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (201, 202A, 202C)
	0.144	85	Gravel & Crushed Stone (202C)
	0.368	98	Buildings (202B, 202C)
	0.038	98	Concrete (202A)
	0.029	98	Lined Filter (202A)
	0.073	98	Offsite Building (202A)
	0.078	98	Offsite Buildings (202C)
	0.472	98	Pavement (201, 202A, 202C)
	2.539		TOTAL AREA

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Summary for Subcatchment 201: To Broadway

Runoff = 0.17 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.012 af, Depth> 1.10"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.80"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description	l			
*		1,504	98	Pavement				
		4,120	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	Good, HSG C		
		5,624	80	Weighted A	Average			
		4,120 73.26% Pervious Area						
		1,504 26.74% Impervious Area						
_(Tc min)	Length (feet)	Slop (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)			
	5.0					Direct Entry, Minimum		
				•				

Summary for Subcatchment 202A: Parking Lot

Runoff = 1.49 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 0.139 af, Depth> 1.56"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.80"

* 3,169 98 Offsite Building	
* 18,814 98 Pavement	
* 1,650 98 Concrete	
21,774 74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C	
* 1,243 98 Lined Filter	
46,650 87 Weighted Average	
21,774 46.68% Pervious Area	
24,876 53.32% Impervious Area	
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description	
(min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)	
13.9 100 0.0080 0.12 Sheet Flow, Lawns	
Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2=	3.30"
1.0 138 0.0217 2.37 Shallow Concentrated Flow, L	awns
Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps	

14.9 238 Total

Summary for Subcatchment 202B: Building

Runoff = 0.55 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.042 af, Depth> 2.57"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.80"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
*		8,555	98	Buildings		
		8,555		100.00% lr	npervious A	Area
,	Tc	Length	Slop	,		Description
1)	min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	5.0					Direct Entry, Minimum

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Summary for Subcatchment 202C:

Runoff = 1.30 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.110 af, Depth> 1.16"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.80"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
*		3,404	98	Offsite Build	dings	
*		6,252	85	Gravel & C	rushed Stor	ne
*		7,480	98	Buildings		
		32,379	74	>75% Ğras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C
*		236	98	Pavement		
		49,751	81	Weighted A	verage	
		38,631 77.65% Pervious Area			rvious Area	l
		11,120		22.35% Im	pervious Ar	ea
	Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	9.2	100	0.0225	5 0.18		Sheet Flow, Lawns
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"
	1.7	300	0.0350) 3.01		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Lawns & Drive
_						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps

10.9 400 Total

Summary for Pond D1: Infiltration

Inflow Area =	0.196 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 2.57" for 1-Year event
Inflow =	0.55 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.042 af
Outflow =	0.32 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume=	0.030 af, Atten= 42%, Lag= 6.0 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 6.36 hrs, Volume=	0.009 af
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af
Secondary =	0.31 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume=	0.022 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 76.39' @ 12.17 hrs Surf.Area= 856 sf Storage= 725 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 156.3 min calculated for 0.030 af (72% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 66.7 min (824.6 - 757.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	75.00'	531 cf	21.67'W x 39.50'L x 2.04'H Field A
			1,747 cf Overall - 419 cf Embedded = 1,328 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	75.50'	419 cf	Cultec C-100 x 30 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 32.1"W x 12.0"H => 1.86 sf x 7.50'L = 14.0 cf
			Overall Size= 36.0"W x 12.5"H x 8.00'L with 0.50' Overlap
#3	75.00'	16 cf	2.00'D x 5.00'H Riser - Impervious
		966 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	75.00'	0.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	79.50'	4.0" W x 3.0" H Vert. Overflows at building X 6.00 C= 0.600
#3	Secondary	76.00'	6.0" Round 6" Overflow to drop structure L= 5.0' Ke= 0.500
	-		Outlet Invert= 75.90' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 6.36 hrs HW=75.05' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=75.00' (Free Discharge) **2=Overflows at building** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.31 cfs @ 12.17 hrs HW=76.39' (Free Discharge) -3=6" Overflow to drop structure (Barrel Controls 0.31 cfs @ 2.65 fps)

Summary for Pond DMH1:

Inflow	=	0.31 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume:	= 0.022 af
Outflow	=	0.31 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume:	= 0.022 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	0.31 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume:	= 0.022 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 73.36' @ 12.17 hrs Flood Elev= 78.50'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	73.00'	6.0" Round 6" PVC L= 40.0' Ke= 0.500
	-		Outlet Invert= 72.50' S= 0.0125 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.010

Primary OutFlow Max=0.31 cfs @ 12.17 hrs HW=73.36' (Free Discharge) ←1=6" PVC (Inlet Controls 0.31 cfs @ 2.05 fps)

Summary for Pond DMH2:

Inflow Area =	1.267 ac, 60.56% Impervious, Inflow E	Depth > 1.52" for 1-Year event
Inflow =	0.58 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=	0.160 af
Outflow =	0.58 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=	0.160 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	0.58 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=	0.160 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 72.55' @ 12.37 hrs Flood Elev= 78.50'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	72.25'	8.0" Round (2) 8" ADS N-12 X 2.00 L= 195.0' Ke= 0.500
			Outlet Invert= 70.00' S= 0.0115 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012

Primary OutFlow Max=0.58 cfs @ 12.37 hrs HW=72.55' (Free Discharge) ↑ 1=(2) 8" ADS N-12 (Inlet Controls 0.58 cfs @ 1.88 fps)

Summary for Pond SF1: Sand Filter

Inflow Area =	1.267 ac, 60.56% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 1.32" for 1-Year event
Inflow =	1.49 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume=	0.139 af
Outflow =	0.45 cfs @ 12.66 hrs, Volume=	0.139 af, Atten= 70%, Lag= 27.2 min
Primary =	0.42 cfs @ 12.66 hrs, Volume=	0.138 af
Secondary =	0.04 cfs @ 12.66 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 76.52' @ 12.66 hrs Surf.Area= 2,177 sf Storage= 1,835 cf Flood Elev= 78.50' Surf.Area= 3,135 sf Storage= 3,923 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 48.2 min calculated for 0.139 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 45.5 min (876.5 - 831.0)

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description			
#1	76.00'	2.48	B7 cf SF Bas	n (Prismatic) Listed belo	w (Recalc)		
#2	72.50'	1.43		edia (Prismatic) Listed be			
		,		Overall x 33.0% Voids			
		3,92		ailable Storage			
Elevatio	an Si	urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store			
(fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)			
·			0				
76.0 77.0		596 1,243	920	0 920			
77.0		,		2,487			
70.0	00	1,892	1,568	2,407			
Elevatio	on Su	urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store			
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)			
72.5	50	1,243	0	0			
76.0	00	1,243	4,351	4,351			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	s			
#1	Device 2	72.50'			Drain over Surface area		
#2	Primary	72.50'		Inderdrains X 2.00 C=			
#3	Secondary			· · · · · · · · ·) Limited to weir flow at low heads		
		10100					
Primary OutFlow Max=0.42 cfs @ 12.66 hrs HW=76.52' (Free Discharge) 2=4" Underdrains (Passes 0.42 cfs of 1.65 cfs potential flow) 1=Filtration through Sand to Drain (Exfiltration Controls 0.42 cfs)							
Seconda	Secondary OutFlow Max=0.03 cfs @ 12.66 hrs HW=76.52' (Free Discharge)						

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.03 cfs @ 12.66 hrs HW=76.52' (Free Discharge) -3=10" top orifice (Weir Controls 0.03 cfs @ 0.48 fps)

Summary for Link 202: To Brook St.

Inflow Area	a =	2.409 ac, 42.45% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.35" for 1-Year event
Inflow	=	1.85 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.271 af
Primary	=	1.85 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.271 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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Summary for Subcatchment 201: To Broadway

Runoff = 0.44 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.030 af, Depth> 2.80"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description	1				
*	1,504	98	Pavement	avement				
	4,120	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	Good, HSG C			
	5,624	80	Weighted A	Neighted Average				
	4,120	20 73.26% Pervious Area						
	1,504		26.74% Im	Area				
	Tc Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	/ Description			
(m	in) (feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
Į	5.0				Direct Entry, Minimum			
			-					

Summary for Subcatchment 202A: Parking Lot

Runoff =	3.27 cfs @	12.20 hrs, Volume=	0.309 af, Depth> 3.46"
----------	------------	--------------------	------------------------

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
*		3,169	98	Offsite Build	ding	
*		18,814	98	Pavement		
*		1,650	98	Concrete		
		21,774	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C
*		1,243	98	Lined Filter		
		46,650	87	Weighted A	verage	
		21,774		46.68% Pe	rvious Area	1
		24,876		53.32% Im	pervious Ar	rea
	Тс	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	13.9	100	0.0080	0.12		Sheet Flow, Lawns
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"
	1.0	138	0.0217	2.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Lawns
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps

14.9 238 Total

Summary for Subcatchment 202B: Building

Runoff = 0.98 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.076 af, Depth> 4.66"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
*		8,555	98	Buildings			
		8,555		100.00% Impervious Area			
,	Tc	Length	Slop	,		Description	
1)	min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	5.0					Direct Entry, Minimum	

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Summary for Subcatchment 202C:

Runoff = 3.30 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.275 af, Depth> 2.89"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
*		3,404	98	Offsite Build	dings	
*		6,252	85	Gravel & C	rushed Stor	ne
*		7,480	98	Buildings		
		32,379	74	>75% Ğras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C
*		236	98	Pavement		·
		49,751	81	Weighted A	verage	
		38,631		77.65% Pe	rvious Area	l
		11,120		22.35% Im	oervious Ar	ea
	Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	9.2	100	0.0225	5 0.18		Sheet Flow, Lawns
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"
	1.7	300	0.0350) 3.01		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Lawns & Drive
_						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	100					

10.9 400 Total

Summary for Pond D1: Infiltration

Inflow Area =	0.196 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 4.66" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	0.98 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.076 af
Outflow =	0.72 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume=	0.064 af, Atten= 26%, Lag= 3.9 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 3.54 hrs, Volume=	0.010 af
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af
Secondary =	0.72 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume=	0.055 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 76.83' @ 12.14 hrs Surf.Area= 856 sf Storage= 883 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 122.3 min calculated for 0.064 af (84% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 55.4 min (802.3 - 747.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	75.00'	531 cf	21.67'W x 39.50'L x 2.04'H Field A
			1,747 cf Overall - 419 cf Embedded = 1,328 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	75.50'	419 cf	Cultec C-100 x 30 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 32.1"W x 12.0"H => 1.86 sf x 7.50'L = 14.0 cf
			Overall Size= 36.0"W x 12.5"H x 8.00'L with 0.50' Overlap
#3	75.00'	16 cf	2.00'D x 5.00'H Riser - Impervious
		966 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	75.00'	0.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	79.50'	4.0" W x 3.0" H Vert. Overflows at building X 6.00 C= 0.600
#3	Secondary	76.00'	6.0" Round 6" Overflow to drop structure L= 5.0' Ke= 0.500
	-		Outlet Invert= 75.90' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 3.54 hrs HW=75.05' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=75.00' (Free Discharge) **2=Overflows at building** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.72 cfs @ 12.14 hrs HW=76.83' (Free Discharge) -3=6'' Overflow to drop structure (Inlet Controls 0.72 cfs @ 3.66 fps)

Summary for Pond DMH1:

Inflow	=	0.72 cfs @	12.14 hrs, Volume=	0.055 af
Outflow	=	0.72 cfs @	12.14 hrs, Volume=	0.055 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	0.72 cfs @	12.14 hrs, Volume=	0.055 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 73.83' @ 12.14 hrs Flood Elev= 78.50'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	73.00'	6.0" Round 6" PVC L= 40.0' Ke= 0.500
	-		Outlet Invert= 72.50' S= 0.0125 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.010

Primary OutFlow Max=0.72 cfs @ 12.14 hrs HW=73.83' (Free Discharge) ←1=6" PVC (Inlet Controls 0.72 cfs @ 3.66 fps)

Summary for Pond DMH2:

Inflow Area	=	1.267 ac, 60.56% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.44" for 10-Ye	ar event
Inflow =	=	3.51 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 0.363 af	
Outflow =	=	3.51 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 0.363 af, Atten= 0%, La	ag= 0.0 min
Primary =	=	3.51 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 0.363 af	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 74.76' @ 12.25 hrs Flood Elev= 78.50'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	72.25'	8.0" Round (2) 8" ADS N-12 X 2.00 L= 195.0' Ke= 0.500
			Outlet Invert= 70.00' S= 0.0115 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012

Primary OutFlow Max=3.51 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=74.76' (Free Discharge) **1=(2)** 8" ADS N-12 (Barrel Controls 3.51 cfs @ 5.02 fps)

Summary for Pond SF1: Sand Filter

Inflow Area =	1.267 ac, 60.56% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 2.93" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	3.27 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume=	0.309 af
Outflow =	2.93 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume=	0.308 af, Atten= 10%, Lag= 4.3 min
Primary =	0.47 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume=	0.228 af
Secondary =	2.47 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume=	0.080 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 76.93' @ 12.27 hrs Surf.Area= 2,438 sf Storage= 2,265 cf Flood Elev= 78.50' Surf.Area= 3,135 sf Storage= 3,923 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 38.0 min calculated for 0.308 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 36.2 min (844.8 - 808.6)

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storag	age Description			
#1	76.00'	2.48	0 0	asin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)			
#2	72.50'	, -		I Media (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)			
		.,		1 cf Overall x 33.0% Voids			
		3,92	,	Available Storage			
Flovetia		urf Araa	Ino Ctoro	Cum Store			
Elevatio		urf.Area	Inc.Store				
(fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)				
76.0		596	0	•			
77.0	-	1,243	920				
78.0	00	1,892	1,568	2,487			
Elevatio	n Si	urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store			
(fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)				
72.5	_/	1,243	0				
76.0	-	1,243	4,351	4,351			
70.0	0	1,245	4,551	4,001			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	ices			
#1	Device 2	72.50'	8.270 in/hr F	Filtration through Sand to Drain over Surface area			
#2	Primary	72.50'		4" Underdrains X 2.00 C= 0.600			
#3	Secondary	76.50'	12.0" Horiz.	z. 10" top orifice C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads			
	,			•			
	Primary OutFlow Max=0.47 cfs @ 12.27 hrs HW=76.93' (Free Discharge) 2=4'' Underdrains (Passes 0.47 cfs of 1.73 cfs potential flow) 1=Filtration through Sand to Drain (Exfiltration Controls 0.47 cfs)						
Seconda	Secondary OutFlow Max=2.47 cfs @ 12.27 hrs HW=76.93' (Free Discharge)						

Secondary OutFlow Max=2.47 cfs @ 12.27 hrs HW=76.93' (Free Discharge) -3=10" top orifice (Orifice Controls 2.47 cfs @ 3.14 fps)

Summary for Link 202: To Brook St.

Inflow Are	a =	2.409 ac, 42.45% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.18" for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	6.38 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 0.638 af
Primary	=	6.38 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 0.638 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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Summary for Subcatchment 201: To Broadway

Runoff = 0.95 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.067 af, Depth> 6.18"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.60"

_	Ar	ea (sf)	CN	Description					
*		1,504	98	Pavement	Pavement				
_		4,120	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	Good, HSG C			
		5,624	80	Weighted Average					
		4,120		73.26% Pe	rvious Area	a			
		1,504		26.74% Imp	pervious Ar	Area			
_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slop (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)				
	5.0					Direct Entry, Minimum			

Summary for Subcatchment 202A: Parking Lot

Runoff	=	6.41 cfs @	12.20 hrs,	Volume=	0.626 af, Depth> 7.0	02"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.60"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
*		3,169	98	Offsite Build	ding	
*		18,814		Pavement	U	
*		1,650	98	Concrete		
		21,774	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C
*		1,243	98	Lined Filter		
		46,650	87	Weighted A	verage	
		21,774		46.68% Pe	rvious Area	l
		24,876		53.32% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(n	nin)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
1	3.9	100	0.0080	0.12		Sheet Flow, Lawns
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"
	1.0	138	0.0217	2.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Lawns
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps

14.9 238 Total

Summary for Subcatchment 202B: Building

Runoff = 1.72 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.137 af, Depth> 8.35"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.60"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description	1	
*		8,555	98	Buildings		
		8,555		100.00% In	npervious A	Area
(Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slop (ft/fl	,	Capacity (cfs)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	5.0					Direct Entry, Minimum

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Summary for Subcatchment 202C:

Runoff = 7.04 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.600 af, Depth> 6.30"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.60"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
*		3,404	98	Offsite Buil	ffsite Buildings					
*		6,252	85	Gravel & C	rushed Stor	ne				
*		7,480	98	Buildings						
		32,379	74	>75% Ğras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C				
*		236	98	Pavement						
		49,751	81	Weighted A	Verage					
		38,631		77.65% Pe	rvious Area					
		11,120		22.35% Im	pervious Ar	ea				
	Тс	Length	Slope	 Velocity 	Capacity	Description				
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	9.2	100	0.0225	0.18		Sheet Flow, Lawns				
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"				
	1.7	300	0.0350	3.01		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Lawns & Drive				
_						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps				

10.9 400 Total

Summary for Pond D1: Infiltration

Inflow Area =	0.196 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 8.35" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	1.72 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.137 af
Outflow =	1.78 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 0.124 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 1.84 hrs, Volume= 0.010 af
Primary =	0.06 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af
Secondary =	1.71 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 0.114 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 79.54' @ 12.05 hrs Surf.Area= 856 sf Storage= 964 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 92.6 min calculated for 0.124 af (91% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 45.7 min (784.7 - 739.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	75.00'	531 cf	21.67'W x 39.50'L x 2.04'H Field A
			1,747 cf Overall - 419 cf Embedded = 1,328 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	75.50'	419 cf	Cultec C-100 x 30 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 32.1"W x 12.0"H => 1.86 sf x 7.50'L = 14.0 cf
			Overall Size= 36.0"W x 12.5"H x 8.00'L with 0.50' Overlap
#3	75.00'	16 cf	2.00'D x 5.00'H Riser - Impervious
		966 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	75.00'	0.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	79.50'	4.0" W x 3.0" H Vert. Overflows at building X 6.00 C= 0.600
#3	Secondary	76.00'	6.0" Round 6" Overflow to drop structure L= 5.0' Ke= 0.500
	-		Outlet Invert= 75.90' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 1.84 hrs HW=75.05' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.05 cfs @ 12.05 hrs HW=79.54' (Free Discharge) **2=Overflows at building** (Orifice Controls 0.05 cfs @ 0.64 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=1.71 cfs @ 12.05 hrs HW=79.54' (Free Discharge) -3=6" Overflow to drop structure (Inlet Controls 1.71 cfs @ 8.73 fps)

Summary for Pond DMH1:

Inflow	=	1.71 cfs @ 12.05	5 hrs, Volume=	0.114 af
Outflow	=	1.71 cfs @ 12.05	5 hrs, Volume=	0.114 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	1.71 cfs @ 12.05	5 hrs, Volume=	0.114 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 76.99' @ 12.05 hrs Flood Elev= 78.50'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	73.00'	6.0" Round 6" PVC L= 40.0' Ke= 0.500
	-		Outlet Invert= 72.50' S= 0.0125 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.010

Primary OutFlow Max=1.71 cfs @ 12.05 hrs HW=76.99' (Free Discharge) ←1=6" PVC (Barrel Controls 1.71 cfs @ 8.73 fps)

Summary for Pond DMH2:

Inflow Area =	1.267 ac, 60.56% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 7.00" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	5.72 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume	e= 0.739 af
Outflow =	5.72 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume	e= 0.739 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	5.72 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume	e= 0.739 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 81.58' @ 12.30 hrs Flood Elev= 78.50'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	72.25'	8.0" Round (2) 8" ADS N-12 X 2.00 L= 195.0' Ke= 0.500
			Outlet Invert= 70.00' S= 0.0115 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012

Primary OutFlow Max=5.72 cfs @ 12.30 hrs HW=81.58' (Free Discharge) **1=(2)** 8" ADS N-12 (Barrel Controls 5.72 cfs @ 8.20 fps)

Summary for Pond SF1: Sand Filter

Inflow Area =	1.267 ac, 60.56% Impervious, Inflow Depth	n > 5.93" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	6.41 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 0.6	626 af
Outflow =	4.96 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 0.6	625 af, Atten= 23%, Lag= 7.3 min
Primary =	0.58 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 0.3	356 af
Secondary =	4.38 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 0.2	269 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 77.84' @ 12.32 hrs Surf.Area= 3,030 sf Storage= 3,626 cf Flood Elev= 78.50' Surf.Area= 3,135 sf Storage= 3,923 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 32.6 min calculated for 0.625 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 31.3 min (820.7 - 789.4)

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Stora	ide Storade	ge Description			
#1	76.00'	2.48		isin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)			
#2	72.50'	1,430		Media (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)			
		.,		cf Overall x 33.0% Voids			
		3,923	,	Available Storage			
		-,					
Elevatio	n Su	rf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store			
(feet	t)	(sq-ft) (cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)			
76.0	0	596	0	0			
77.0	0	1,243	920	920			
78.0	0	1,892	1,568	2,487			
Elevatio		rf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store			
(feet	/		cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)			
72.5		1,243	0	0			
76.0	0	1,243	4,351	4,351			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	Ces .			
	Device 2			Filtration through Sand to Drain over Surface area			
	Primary			"Underdrains X 2.00 $C= 0.600$			
	Secondary			. 10" top orifice C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads			
10	cocondary	10.00					
¹ −2=4" L	Primary OutFlow Max=0.58 cfs @ 12.32 hrs HW=77.84' (Free Discharge) ←2=4" Underdrains (Passes 0.58 cfs of 1.91 cfs potential flow) ←1=Filtration through Sand to Drain (Exfiltration Controls 0.58 cfs)						
Secondary OutFlow Max=4.38 cfs @ 12.32 hrs HW=77.84' (Free Discharge)							

Secondary OutFlow Max=4.38 cfs @ 12.32 hrs HW=77.84' (Free Discharge) -3=10" top orifice (Orifice Controls 4.38 cfs @ 5.57 fps)

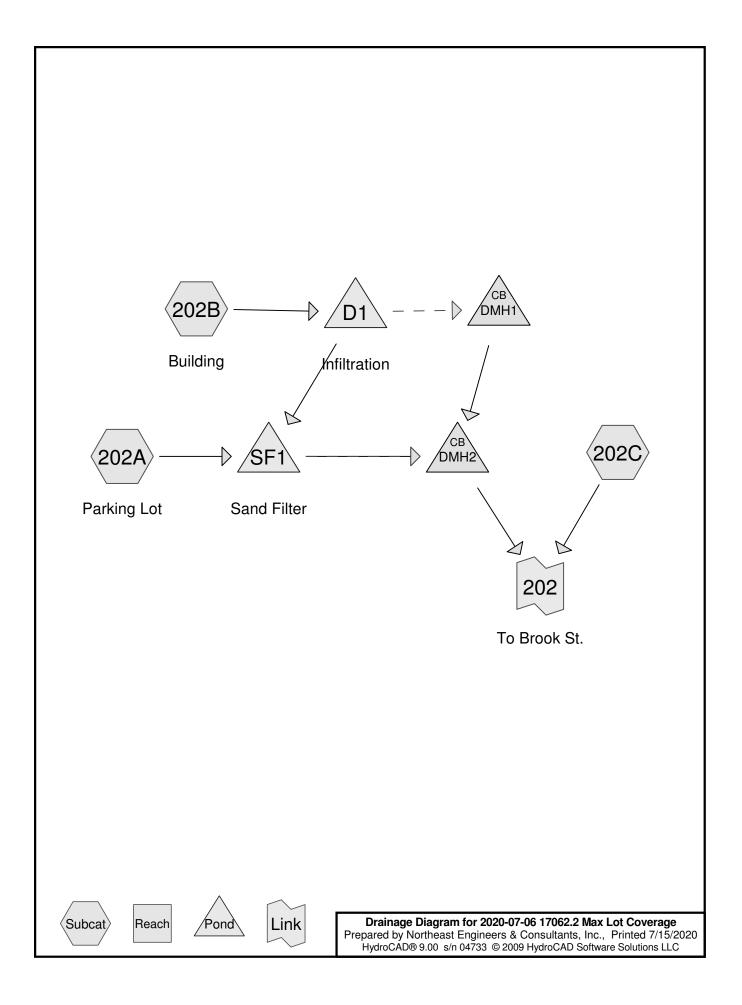
Summary for Link 202: To Brook St.

Inflow Are	a =	2.409 ac, 42.45% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 6.67" for 100-Year event
Inflow	=	12.19 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 1.339 af
Primary	=	12.19 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 1.339 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



APPENDIX E PROPOSED WQ STORM (SPLIT PERVIOUS IMPERVIOUS METHOD)



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Area Listing (selected nodes)

A	rea C	N	Description
(aci	res)		(subcatchment-numbers)
1.	243 7	'4	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (202A, 202C)
0.	144 8	5	Gravel & Crushed Stone (202C)
0.	368 9	8	Buildings (202B, 202C)
0.	038 9	8	Concrete (202A)
0.	029 9	8	Lined Filter (202A)
0.	073 9	8	Offsite Building (202A)
0.	078 9	8	Offsite Buildings (202C)
0.4	437 9	8	Pavement (202A, 202C)
2.	409		TOTAL AREA

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Summary for Subcatchment 202A: Parking Lot

Runoff = 0.48 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 0.049 af, Depth> 0.55"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr WQ Rainfall=1.20"

_	A	vrea (sf)	CN	Description		
*		3,169	98	Offsite Build	ding	
*		18,814	98	Pavement	-	
*		1,650	98	Concrete		
		21,774	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C
*		1,243	98	Lined Filter		
		46,650	87	Weighted A	verage	
		21,774	74	46.68% Pe	rvious Area	l
		24,876	98	53.32% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
	Tc	Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	13.9	100	0.008	0 0.12		Sheet Flow, Lawns
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"
	1.0	138	0.021	7 2.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Lawns
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	14.9	238	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 202B: Building

Runoff = 0.22 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.016 af, Depth> 0.98"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr WQ Rainfall=1.20"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
*		8,555	98	Buildings			
		8,555	98	100.00% In	npervious A	Area	
_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slop (ft/f	,	Capacity (cfs)		
	5.0					Direct Entry, Minimum	
	Summary for Subcatchment 202C:						

Runoff = 0.24 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.027 af, Depth> 0.29"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr WQ Rainfall=1.20"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
*	3,404	98	Offsite Buildings
*	6,252	85	Gravel & Crushed Stone
*	7,480	98	Buildings
	32,379	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
*	236	98	Pavement
	49,751	81	Weighted Average
	38,631	76	77.65% Pervious Area
	11,120	98	22.35% Impervious Area

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	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
_	9.2	100	0.0225	0.18		Sheet Flow, Lawns
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"
	1.7	300	0.0350	3.01		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Lawns & Drive
_						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	40.0	400	T			

10.9 400 Total

Summary for Pond D1: Infiltration

Inflow Area =	0.196 ac,10	0.00% Impervious, Inflow I	Depth > 0.98" for WQ event
Inflow =	0.22 cfs @	12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.016 af
Outflow =	0.01 cfs @	9.74 hrs, Volume=	0.007 af, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @	9.74 hrs, Volume=	0.007 af
Primary =	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 75.91' @ 16.65 hrs Surf.Area= 856 sf Storage= 450 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 293.4 min calculated for 0.007 af (44% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 170.8 min (951.4 - 780.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	75.00'	531 cf	21.67'W x 39.50'L x 2.04'H Field A
			1,747 cf Overall - 419 cf Embedded = 1,328 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	75.50'	419 cf	Cultec C-100 x 30 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 32.1"W x 12.0"H => 1.86 sf x 7.50'L = 14.0 cf
			Overall Size= 36.0"W x 12.5"H x 8.00'L with 0.50' Overlap
#3	75.00'	16 cf	2.00'D x 5.00'H Riser - Impervious
		966 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	75.00'	0.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	79.50'	4.0" W x 3.0" H Vert. Overflows at building X 6.00 C= 0.600
#3	Secondary	76.00'	6.0" Round 6" Overflow to drop structure L= 5.0' Ke= 0.500
	-		Outlet Invert= 75.90' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 9.74 hrs HW=75.05' (Free Discharge)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=75.00' (Free Discharge) ←2=Overflows at building (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=75.00' (Free Discharge) -3=6" Overflow to drop structure (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond DMH1:

Inflow	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af
Outflow	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 73.00' @ 0.00 hrs Flood Elev= 78.50'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	73.00'	6.0" Round 6" PVC L= 40.0' Ke= 0.500

2020-07-06 17062.2 Max Lot Coverage Prepared by Northeast Engineers & Consultants, Inc.

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Outlet Invert= 72.50' S= 0.0125 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.010

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=73.00' (Free Discharge) **1=6'' PVC** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond DMH2:

Inflow Area = 1.267 ac, 60.56% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.46" for WQ event	
Inflow = 0.24 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.049 af	
Outflow = 0.24 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.049 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.01	nin
Primary = 0.24 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.049 af	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 72.44' @ 12.12 hrs Flood Elev= 78.50'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices			
#1	Primary	72.25'	8.0" Round (2) 8" ADS	N-12 X 2.00	L= 195.0'	Ke= 0.500
			Outlet Invert= 70.00' S	S= 0.0115 '/'	Cc= 0.900	n= 0.012

Primary OutFlow Max=0.24 cfs @ 12.12 hrs HW=72.44' (Free Discharge) **1=(2)** 8" ADS N-12 (Inlet Controls 0.24 cfs @ 1.48 fps)

Summary for Pond SF1: Sand Filter

Inflow Area =	1.267 ac, 60.56% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 0.47" for WQ event
Inflow =	0.48 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume=	0.049 af
Outflow =	0.24 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume=	0.049 af, Atten= 50%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	0.24 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume=	0.049 af
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 73.25' @ 12.49 hrs Surf.Area= 1,243 sf Storage= 308 cf Flood Elev= 78.50' Surf.Area= 3,135 sf Storage= 3,923 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 16.5 min calculated for 0.049 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 13.5 min (812.8 - 799.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Stora	rage Description			
#1	76.00'	2,4	87 cf SF B	SF Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)			
#2	72.50'	1.4	36 cf Sand	d Media (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)			
		,		51 cf Overall x 33.0% Voids			
		3,9	23 cf Tota	al Available Storage			
Elevation	Sur	f.Area	Inc.Store	e Cum.Store			
(feet)		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	t) (cubic-feet)			
76.00		596	0	0 0			
77.00		1,243	920	0 920			
78.00		1,892	1,568	8 2,487			
Elevation	Sur	f.Area	Inc.Store	e Cum.Store			
(feet)		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	t) (cubic-feet)			
72.50		1,243	0	0 0			
76.00		1,243	4,351	1 4,351			
Device Ro	outing	Invert	Outlet Dev	vices			
#1 De	evice 2	72.50'	8.270 in/h	r Filtration through Sand to Drain over Surface area			
#2 Pr	imary	72.50'	4.0" Vert.	4" Underdrains X 2.00 C= 0.600			
#3 Se	econdary	76.50'	12.0" Hori	iz. 10" top orifice C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads			

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Primary OutFlow Max=0.24 cfs @ 12.12 hrs HW=72.80' (Free Discharge) -2=4" Underdrains (Passes 0.24 cfs of 0.31 cfs potential flow) -1=Filtration through Sand to Drain (Exfiltration Controls 0.24 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=72.50' (Free Discharge) -3=10" top orifice (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Link 202: To Brook St.

Inflow Area	a =	2.409 ac, 42.45% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.38" for WQ event	
Inflow	=	0.48 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.076 af	
Primary	=	0.48 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.076 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min	

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



APPENDIX F SUPPLEMENTARY CALCULATIONS

Northeast Engineers & Consultants, Inc. A Knowledge Corporation®

6 Valley Road, Middletown, RI 02842 www.northeastengineers.com

A Knowledge Corporation®										
Proje	SF-1: Lined Surface Sand Filter Project: 17062.0 Proposed Dance School and Residential Subdivision									
Water Quality Volume	Calculation	(RIDEM Mii	nimum St	andard 3):						
Pavement =4,382 4,382 Buildings =(Area remaining after applying new pervious credit)Buildings =0Min. WQ_R:0 cfImpervious Area:4,382sfWQ_R:365 cfTotal Disturbed Area:0sfWQ_R75%:274 cf										
A = Surface area of filter bed (ft²)1,190 d_f = Filter bed depth (ft)2 V_R = media void ratio33%										
Storage Volume in Mee 1,190	dia: X	2	х	33%	=	785 cf				
Total System Volume C	alculation:									
Per the RISDISM, the sto	Per the RISDISM, the storage volume of the system must accommodate 75% of the WQ volume (including pretreatment). The total provided area is this area, plus the storage in the mulch layer plus the area under									
V_M = storage volume in media785 cf A = Surface area of filter bed (ft²)1,190 ft² d_M = depth of mulch0.33 ft h_o = storage height below outlet0.50 ft V_{FB} = Volume of pretreatment0 cf										
Total Storage provided	by this BMP:									
WQ _v =	V_{M} + (A X d _N	₁ X V _R) + (A	X h _o) + V _{FI}	_B =		1,510 cf				
<u>Minimum Area Calcula</u>	tion:									
Drain time in an lined f t _f =		-		capacity: ysis for (2) 4"	pipes					
t _f =						0.13 days				
The minimum area of t	ne filter, acco	ording to RI	SDISM, is	calculated us	ing the fol	lowing equation:				
A _R =	(WQ _{v)} X (d _f)	/ [(k) X (h _f +	- d _f) X (t _f)]							
Where, WQ_v = Total Required Water Quality Volume365 cf d_f = Filter bed depth (ft)2 ft k = Coefficient of permeability of filter media (ft/day)3.5 ft/day h_f = Average height of water above surface of media0.415 ft t_f = Design filter bed drain time (days)0.13										
Therefore, the minimu	n surface are	eas is:								
A _R = A =	691 1,190		Area is g	reater and th	erefore sa	tisfactory.				



	ns, mc.				
	Groundwate 1062.0 Propose		-		odivision
Impervious Area*:	4,382	sf			
Water Recharge Volum	e Calculations:				
	HSG			Factor (F)	
	A B C D		0.: 0.:	60 35 25 10	
Impervious Area:	4,382	sf		F = 0.25	
WRec _v =	(Impervious Are	ea) / 12 X	F		
WRec _v =	91	cf			
Volume of Infiltra	tion for a WQ s	storm**:	305	cf	
* Remaining A	rea not address	ed by rec	development st	andards	
** As shown ir	the HydroCAD	analysis	for the WQ sto	rm	

Page 1



Date:January 2020Project:17062.2 Proposed Dance School and Residential Subdivision

Determination of Groundwater Volume Contributions from Residences

Each of the proposed residences may be provided with a sump pump with a surface discharge. The potential groundwater volume intercepted from these pumps during a 24-hour storm event has been calculated based on a 24-inch water table. This value was estimated at the rear of the site based on the soil evaluations performed. In actuality, the intercepted volume will likely be less, particularly during the dry seasons. The groundwater flow collected and discharged to the surface has been calculated based on the following formula.

- **Q = K i A** where;
- K = saturated hydraulic conductivity of the soil; taken as 15 μ m/sec for these calculations. This corresponds to a K_{SAT} of sandy loams provided by the USDA NRCS selected based on the soil category revealed in the soil evaluations. 15 μ m/sec = 4.92 x10⁻⁵ ft/sec
- i = hydraulic gradient; taken as the maximum ground surface gradient in the area
- A = cross sectional area of the groundwater intercepted; taken perpendicular to the hydraulic gradient. Residences were assumed to have a full 10 ft deep basement for the determination of each cross section.

The resulting flow was multiplied over the duration of the 24-hour storm event to produce the total volume.

Determination of Hydraulic Gradient (i):

Average minimum distance between existing 1-foot contours observed under a proposed residence footprint = **25 feet**

Approximate surface gradient change (i): 1 foot / 25 feet = 0.04 ft/ft

Determination of cross sectional area (A):

Average face of any proposed residence perpendicular to hydraulic gradient: **55 feet**

Assumed depth of residence basement below the water table: 6 feet

Cross Section (A) = 55 feet X 6 feet = **330 square feet**

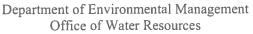
The estimated groundwater flow intercepted by a residence sump pump was estimated by $\mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{K}$ **i A** as being **0.00065 cfs** (4.92 x10⁻⁵ ft/sec X 0.04 ft/ft X 330 sf) per residence. This equates to approximately **57 cubic feet** during a 24-hour storm event **(0.001 af)**. The actual flow will be less for residences downstream of other residences, due to the interruption in groundwater flow.

Project No. 17062.2 Dance School and Subdivision



APPENDIX G SOIL EVALUATIONS

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS



Onsite Wastewater Treatment Systems Program



Property Location: 435 BROADWAY, NEWPORT (A.P. G. LOT II)	
Date of Test Hole: <u>AVGUST 16, 2619</u> Soil Evaluator: <u>DANTEL INFLCH</u> License Number: <u>D4094</u>	<u> </u>
Weather:	
TH_1 Horizon Boundaries Soil Colors Re-Dox Texture Consistence	Soil
Horizon Depth Dist Topo Matrix Re-Dox Features Ab. S. Contr. Texture Structure Consistence	Category
HTM 38-0" 9 W	
Bw &-6" C W 54 4/2 104R 4/6 C, M, P fsl Imsbk fr	4
cd 6-58" 54 5/3 104R 1/6 M, C, P fs/ \$1. m. vf:	9
TH_2_ Depth Horizon Boundaries Soil Colors Re-Dox Texture Structure Consistence	Soil
Horizon Depth Dist Topo Matrix Re-Dox Features Ab. S. Contr. Texture Structure Consistence	Category
HTM 26-0" C W - @15"	
cd Ø-70 54 101R 1/4 m, m, d fsl Ø-m vfi	9
TH Soil Class A Total Depth Impervious/Limiting Layer Depth N/A SHW	т́(og)
TH _ 2 Soil Class _ A Total Depth _ 96" Impervious/Limiting Layer Depth _ N / A (og) GW Seepage Depth _ N / A SHW	
Comments: WATER TABLE WITHIN FILL LAYER OF TH # 2. WT @ 15" BELOW GRADE	

Part B Site Evaluation – to be completed by Soil Evaluator or Class II or III Designer Please use the area below to locate: . Test holes and bedrock test holes, 2. Approximate direction of due north, 3. Offsets from all test holes to fixed points such as street, utility pole, or other permanent, marked object.* *OFFSETS MUST BE SHOWN	Approximate lo	Key: cation of test holes cation of bedrock te lient and direction of irection of due north	fslope
		Bedr	ock THs
		ТН	Depth
SEE EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN			
PLAN			
	ं अ		
 4. Presence of existing or proposed private drinking water wells within 200 feet of test holes? If yes, locate on above s 5. Public drinking water wells within 500 feet of test holes? If yes, locate on above sketch. 6. Is site within the watershed of a public drinking water reservoir or other critical area defined in Rule 6.42? 7. Has soil been excavated from or fill deposited on site? If yes, locate on above sketch. 8. Site's potential for flooding or ponding: NONE A SLIGHT MODERATE SEVER 9. Landscape position: SUMMIT 10. Vegetation: GRASS LAWN 11. Indicate approximate location of property lines and roadways. 12. Additional comments, site constraints or additional information regarding site:	RE 🗆	NO⊠ YE NO⊠ YE NO⊡ YE	S D S D S Ø
Certification The undersigned hereby certifies that all information on this application and accompanying forms, submittals and sket authorized by the owner(s) to conduct these necessary field investigations and submit this request. Part A prepared by:	tches are true and accu	h 0409	ve been
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE			
Witnessed Soil Evaluation Decision: Concur	aim 🗖		
Unwitnessed Soil Evaluations Decision: Accept 🗆 Inconclusive 🗖 Discla	aim 🗖		
Wet Season Determination required Additional Field Review Required Explanation:			
Signature Authorized Agent	Date		



APPENDIX H RISDISM STORMWATER CHECKLIST (APPENDIX A)

APPENDIX A: STORN	/WATER MANAGEMEN	T CHECKLIST AI	ND LID P	PLANNING REPORT
PROJECT NAME: Dance School and Residential Subdivision			(RIDEM USE ONLY)	
CONTACT:	Jeremy Rosa, PE			
PHONE NUMBER:	401-849-0810			
EMAIL ADDRESS:	jrosa@northeastengine	ers.com		
BRIEF PROJECT DESCRIPTIC	DN: School and 4 lot res. su	bdivision		DATE RECEIVED
ST	ORMWATER MANAGE	MENT PLAN ELI	EMENTS	
APPENDIX A: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CHECKLIST	STORMWATER ANALYSIS AND DRAINAGE REPORT	SOIL EROSION SEDIMENT CONTR		OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PLAN
MANAGEMENT CHECKLIST PART 1: PROJECT AND SITE INFORMATION MINIMUM STANDARDS: 6. REDEVELOPMENT 8. LUHHPL IDENTIFICATION PART 2. MINIMUM STANDARD: 1. LID SITE PLANNING PART 3. SUMMARY OF REMAINING STANDARDS PART 4.	ADDRESSES MINIMUM STANDARDS: 2. GROUNDWATER RECHARGE 3. WATER QUALITY VOLUME 4. CONVEYANCE & NATURAL CHANNEL PROTECTION 5. OVERBANK AND FLOOD PROTECTION 9. ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION AND ELIM.	ADDRESSES MINIMUM STANI 7. POLLUTION PREV DURING CONSTRI 10. CONSTRUCTION AND SEDIMENTA CONTROL	DARDS: /ENTION UCTION EROSION	ADDRESSES MINIMUM STANDARDS: 7. POLLUTION PREVENTION AFTER CONSTRUCTION 11. OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

Note: <u>All</u> stormwater construction projects <u>must submit</u> a Stormwater Management Plan (SMP). However, not every element listed below (see the Stormwater Management Plan Table) is required per the RISDISM and the RIPDES Construction General Permit (CGP). This checklist will help you identify the elements of the stormwater plan you are required to submit with your permit application.

PART 1. PROJECT AND SITE INFORMATION						
PROJECT TYPE (Check all that apply)						
RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	FEDERAL		FIT		
□ ROAD		D FILL		GE		
□ OTHER: (please	explain)					
SITE INFORMATIO	N					
VICINITY MAP						
EXISTING ZONIN	IG					
	DN: The WQv discharge :) (<u>Guidance to identif</u>			an one answer	if there are several discharge	
□ GROUNDWATER		GROUND	VATER 🗆	GAA 🗆 G	ia 🛛 GB	
			 ISOLATED WETLAND NAMED WATERBODY UNNAMED WATERBODY CONNECTED TO NAMED WATERBDY 			
			RIDOT 🗆 RIDOT ALTERATION PERMIT IS APPROVED TOWN OTHER:			
RECEIVING WATER	RINFORMATION: (ch	eck all that ap	oly and <u>repeat</u>	this row for e	each waterbody)	
THE WATER QUALITY	VOLUME DISCHARGE	S TO:	MIMPAIRED	(303(d) LIST)		
N/A (discharges Groundwater)	to: CSO, Disconnected	wetland or	□ SRPW			
WATERBODY NAME:	South Easton Pond		🗆 COLDWATER 🔀 WARMWATER 🗆 UNASSESSED			
WATERBODY ID: RIO	007035L-04		□ 4 TH ORDER STREAM			
IMPAIRMENTS: Total Phosphorous, Total Organic		rganic	POND OF 50 ACRES OR MORE			
Carbon TMDL FOR:			KNOWN HISTORY OF REPETITIVE FLOODING (i.e. Pocassett River)			
□ CONTRIBUTES TO A PRIORITY OUTFALL LISTED IN			CONTRIBUTES STORMWATER TO A PUBLIC BEACH			
THE TMDL				TES TO SHELLF	ISHING GROUNDS	
PROJECT HISTORY	:					
PRE-APPLICATION MEETING DATE:						

RIDEM GRANT FUNDING INVOLVED	GRANT SOURCE:
TOWN MASTER PLAN APPROVAL DATE:	□ MINUTES ARE ATTACHED
	APPROVAL #:
PREVIOUS ENFORCEMENT ACTION HAS BEEN TAKEN ON THIS PROPERTY	ENFORCEMENT #
FRESHWATER WETLANDS JURISDICTION:	
FEMA FLOODPLAIN FIRMETTE HAS BEEN REVIEWED	AMOUNT OF FILL:600(CY)
CALCULATIONS ARE PROVIDED FOR CUT/FILL PROPOSED ANYWHERE WITHIN THE 100-YR FLOODPLAIN	AMOUNT OF CUT:172(CY)
RESTRICTIONS OR MODIFICATIONS ARE PROPOSED TO THE FLOWPATH OR VELOCITIES IN A FLOODWAY.	
FLOODPLAIN STORAGE CAPACITY IS IMPACTED	
CRMC JURISDICTION	
□ THIS PROJECT REQUIRES A CRMC PERMIT	
□ THE PROPERTY IS SUBJECT TO A SPECIAL AREA MANAGEMENT PLAN	
□ SEA LEVEL RISE MITIGATION WAS DESIGNED INTO THIS PROJECT	
MINUMUM STANDARD 8: LUHHPL IDENTIFICATION	
 OFFICE OF WASTE MANAGEMENT (OWM) THERE ARE KNOWN OR SUSPECTED RELEASES OF HAZARDOUS MATERIAL AT THE SITE THIS SITE IS ON THE LIST OF CERCLA and STATE SITES in RI 	OWM CONTACT:
STORMWATER INDUSTRIAL PERMITTING	ACTIVITIES: SECTOR: MSGP PERMIT #:
CONSIDERED LAND USES WITH HIGHER POTENTIAL POLLUTANT LOADS (LUHPPLS) (see Table 3-2) CONSTRUCTION IS PROPOSED ON A SITE THAT IS SUBJECT TO <u>THE</u> <u>MULTI-SECTOR GENERAL PERMIT (MSGP) UNDER RULE 31(B)15 OF THE</u> <u>RIPDES REGULATIONS.</u>	EXPLAIN ADDITIONAL TREATMENT:
□ ADDITIONAL STORMWATER TREATMENT IS REQUIRED BY THE MSGP	

MINIMUM STANDARD 6. REDEVELOPMENT (*Required calculation for all construction projects)					
PRE-CONSTRUCTION IMPERVIOUS AREA = 1.26 Acres		TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA (TIA) = 1.26 Acres			
CALCULATE THE SITE SIZE SITE SIZE (SS) = (TSA) – (JW) – (CL) = 1.82 Acres		TOTAL SITE AREA (TSA) = 1.82 Acres JURISDICTIONAL WETLANDS (JW): 0.0 Acres CONSERVATION LAND (CL) = 0.0 Acres			
(TIA)/(SS) = 0.69	 (TIA)/(SS) IS > 0.4) ☑ YES (REDEVELOPMENT) (address minimum standards 3 and 7-11) 	(TIA)/(SS) IS < 0.4) □ NO (NEW DEVELOPMENT) (all standards must be addressed)			

PART 2: MINIMUM STANDARD 1

LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT

(NOT REQUIRED FOR REDEVELOPMENT OR RETROFITS) – You may delete this section if it is not required

State Law requires the use of low impact-design techniques as the primary method of stormwater control to the maximum extent practicable. LID is intended to maintain or replicate predevelopment hydrology through the use of site planning, source control, and small-scale practices integrated throughout the site to prevent, infiltrate, and manage runoff as close to its source as possible. Non-structural LID techniques to Avoid and Reduce the stormwater impacts of development shall be explored as a first priority before LID structural practices are planned to Manage stormwater as part of a comprehensive LID approach.

The applicant must document specific LID Site Planning and Design Strategies applied for the project (see Manual Chapter Four and the *RI Low Impact Development (LID) Site Planning and Design Guidance Manual* for more details regarding each strategy). This checklist is designed to guide the required documentation of the site planning process, and to ensure that the proposed project is consistent with and taking advantage of LID strategies required or allowed in the municipality where the project is proposed. Included within this checklist are specific LID techniques (and practices) taken from the *RI Low Impact Development (LID) Site Planning and Design Guidance Manual* that a municipality may require or allow.

If a particular strategy is not used or not applicable, a written description of why a certain method is not used or applicable at the site must be provided. Appropriate answers may include such statements as:

- Town requires XXX (state the specific local requirement)
- Meets Town's dimensional requirement of XXXXX.
- Not practical for site because XXXXXX.
- Applying for waiver/variance to achieve this (pending; was approved; was denied)
- Applying for wavier/variance to seek relief from this (pending; approved; denied)

A) PRESERVATION OF UNDISTURBED AREAS, BUFFERS AND FLOODPLAINS	There are no natural areas and minimal
Sensitive resource areas and site constraints are identified (required)	vegetation of any kind on site. There are no areas that are protected by the state
Local development regulations have been reviewed (required)	or would qualify for conservation.
All vegetated buffers and coastal and freshwater wetlands have been designed to be protected during and after construction	
Conservation Development or other site design technique to protect open space and pre-development hydrology; [NOTE: If this technique has been used, check box and skip to c.]	
Maintain as much natural vegetation and pre-development hydrology as possible	
B) LOCATE DEVELOPMENT IN LESS SENSITIVE AREAS AND WORK WITH THE NATURAL LANDSCAPE CONDITIONS, HYDROLOGY, AND SOILS	There are no type A or B soils on site. There are no areas that could qualify as
Building envelopes/ development sites directed away from wetlands/waterbodies	QPAs on the property.
Development and stormwater systems are located in areas with greatest infiltration capacity (e.g., soil groups A and B.	There are no floodplains on or adjacent to site.
 Plans show measures to prevent soil compaction in areas designated as Qualified Pervious Areas (QPA's) 	No significant steep slopes are present on site.
Building envelopes/ development sites are directed away from floodplains	
Site designed to locate buildings, roadways and parking to avoid impacts to surface water features.	
☑ Building envelopes/ development sites directed away from steep slopes (≥15%)	
□ Other:	
C) MINIMIZE CLEARING AND GRADING	Site is previously disturbed.
Site clearing restricted to <u>minimum area needed</u> for building footprints, development activities, construction access and safety.	Minimization of clearing not applicable.
 Site designed to locate buildings, roadways and parking to minimize grading (cut and fill quantities) 	
Protection for stands of trees and individual trees and their root zones to be preserved is specified and such protection extends at least to the drip line	
Notes on plan specify that public trees that are removed or damaged during construction shall be replaced with equivalent.	

D) REDUCE IMPERVIOUS COVER	As a result of development, the
 □ Reduce roadway widths (≤22 feet for ADT ≤ 400; ≤ 26 feet for ADT 400- 2,000) 	impervious cover on site will be reduced by almost 30%.
□ Reduce driveway areas (length minimized via reduced ROW width (≤ 45 ft.) and/or reduced (or absolute minimum) front yard setback; width minimized to \leq 9 ft. wide one lane; \leq 18 ft. wide two lanes; shared driveways; pervious surface)	Pervious and semi-pervious materials have been specified for overflow parking areas.
Reduced building footprint: Explain approach	
□ Reduce sidewalk area (≤ 4 ft. wide; one side of the street; unpaved path; pervious surface)	
Reduce cul-de-sacs (radius < 45 ft; vegetated island; alternative turn- around)	
Reduced parking lot area: Explain approach	
Pervious surfaces (driveways, sidewalks, parking areas/overflow parking area)	
Maximum Impervious Surface (project meets or is less than the maximum specified by the Zoning Ordinance	
□ Other (describe):	
E) DISCONNECT IMPERVIOUS AREA	No areas on site qualify as QPAs.
Impervious surfaces have been disconnected and runoff has been diverted to QPAs to the maximum extent possible	
Residential street edges allow side-of-the-road drainage into vegetated open swales	
Parking lot landscaping breaks up impervious expanse AND accepts runoff	
□ Other:	
 F) MITIGATE RUNOFF AT THE POINT OF GENERATION Small-scale BMPs have been designated to treat runoff as close as possible to the source 	Surface sand filter will directly treat parking lot runoff at the point of generation.
G) PROVIDE LOW-MAINTENANCE NATIVE VEGETATION	Vegetation proposed per City ordinance.
Low-maintenance landscaping is proposed using native species and cultivars	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
 Plantings of native trees and shrubs in areas previously cleared of native vegetation are shown on the site plan 	
Lawn areas have been limited and/or minimized and yards have been kept undisturbed to the maximum extent on residential lots	
 Small-scale BMPs have been designated to treat runoff as close as possible to the source <i>PROVIDE LOW-MAINTENANCE NATIVE VEGETATION</i> Low-maintenance landscaping is proposed using native species and cultivars Plantings of native trees and shrubs in areas previously cleared of native vegetation are shown on the site plan Lawn areas have been limited and/or minimized and yards have been kept 	parking lot runoff at the point of

H) RESTORE STREAMS/WETLANDS	Drainage patterns will not be altered
Historic drainage patterns have been restored by removing closed drainage systems, daylighting buried streams, and/or restoring degraded stream channels and/or wetlands.	except to minimize impacts to downstream development. No stream channels or wetlands require restoration. No invasive species are
□ Removal of invasive species	present on site.
Other	

PART 3: SUMMARY OF REMAINING STANDARDS

Minimum Standard 2: Groundwater Recharge

 \blacksquare YES \Box NO The project has been designed to meet the groundwater recharge standard.

If No, please explain the justification for groundwater recharge criterion waiver (i.e. threat of groundwater contamination, or physical limitation), if applicable (see Section 3.3.2);

Please describe your waiver request:

□ YES □ NO Has any part of the site been approved for infiltration by the Office of Waste Management? (see <u>Subsurface Contamination Guidance</u>)

Subwatershed	Total Re _v Required (Acre-ft)	LID Stormwate (Manual see Sec Impervious volume directed to a QPA (acre-ft)		Recharge Required by Remaining BMPs (acre-ft)	Recharge Provided by BMPs (acre-ft)
All	0.002	0	0	0.002	0.019
Totals		0	0	0.002	0.019

TABLE 2-1: Summary of Recharge (see Manual section 3.3.2)

*Note: Only BMPs listed in Manual Table 3-5, List of BMPs Acceptable for Recharge may be used to meet the recharge requirement.

□ Indicate below where the pertinent calculations and/or information for the above items are provided (i.e. name of report/document, page numbers);

Appendix F Stormwater Runoff Analysis

Minimum Standard 3: Water Quality X YES D NO Does this project meet or exceed the required water quality volume WQv (see section 3.3.3)? X YES □ NO Is the proposed final impervious cover is greater than 20% of the disturbed area (see section 3.3.3)? If yes, the Spit Pervious/Impervious method in Hydro-Cad was used to calculate WQv, or \bowtie If yes, TR-55 or TR-20 was used to calculate WQv, and If no, the project meets the minimum WQv of 0.2 watershed inches over the entire disturbed area. YES DO Does this project meet or exceed the ability to treat required water quality flow WQf(see section 3.3.3.2)? \Box YES NO Is there an increase of impervious cover to a receiving water body with impairments? If yes, please indicate below the method that was used to address the water quality requirements of no further degradation to low quality water. □ RISDISM section H.3 Pollutant Loading Analysis □ The Water Quality Guidance Document (Water Quality Goals and Pollutant Loading Analysis Guidance for Discharges to Impaired Waters) X YES DNO BMPs are proposed that are on the <u>approved technology list</u> if yes, please provide all of the required worksheets from the manufacturer. site as the result of a TMDL, SAMP or other watershed-specific requirements; If yes, please describe:

TABLE 3-1: Summary of Water Quality (see Manual section 3.3.3)						
	Total WQ _v		water Credits Section 4.6.1)	Water Quality	Water Quality Provided by BMPs (acre-ft)	
Subwatershed	Required (Acre-ft)	Impervious volume directed to a QPA (acre-ft)	Water Quality Credit Applied (acre-ft)	Treatment Remaining (acre-ft)		
202A	0.0083	0.0	0.0	0.0083	0.0176	
Totals						

*Note: Only BMPs listed in Chapter 5 of the Manual or the Approved Technologies List of BMPs is Acceptable for Water Quality treatment.

YES INO This project has met the setback requirements for each BMP. If no, please explain

${\color{black} imes}$	Indicate below where the pertinent calculations and/or information for the above items are provided (i.e. name of
	report/document, page numbers);

Stormwater Runoff Analysis, Supporting Calculations, Appendix F

Minimum Standard 4: Conveyance and Natural Channel Protection (3.3	.4)
--	-----

YES D NO Is this standard waived? If yes, please indicate one or more of the reasons below:

- The project directs discharge to a large river (i.e., 4th-order stream or larger. See Appendix I for state-wide list and map of stream order), bodies of water >50.0 acres in surface area (i.e., lakes, ponds, reservoirs), or tidal waters.
- The project directs is a small facility with impervious cover of less than or equal to 1 acre.
- The project has a post-development peak discharge rate from the facility that is less than 2 cfs for the 1-year, 24-hour Type III design storm event (prior to any attenuation). (**NOTE:** *LID design strategies can greatly reduce the peak discharge rate*)

If no, explain why ______

Drainage Point	Receiving Water Body Name	Coldwater Fishery? Y/N	Total CPv Required (acre-ft)	Total CPv Provided (acre-ft)	Release Rate Modeled in the 1-yr storm (cfs)
Totals:					

If yes, please indicate restrictions and solutions.

□ Indicate below where the pertinent calculations and/or information for the above items are provided (i.e. name of report/document, page numbers);

Minimum Standard 5: Overbank Flood Protection (3.3.5) (and other potential high flows)

□ YES	🛛 NO	Is this standard waived? If yes, please Indicate one or more of the reasons below:
		 The project directs discharge to a large river (i.e., 4th-order stream or larger. See Appendix I for State-wide list and map of stream order), bodies of water >50.0 acres in surface area (i.e., lakes, ponds, reservoirs), or tidal waters. A Downstream Analysis (see section 3.3.6), indicates that peak discharge control would not be beneficial or would exacerbate peak flows in a downstream tributary of a particular site (i.e. through coincident peaks)
🛛 YES	□ NO	Does the project flow to an MS4 system? If yes, indicate below:
		RIDOT Other: Newport Storm drains
		(NOTE: your project could be approved by RIDEM but not meet RIDOT or Town standards. RIDOT's regulations indicate that post-volumes must be less than pre-volumes for the 10-yr storm at the design point entering the RIDOT system). If you have not already received approval for the discharge to an MS4, please explain your strategy to comply with RIDEM and the MS4.
🛛 YES		Did you use a model for your analysis, if yes, indicate below
		🗆 TR-55 🔲 TR-20 🛛 Hydrocad 🔲 Other
🛛 YES	□ NO	Does the hydrologic model demonstrate that flows from the 100-year event will be safely conveyed to a control practice designed to manage the 100-year event? If no, please explain
🛛 YES		Do off-site areas contribute to the subwatersheds and design points? If yes,
		■ YES □ NO Are the areas modeled as "present condition" for both pre- and post-development analysis
		☑ YES □ NO Are the off-site areas are shown on the subwatershed maps

X YES □ NO Does the hydrologic model confirm safe passage of the 100-year flow through the site for off-site runoff;

Please calculate the following:

Area of disturbance within the sub-watershed (areas): **1.60 Acres**

Impervious cover (%): 80%

- □ YES INO Is a dam breach analysis required (earthen embankments over six (6) feet in height, or a capacity of 15 acre-feet or more, and contributes to a significant or high hazard dam?
- YES Does this project meet the overbank flood protection standard?

Table 5-1 Hydraulic Analysis Summary								
Subwatershed (design point)			1-yr Pe Pre (cfs)	ak Flow Post (cfs)	10-yr P Pre (cfs)	eak Flow Post (cfs)	100-yr Pre (cfs)	Peak Flow Post (cfs)
DP-1	0.02	0.01	0.20	0.17	0.51	0.44	1.08	0.95
DP-2	0.74	0.36	3.24	1.93	6.77	4.65	12.95	12.70

Indicate below where the pertinent calculations and/or information for the above items are provided (i.e. name of report/document, page numbers);

Existing condition analysis for each subwatershed, including (curve numbers, times of concentration, runoff rates, volumes, and water surface elevations showing methodologies used and supporting calculations);

Stormwater Runoff Analysis, Appendix B & C

Proposed condition analysis for each subwatershed, including (curve numbers, times of concentration, runoff rates, volumes, water surface elevations, and routing showing the methodologies used and supporting calculations);

Stormwater Runoff Analysis, Appendix B & D

▲ Final sizing calculations for structural stormwater BMPs including, contributing drainage area, storage, and outlet configuration;

Stormwater Runoff Analysis, Appendix F

Stage-storage, inflow and outflow hydrographs for storage facilities (e.g., detention, retention, or infiltration facilities);

Stormwater Runoff Analysis, Appendix D

	Table 5-2 Summary of Best Management Practices									
DP No.	BMP ID.	BMP Type (i.e. bioretention or tree filter)				Overbank Flood Reduction	Internal Bypass	Horizontal Setback Criteria Met		
			Pre- treatment (volume)	Rev	WQv	CPv	Y/N	Y/N	Distance (ft)	From constraint (i.e. private well o foundation)
2	SF-1	Sand Filter	N/A	N/A	0.018	N/A	N	N	None (lined)	
										-
		TOTAL:								_
		IOTAL:								

	Table 5-3 Summary of Soils to evaluate each BMP									
DP No.	BMP ID.	BMP Type (i.e. bioretention or tree filter)	Soils Analysis for Each BMP							
			Primary Tes	Secondary t Pit ID #	Bottom Sys Elevation (ft)	SHWT Elevation (ft)	Separation Distance (ft)	Hydrologic Soil Group A,B,C or D	Exfiltration Rate Applied (in/hr)	
202B	D1	Infiltration chambers	TH#1		75.5	72.5	3	С	0.27	
		TOTAL:								

Minimum Standard 7: (questions are now asked in Minimum Standard 10 and 11)

Minimum Sta	andard 8: Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)
🗆 yes 🛛 No 🥻	Are there any existing activities or land uses proposed that would be considered LUHPPLs (see Manual Table 3-2)? If yes, please describe. If no, you may continue on to Minimum Standard 9:
🗆 yes 🛛 NC	Are these activities already covered under an MSGP? If, no please explain if you have applied for an MSGP, or intend to do so?
□ YES □ NO	List the specific BMPs that are proposed for this project that receive stormwater from LUHPPL drainage areas. These BMP types must be listed in Manual Table 3-3, "Acceptable BMPs for Use at LUHPPLs";
	Please list BMPs
☐ Additional E	BMPs, or additional pretreatment BMP's if any, that meet RIPDES MSGP requirements;
	Please list BMPs
report/docu	ow where the pertinent calculations and/or information for the above items are provided (i.e. name of iment, page
Minimum Sta	andard 9: Illicit Discharges
¥es □ no	Have you checked for illicit discharges?
🗆 YES 🛛 NO	Have any been found and/or corrected? If yes, please identify
🛛 YES 🗆 NO	Does your report explain preventative measures that keep non-stormwater discharges out of the Waters of the

State (during and after construction)?

Minimum Standard 10 Soil Erosion and Sediment Control

YES DNO Have you included a Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Plan Set and/or Complete Construction Plan Set?

- YES Did you provide a separately bound document based upon the <u>SESC Template</u>? If yes, proceed to Minimum Standard 11 (the following items can be assumed to be addressed). If no, include a document with your submittal that addresses the following: Elements of a SESC Plan:
 - Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Plan project narrative including a description of how the fifteen (15) Performance Criteria have been met:

- Provide Natural Buffers and Maintain Existing Vegetation;
- Minimize Area of Disturbance;
- Minimize the Disturbance of Steep Slopes;
- Preserve Topsoil;
- Stabilize Soils;
- Protect Storm Drain Inlets;
- Protect Storm Drain Outlets;

Establish Temporary Controls for the Protection of Post-Construction Stormwater Control Measures;

- Establish Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers;
- Divert or Manage Run-On from Up-Gradient Areas;
- Properly Design Constructed Stormwater Conveyance Channels;
- Retain Sediment On-Site;
- Control Temporary Increases in Stormwater Velocity, Volume, and Peak Flows;
- Apply construction Activity Pollution Prevention Control Measures;
- Install, Inspect, and Maintain Control Measures and Take Corrective Actions.
- Qualified SESC plan preparer's information and certification;

Operator's information and certification; if not known at the time of application the operator must certify the SESC Plan upon selection and prior to initiating site activities;

Description of control measures such as temporary sediment trapping and conveyance practices, including design calculations and supporting documentation, as required.

Minimum Standard 7 & 11: Stormwater Management System Operation, Maintenance and Pollution Prevention Plan (See section 3.2.11 and Appendices G and E for guidance)

- XYES DNO Have you minimized all sources of pollutant contact with stormwater runoff, to the maximum extent practicable?
- YES DNO Have you provided a separately bound **Operations, Maintenance and Pollution Prevention Manual** for the site and for all of the BMPs?

The (O&M and PP Plan Contains):

- YES INO Contact name, address, and phone number of the responsible party for maintenance;
- X YES INO 8.5" x 11" map indicating the location of all of the proposed stormwater BMPs that will require maintenance;
- X YES INO Description of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks and their frequency for required elements for each BMP;
- YES DNO A description and delineation of public safety features;

- \blacksquare YES \square NO Access and safety for maintenance?
- XYES DNO Lawn, Garden and Landscape Management meet the requirements of section G.7? If not, why not?

YES DNO Is the property owner or homeowners association is responsible for the stormwater maintenance of all BMP's?

If no, you must provide a legally binding and enforceable maintenance agreement (see Appendix E-page 26) that identifies the entity that will be responsible for maintenance of the stormwater. Please indicate where this agreement can be found in your report:

YES INO Do you anticipate that you will need legal agreements related to the stormwater structures? (e.g. off-site easements, deed restrictions, and covenants). If yes, have you obtained them? Or please explain your plan to obtain them:

Necessary agreements will be drafted by project attorney and recorded after approvals have been received.

□ YES INO Is stormwater being directed from public areas to private property? If yes, (NOTE: this is not allowed unless there is a funding mechanism in place to provide the finances for the long-term maintenance of the BMP and drainage unless there is a funding mechanism is demonstrated that can guarantee the long-term maintenance of a stormwater BMP by an individual homeowner)

Pollution Prevention Section Contains:

- □ YES 🛛 NO Trash racks to prevent floatables, trash and debris from discharging to waters of the state?
- YES INO Asphalt only based sealants?
- □ YES NO Pet waste stations? (**NOTE:** if a receiving water has a bacterial impairment and the project involves housing units, this could be an important part your pollution prevention plan)

¥ YES □ NO Regular sweeping? Please describe _____

- YES DNO A prohibition of phosphate based fertilizers? (**NOTE**: *if the site discharges to a phosphorus impaired waterbody, this could be an important part of your pollution prevention plan*)?

PART 3: SUBWATERSHED MAPPING AND SITE PLAN DETAILS

Existing and Proposed Subwatershed Mapping (REQUIRED)

Existing and proposed drainage area delineations

- [⊥] Locations, cross sections, and profiles of all streams and drainage swales and their method of stabilization;
- ▲ Drainage flow paths, mapped according to the DEM Guidance for Preparation of Drainage Area Maps (included in Appendix K).
- [⊥] Complete drainage area boundaries; include off-site areas in both mapping and analyses, as applicable;
- $^{\pm}$ Logs of borings and/or test pit investigations along with supporting soils/geotechnical report.

Mapped seasonal high water table,

- Mapped locations of the site-specific borings and/or test pits and soils information from the test pits at the locations of the BMPs
- Mapped locations of the BMPs with the BMPs consistently identified on the Site Construction Plans

Mapping bedrock within 3' of any BMP

- YES DO Soils were logged by a:
 - DEM-licensed Class IV soil evaluator Name: _____
 - RI-registered PE. Name; ______

Subwatershed Summary						
Subwatershed (acres to each design point)	First Receiving Water ID or MS4	Area Disturbed (acres)	Existing Impervious (acres)	Proposed Impervious (acres)		
DP-1	Newport MS4	Varies	0.039	0.035		
DP-2	Newport MS4	Varies	1.39	0.883		
Totals:			1.429	0.918		

Site Construction Plans (the following applicable specifications are provided)

- \pm Existing and proposed plans (scale not greater than 1" = 40') with North arrow
- [⊥] Existing and proposed site topography (with 1 or 2-foot contours). 10-foot contours accepted for off-site areas
- $^{\pm}$ Boundaries of existing predominant vegetation and proposed limits of clearing;
- ^主 Site Location clarification

Location and field-verified boundaries of resource protection areas such as:

- ▶ freshwater and coastal wetlands, lakes, ponds,
- coastal shoreline features
- Perennial and intermittent streams, in addition to areas subject to storm flowage (ASSFs);

All required setbacks (e.g., buffers, water supply wells, septic systems);

Representative cross-section and profile drawings, notes and details of structural stormwater management practices and conveyances (i.e., storm drains, open channels, swales, etc.), which include:

- Location and size of the stormwater treatment practices (type of practice, depth, area). Stormwater treatment practices (BMPs) must have labels that correspond to table 5-2;
- Design water surface elevations (applicable storms);
- Structural details of outlet structures, embankments, spillways, stilling basins, grade control structures, conveyance channels, etc.;
- Existing and proposed structural elevations (e.g., invert of pipes, manholes, etc.);
- Location of floodplain and, if applicable, floodway limits and relationship of site to upstream and downstream properties or drainage that could be affected by work in the floodplain;
- Planting plans for structural stormwater BMPs, including species, size, planting methods, and maintenance requirements of proposed planting;
- Logs of borings and/or test pit investigations along with supporting soils/geotechnical report and corresponding water tables.

Mapping of any OWM approved activities related to current/former site use areas for any known contamination and/or remedial clean-up efforts.

Location of existing and proposed roads, buildings, and other structures including limits of disturbance;

- Existing and proposed utilities (e.g., water, sewer, gas, electric) and easements;
- Location of existing and proposed conveyance systems such as grass channels, swales, and storm drains, as well as location(s) of final discharge point (wetland, waterbody);
- Cross sections of roadways, with edge details such as curbs and sidewalks;
- ► Location and dimensions of channel modifications, such as bridge or culvert crossings;
- ▶ Locations, cross sections, and profiles of all stream or wetland crossings and their method of stabilization

STORMWATER SYSTEM OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

Proposed Dance School (Former Tripplet School)

Assessor's Map 6, Lot 11 Broadway and Princeton Street Newport, RI

Prepared For

Island Dance Studio P.O. Box 746 Newport, RI 02840

April 2020



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APPENDIX A OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE CHECKLISTS

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 SITE INFORMATION

City / Town:	Newport, Rhode Island
Adjacent Roadways:	(435) Broadway, Princeton Street and Ledyard Street
Lot(s) identification:	A.P. 6 Lot 11
Zoning District:	R-10
Current Use:	Former School (disused)
Site Area:	1.82 Acres
FEMA Zone and Map:	Zone "X" (Panel 44005C0093J)

1.2 SITE CONDITIONS

The development includes a 8,444+/- square foot dance school located on the site of the former Tripplet School. The site is accessed from Broadway via a semicircle looping paved entrance. A paved parking area is provided along the south side of the property. A portion of this parking at the rear of the site is to be pervious. The remainder of the former school property is to be subdivided off into four (4) residential properties. The new dance school will be provided with municipal utility services, either by the existing services stubs or by new services tapped with permission from Newport Department of Utilities. Electrical and communications are proposed from the overhead lines running along the southwest boundary.

In general, the total amount of impervious surfaces across the site will be reduced as part of development. Stormwater controls include a subsurface infiltration system for the dance school rooftop and a surface sand filter for parking lot water quality treatment. The main outflow from the drainage system is to be connected to a municipal storm drain at the eastern end of the residential properties. An easement for this drain line connection through the residential parcels shall be required.

The focus of this Operations and Maintenance document shall be the stormwater system that supports the dance school. The responsibility of the individual stormwater systems for each of the residences shall be the responsibility of the respective owners. As the stormwater systems for each of the residences include subsurface infiltration chambers, the maintenance objectes for these devices described herein may also be applied by the homeowners.

1.3 PROTECTED FEATURES

There are no wetlands or other features protected by the state present on site. The site does not lie within any coastal or freshwater wetland jurisdiction. Minimal vegetation is proposed on site and landscaping is limited to the northwest side of the property fronting Broadway and along the property lines.



ADMINISTRATION

1.4 RESPONSIBLE PARTIES

The Owner and party responsible for the operation and maintenance of the dance school stormwater management system is:

Island Dance Studio P.O. Box 746 Newport, RI 02840

The Owner intends that this Plan shall run with the land and be binding upon the Owner and the Owner's successors and assigns. A copy of this Plan shall be provided to any future property owners. This Section shall be amended as necessary. The Owner is solely responsible for the operation and maintenance of the dance school drainage system. Care of the stormwater systems for each of the new subdivision residences shall be the responsibility of the individual homeowners.

1.5 O&M Expenses

It is anticipated that the Operation and Maintenance budget will be incorporated into the operating budget of the property. The stormwater facilities will require continual maintenance to operate at peak efficiency. It is anticipated that small equipment and hand labor will typically be required to operate and maintain the system. A vacuum truck will be required for more intensive maintenance. Operation and Maintenance activities and equipment will be funded by the Owner.

1.6 PUBLIC SAFETY FEATURES

Public safety is provided for in the development design. The surface stormwater devices are less than 2 feet in depth with manageable side slopes.



2.0 GENERAL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

This section contains a general overview of O&M guidelines and documentation procedures. Specific guidance is described in Section 4.0. Appendix A contains applicable Operation, Maintenance and Management Inspection Checklists. Appendix B contains a location map of stormwater features to be maintained and details of the devices which may be referenced during maintenance.

2.1 INSPECTION

All stormwater management facilities shall be periodically inspected by a qualified individual. Inspections shall be conducted by a registered professional engineer where the structural or hydraulic integrity of the system is in question. Inspections shall follow the inspection guidelines found in the checklists included in Appendix A. The minimum inspection schedule is summarized in the following table.

Item	Annually	After Major Storms	Biannually
Infiltration Chambers	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Surface Sand Filter	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Conveyance Structures		\checkmark	\checkmark
Overall Function	\checkmark		

Table 1: Summary of Minimum Inspection Schedule

Note: "Major Storm" refers to a storm with 2.8 inches of rain over a 24-hour period

2.2 MAINTENANCE

Maintenance activities are described in three categories based upon the magnitude and type of the maintenance activities performed. A description of each category follows.

2.2.1 **PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE**

The most effective way to maintain the stormwater system is to prevent the pollutants from entering them in the first place. Common pollutants include sediment, trash and debris, chemicals, runoff from stored materials, and illicit discharges. The Owner shall implement the following measures to address these potential contaminants, which will minimize expenses and time investments in the long term.

- Educate employees and guests of how their actions impact water quality, and how they can help reduce maintenance costs;
- Keep the property free of trash and debris;
- Ensure the proper disposal of hazardous wastes and chemicals;
- Plan landscaping care to minimize the use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides;
- Sweep paved surfaces and dispose of sweepings properly;
- Be aware of automobiles leaking fluids. Use absorbents to soak up drippings dispose of properly;
- Re-vegetate disturbed and bare areas to maintain vegetative stabilization; and



• Protect landscaping care and other chemicals stored outdoors from stormwater.

2.2.2 ROUTINE AND MINOR MAINTENANCE

Routine maintenance work to be undertaken by the Owner shall include activities normally performed throughout the year, such as:

- Mowing and weed control,
- Trash and debris removal, and
- Parking lot sweeping / vacuuming

Such minor maintenance consists of isolated or small-scale maintenance/operational problems. Most of this work can be completed by a small crew with hand tools, and small equipment.

2.2.3 MAJOR MAINTENANCE

This work consists of more complex maintenance/operational problems and system failures. Some of this work may require consultation with the Design Engineer and/or the City of Newport. This work may also require more specialized maintenance equipment, design/details, surveying, or assistance through private contractors and consultants.



3.0 LAWN, GARDEN, AND LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT

Grasses require more water and attention than alternative groundcovers, flowers, shrubs, or trees. Alternatives to turf are especially recommended for problem areas such as lawn edges, frost pockets, shady spots, steep slopes, and soggy areas.

3.1 GRASS

Grass seed is available in a wide range of cultivated varieties. The Owner should consult a landscape expert to choose the grass type that matches the site conditions, and is consistent with the Owner's desired level of maintenance.

3.2 MOWING AND MANAGEMENT

To prevent insects and weed problems, the Owner should mow high, mow frequently, and keep mower blades sharp. Lawns should not be cut shorter than 2 to 3 inches, because weeds can grow more easily in short grasses. Grass can be cut lower in the spring and fall to stimulate root growth, but not shorter than 1 ½ inches.

3.3 FERTILIZATION

If fertilizing is desired, consider the following points:

- Most lawns require little or no fertilizer to remain healthy. Fertilize no more than twice a year once in May-June, and once in September-October;
- Fertilizers are rated on their labeling by three numbers (e.g., 10-10-10 or 12-4-8), which refer to their Nitrogen (N) Phosphorus (P) Potassium (K) concentrations. Fertilize at a rate of no more than ½ pound of nitrogen per 1000 square feet, which can be determined by dividing 50 by the percentage of nitrogen in the fertilizer;
- Apply fertilizer carefully to avoid spreading on impervious surfaces such as paved walkways, patios, driveways, etc., where the nutrient can be easily washed into storm drains or directly into surface waters;
- To encourage more complete uptake, use slow-release fertilizers that is those that contain 50 percent or more water-insoluble nitrogen (WIN);
- Grass blades retain 30-40 percent of nutrients applied in fertilizers. Reduce fertilizer applications by 30 percent, or eliminate the spring application of fertilizer and leave clippings on the lawn where they will degrade and release stored nutrients back to the soil; and
- Fertilizer should not be applied when rain is expected. Not only does the rain decrease fertilizer effectiveness, it also increases the risk of surface and ground water contamination.



3.4 WEED MANAGEMENT

The Owner must decide how many weeds can be tolerated before action is taken to eradicate them. To the extent practicable, weeds should be dug or pulled out. If patches of weeds are present, they can be covered for a few days with a black plastic sheet. This process kills the weeds while leaving the grass intact. If weeds blanket a large enough area, the patch can be covered with clear plastic for several weeks, effectively "cooking" the weeds and their seeds. The bare area left behind after weeding should be reseeded to prevent weeds from growing back. As a last resort, the Owner may use chemical herbicides to spot treat weeds.

3.5 PEST MANAGEMENT

Effective pest management begins with maintenance of a healthy, vigorous lawn that is naturally disease resistant. The Owner shall monitor plants for obvious damage and check for the presence of pest organisms. Learn to distinguish beneficial insects and arachnids, such as green lacewings, ladybugs, and most spiders, from ones that will damage plants.

When damage is detected or when harmful organisms are present, the property manager shall determine the level of damage the plant is able to tolerate. No action should be taken if the plant can maintain growth and fertility. If controls are needed, there are a variety of low-impact pest management controls and practices to choose from, including the following:

- Visible insects can be removed by hand (with gloves or tweezers) and placed in soapy water or vegetable oil. Alternatively, insects can be sprayed off a plant with water, or in some cases vacuumed off of larger plants;
- Store-bought traps, such as species- specific, pheromone-based traps or colored sticky cards, can be used;
- Sprinkling the ground surface with abrasive diatomaceous earth can prevent infestations by softbodied insects and slugs. Slugs can also be trapped by falling or crawling into small cups set in the ground flush with the surface and filled with beer;
- In cases where microscopic parasites, such as bacteria and fungi, are causing damage to plants, the affected plant material can be removed and disposed of. (Pruning equipment should be disinfected with bleach to prevent spreading the disease organism);
- Small mammals and birds can be excluded using fences, netting, tree trunk guards, and, as a last resort, trapping. (In some areas trapping is illegal. Property owners should check local codes if this type of action is desired); and
- The Owner can encourage/attract beneficial organisms, such as bats, birds, green lacewings, ladybugs, praying mantis, ground beetles, parasitic nematodes, trichogramma wasps, seedhead weevils, and spiders that prey on detrimental pest species. These desirable organisms can be introduced directly or can be attracted to the area by providing food and/or habitat.

If chemical pesticides are used, the Owner shall try to select the least toxic, water soluble and volatile pesticides possible. All selected pesticides should be screened for their potential to harm water resources. When possible, pesticides that pose the least risk to human health and the environment should be chosen. A list of popular pesticides, along with their uses, their toxicity to humans and wildlife, EPA's toxicity rating,



and alternatives to the listed chemicals, is available from *The Audubon Guide to Home Pesticides*, (<u>http://www.audubon.org/bird/pesticides/</u>).

3.6 SENSIBLE IRRIGATION

Established lawns need no more than one inch of water per week (including precipitation) to prevent dormancy in dry periods. Watering at this rate should wet soil to approximately 4-6 inches and will encourage analogous root growth. If possible, use timers to water before 9:00 a.m., preferably in the early morning to avoid evaporative loss. Use drought-resistant grasses (see "grass selection" above) and cut grass at 2-3 inches to encourage deeper rooting and heartier lawns.



4.0 STORMWATER BMPS

4.1 SAND FILTER

Description

A Sand Filter is designed to capture and temporarily store the water quality storm runoff volume and pass it through a sand media layer. In areas of shallow water tables or poorly draining soils, the media is lined with an impermeable membrane and the filtered runoff is collected by an underdrain. This treated runoff is then discharged downgradient. In areas of deeper water tables and well-draining soils, the filtered stormwater is infiltrated into the undisturbed strata below the filter. High flow runoff to a sand filter typically passes over an overflow weir to a volume control device. Sand filters are not intended to have permanent pools and should drain within 24 hours. The filter beds are planted with water tolerant grasses selected from the <u>Rhode Island Coastal Plant Guide</u> or Appendix B of the RIDISM.

The stormwater design for this development includes the following sand filters.

 Device ID: SF1
 Location: Southeast of Dance School Lined or Unlined: Lined

Required Maintenance

Sand filters shall be inspected following at least the first two precipitation events of at least 1.0 inch to ensure that the system is functioning properly. Thereafter, a filter should be inspected at least annually and after storm events of greater than or equal to the 1-year, 24-hour Type III precipitation event (2.8 inches). These maintenance objectives are focused on preserving the hydraulic and removal efficiency and maintaining structural integrity and include the following:

- 1. The slopes of a sand filter shall be inspected for erosion and gullying. Inlet areas shall be reinforced if they are found to be deficient or erosion is present at the overflow outlet. All material, including any trash and/or debris from all areas within the extents of the filter shall be disposed of in accordance with all applicable regulations. The overflow weir shall be inspected for structural faults.
- Any areas within the extents of a sand filter that are subject to erosion or gullying shall be replenished with the original design material and re-vegetated according to the design drawings. Slope protection material shall be placed in areas prone to erosion. Embankment stability shall be verified by inspecting for seepage and burrowing animals.

The following maintenance tasks shall be completed on an annual basis.

1. Silt/sediment shall be removed from the sand filter bed annually, when accumulation exceeds one inch, or when the filtering capacity of the device diminishes substantially. This material shall be disposed of in accordance with all applicable regulations.



- 2. Mow the grass around the perimeter of and within the sand filter, seed bare areas, and remove litter and debris at least three times per growing season to maintain maximum grass heights less than twelve inches.
- 3. Remove any invasive vegetation within the extents of the sand filter. Any invasive vegetation encroaching upon the perimeter of the filter shall be pruned or removed if it is prohibiting access to the device, compromising sight visibility, and/or compromising the original design intent.

If dead or dying grass on the bottom is observed, check to ensure that water drains down within two days following storms. If standing water is observed more than 48 hours after a storm event, then the top six (6) inches of sand shall be removed and replaced in kind. If discolored or contaminated material is found below this removed material, then that material shall also be removed and replaced in kind until all contaminated sand has been removed from the filter media. The sand shall be disposed of in accordance with all applicable regulations.

4.2 CONVEYANCE STRUCTURES

Description

Conveyance structures include all man-made subsurface structures which collect and convey stormwater surface runoff across the site, typically to stormwater treatment or control devices. These structures include roof downspouts, cleanouts, drain basins, and pipes. These structures are typically made of concrete or high-density plastics. In smaller scale projects, these conveyance structures consist of roof leaders and downspouts.

Required Maintenance:

All conveyance structures are to be inspected at least three times in the first six months of operation. Additionally, these structures shall be inspected semi-annually (twice a year). The inspection objectives are as follows:

- 1. Any structural faults shall be repaired as necessary for proper function.
- 2. Pipes and roof runoff conveyances such as gutters and downspouts shall be clean and free of obstructions that reduce flow.
- 3. A registered professional engineer shall be consulted if necessary, to determine whether a structure has been compromised.



4.3 INFILTRATION CHAMBERS

Description

Subsurface infiltration chambers allow for temporary storage and infiltration into underlying soil, effectively providing water quality and groundwater recharge. An outlet structure meters outlet flow from the subsurface chambers to relieve pressure within the system and regulates peak runoff.

The stormwater design for this development includes the following infiltrating subsurface chambers:

 Location: Under parking lot southeast of dance school Chamber type: Cultec 100HD Number of chambers: 30

Required Maintenance

After every storm event of greater than or equal to the 1-year, 24-hour type III precipitation event (2.8 inches), in the first six months after construction, then annually, a record shall be kept of the time to drain the system completely after a storm event. The chambers should drain completely within 72-hours. If the chambers remain undrained after 72-hours, the chambers should be excavated, the area beneath the system tilled to a depth of twelve (12) inches below the stone bedding, and the filter fabric beneath the system replaced. All stone bedding shall be washed or replaced and the chambers re-installed.

General inspections should be conducted at least annually and after storm events greater than or equal to the 1-year, 24-hour type III precipitation event (2.8 inches). The maintenance objectives for these devices are focused on preserving the structural integrity of the system and removal of sediment. These inspections are to include:

1. Subsurface infiltration chambers shall be inspected via inspection ports or manholes to grade for the presence of sediments. Should the average depth of sediment exceed 3 inches within the inlet chamber or row, clean out of the system should be performed. This should be accomplished by vacuum truck.

Stormwater structures shall also be inspected for accumulated sediments and debris semi-annually. Material shall be removed and disposed of off-site at a licensed facility. Structural faults shall be repaired and outlet pipes inspected for blockage.



5.0 APPENDICES



APPENDIX A OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE CHECKLISTS

Operation, Maintenance, and Management Inspection Checklist

For Drainage Conveyance System Structure:_

To be used in Conjunction with Operation and Maintenance Document

Date of Inspection: Date of Last Inspection: Time: Type of Inspection:
Semi - Annual
Other (indicate in comments) Inspector: General Upkeep:

1. Owner should consult an RI registered professional engineer with questions.

2. Inspection of conveyance pipes will require the removal of grates, covers and cleanout caps.

SEMI - ANNUAL MAINTENANCE						
MAINTENANCE ITEM ACTION IF DEFICIENT COMMENTS						
Clogging of pipes	Pipes should be cleaned out with a high pressure water jet.					
Grate or cover broken or missing	Repair or replace.					
Cracked or broken inlet and outlet pipes	Repair or replace.					
Damaged or missing flared end sections	Repair or replace.					
Sediment and debris exceed 50% of sump (if present)	Remove and dispose in accordance with state regulations.					
Oil or other contamination present	Remove and dispose in accordance with state regulations.					

Additional Notes:

Operation, Maintenance, and Management Inspection Checklist For Sand Filter:_____

To be used in Conjunction with Operation and Maintenance Document

Date of Inspection: Date of Last Inspection: Time: Type of Inspection: Annual Annual Other Inspector: General Upkeep Notes:

1. Fertilizer and pesticides shall not be applied to grasses within sand filter.

ANNUAL AND MAJOR STORM MAINTENANCE							
MAINTENANCE ITEM	ACTION IF DEFICIENT	COMMENTS					
Filter side slopes eroding or gullying	Eroded areas be replenished with the original design material and re-vegetated.						
Inspect area around filter inlets	Eroded areas be replenished with the original design material and re-vegetated.						
Trash and debris in filter	Remove and dispose in accordance with state regulations.						
Sediments on filter surface exceeds one (1) inch in depth	Remove and dispose in accordance with state regulations.						
Invasive or unauthorized vegetation in extents of filter.	Prune and remove.						
Overflow weir blocked	Remove blockage and inspect for damage to structure.						

BIANNUAL MAINTENANCE							
MAINTENANCE ITEM	ACTION IF DEFICIENT	COMMENTS					
Vegetative Coverage less than 50%	Reinforcement grasses in accordance with original planting plan						
Dead or Dying Vegetation	Replace loam top layer in areas of dying vegetation and re-seed.						

OTHER								
MAINTENANCE ITEM	ACTION IF DEFICIENT	COMMENTS						
Water ponds on filter surface for more than 48 hours	The top six (6) inches of sand media shall be excavated and replaced with clean sand. Replace loam layer and re-seed. Discarded material dispose in accordance with state regulations.							

Operation, Maintenance, and Management Inspection Checklist For Subsurface Chambers: _____

To be used in Conjunction with Operation and Maintenance Document

Date of Inspection: Date of Last Inspection: Time: Type of Inspection:
Annual
Major Storm Inspector: General Upkeep Notes:

1. Annual maintenance of subsurface chambers will require the use of a vacuum truck.

ANNUAL MAINTENANCE									
MAINTENANCE ITEM	ACTION IF DEFICIENT	COMMENTS							
Average depth of sediments in inlet chamber exceeds three (3) inches.	Remove sediments using a vacuum truck.								
Sediments in header pipes.	Remove sediments using a vacuum truck.								
Inspect structures via manhole covers and inspection ports for structural damage or collapse.	Consult professional engineer.								

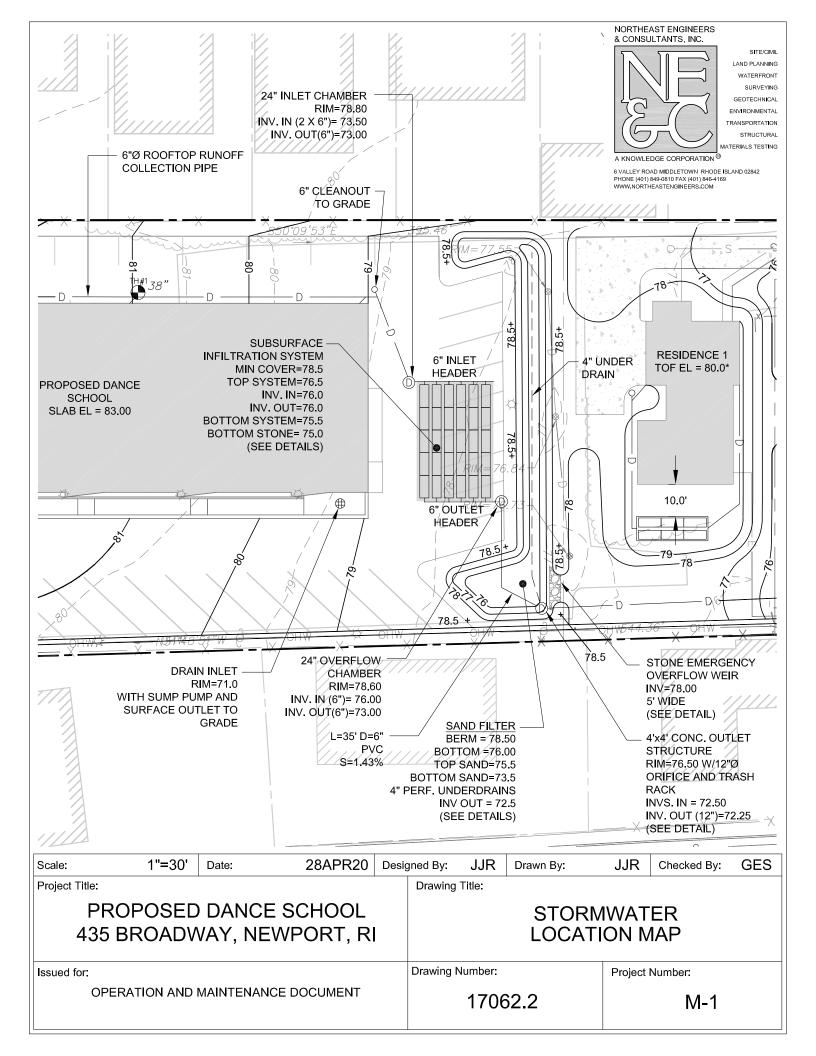
AFTER MAJOR STORM MAINTENANCE						
MAINTENANCE ITEM ACTION IF DEFICIENT COMMENTS						
Record drain down time and ensure complete drain down in 72 hours. (minimum once per year)	Consult professional engineer.					

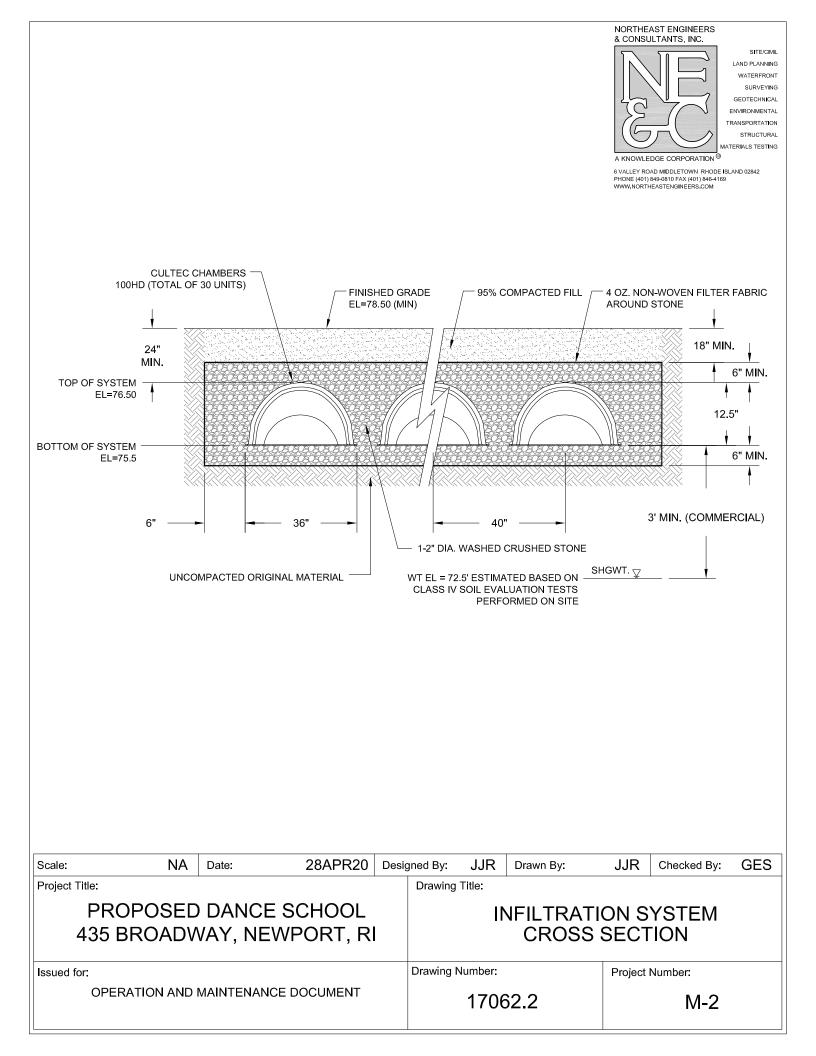
Additional Notes:

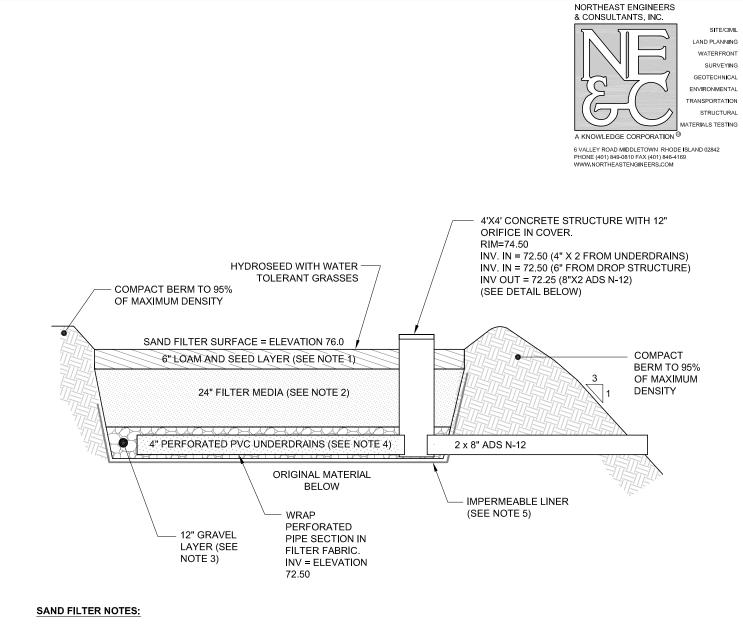


APPENDIX B

DRAWINGS







1. SAND FILTER SHALL BE PLANTED WITH NEW ENGLAND WETMIX (WETLAND SEED MIX) BY NEW ENGLAND WETLAND PLANTS, INC. OR APPROVED EQUAL.

2. SAND FILTER SAND TO BE CLEAN AASHTO M-6 OR ASTM C-33 CONCRETE SAND (0.02" TO 0.04"). SAND SUBSTITUTIONS SUCH AS DIABASE AND GRAYSTONE #10 ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE. NO CALCIUM CARBONATED OR DOLOMITIC SAND SUBSTITUTIONS ARE ACCEPTABLE. NO ROCK DUST CAN BE USED AS SAND.

3. UNDERDRAIN GRAVEL SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO M-43, 0.25" TO 0.75". MATERIAL MUST BE WASHED CLEAN GRAVEL.

4. UNDERDRAIN SHALL BE SCHEDULE 40 PVC PIPE CONFORMING TO ASTM D-1785 OR AASHTO M-278. PERFORATIONS SHALL BE 3/8" @ 6" ON CENTER. PIPE SHALL HAVE 3" OF GRAVEL OVER PIPE. PIPE TO BE WRAPPED IN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC CONFORMING TO FLOWRATE INDICATED IN NOTE 5.

5. IMPERMEABLE LINER MAY BE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: (A) MIN. OF 6 INCHES OF CLAYSOIL (MINIMUM 15% PASSING THE #200 SIEVE AND A MAXIMUM PERMEABILITY OF 1 X 10^-5 CM/SEC), (B) A 30 MIL POLY-LINER (C) BENTONITE

Scale:	NA	Date:	28APR20	Desig	gned By:	JJR	Drawn By:	JJR	Checked By:	GES
Project	Title:				Drawing	Title:				
PROPOSED DANCE SCHOOL 435 BROADWAY, NEWPORT, RI				I	SAND FILTER CROSS SECTION					
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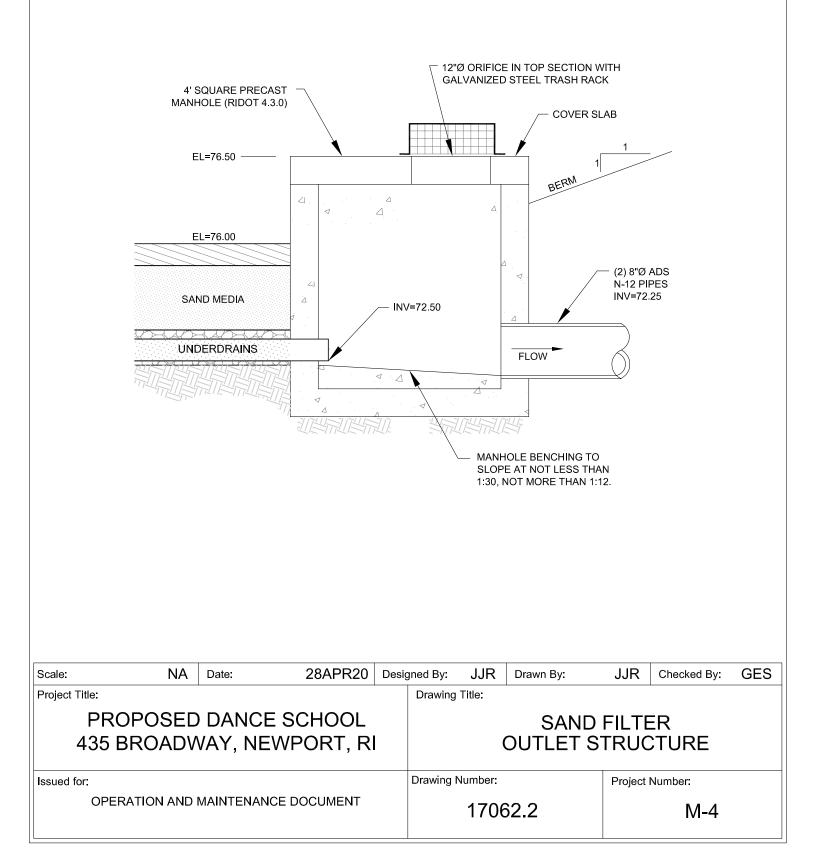
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ESTIMATED Sewer Flow Calculations Dance School and Residential Subdivision (former Tripplet School) Newport, Rhode Island

Projected Sewer Flow

The following calculation determines the estimated maximum hourly sewer flow for the residential portion of the development using the method provided in the International Plumbing Code (2015). The development consists of four (4) single family residences. Counts below are estimated based on typical architectural designs. These units will discharge flow to the sewer main in Brook Street Extension. The proposed school shall be connected to the sewer in Broadway.

<u>Fixture</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Water-Supply Fixture Unit</u> <u>Value (WSFU)</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Bathroom Group (private)	8	3.6	28.8		
Bathtub (private)	8	1.4	11.2		
Dishwasher	4	1.4	5.6		
Kitchen Sink	4	1.4	5.6		
Laundry (private)	4	1.4	5.6		
Water closet (private)	4	2.2	8.8		
		Total =	65.6	WSFU	

(Taken from Table E103.3 (2))

The maximum water demand (taken from Table E103.3 (3)) is approximately equal to:

65.6 WSFU = 33.5 gpm

Maximum Water Demand (MWD) = 33.5 gpm x 60 = 2,010 gallons per hour = 24,120 gpd (12-hour average schedule)

Average Day Water Demand (ADD_{os}) = MWD /2.5

ADD_{os} = 24,120 gpd /2.5 = 9,648 gpd

Average Day Water Demand (Annualized) (ADDos) = ADD = 9,648 gpd

Peak Day Water Demand = ADD X 1.6 = 9,648 X 1.6 = 15,437 gpd

Sewer Flow

The existing 8-inch sewer main in Brook Street Extension has the following capacity. The typical manning's roughness coefficient has been selected.

Q = 1.49 x A x R^(2/3) x S^(1/2) / n

Q = 1.49 x (0.35) x (0.479) x (0.171) / 0.014

Q = 3.05 cfs

The max peak hourly discharge flow is **0.0746 cfs** (33.5 gallons per minute). This is approximately **2.4%** of the existing sewer main capacity.

